



Bowls Manawatu Inc

&

Bowls New Zealand

REGULATIONS

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BOWLS

NEW ZEALAND
AOTEAROA

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LAWS OF THE SPORT

Status of Regulation

These Domestic Regulations (Regulation) are made in accordance with the World Bowls Laws of the Sport of Bowls. This Regulation applies to all domestic play in New Zealand which covers club, centre, regional and national competitions.

Bowls New Zealand (as a Member National Authority) are authorised to make Regulations on aspects of the sport. If there is no domestic regulation to cover a specific aspect of the sport, all games will be played in line with the Laws of the Sport of Bowls.

Commencement

This Regulation supersedes and replaces all previous Bowls New Zealand Laws of the Sport Regulations. It shall continue in force until such time as it is revoked by the Bowls New Zealand Board.

Definitions

The words and phrases used in this Regulation shall have the same meaning as defined in the Bowls New Zealand Constitution, unless otherwise specified in these Regulations. References to a Law in this Regulation refers to a law in the World Bowls Laws of the Sport of Bowls.

“Club Tournament” means a competition, tournament, or event for the game of bowls held by or under the auspices of a Club in which entry is limited to members of that Club. This may include graded events where players play in a position that has been classified by their Club.

“Laws of the Sport” means the World Bowls Laws of the Sport for Bowls.

“Open Tournament” means a competition, tournament, or event for the game of bowls which is open for entry to any member of any Club or Centre.

Substitute Players

Definition of a Substitute:

- 1.1 A player who is appointed to take the place of a team member who is unavailable to play at any time for any reason.

Original Team:

- 1.2 An Original Team comprises the players who are members of the team when the jack is delivered in the first end of the first game to be played by that team in a competition. The composition of the team may change up until this point and not be considered to have made a substitution.
- 1.3 In a pathway competition, the Original Team is the team members who started the first end in the first stage of the competition.

Pathway Competition:

- 1.4 Any competition where an Original Team commences play
- a) in a club level competition where the winner progresses to play in a centre level ‘Champion of Champions’ competition with the winner progressing to play in the National ‘Champion of Champions’ competition, or
 - b) at a centre level competition where the winner progresses to play in the National ‘Champion of Champions’ competition.
- 1.5 The progression of a team to the next pathway level is based on the team winning the prior level competition and therefore earning the right to contest the next level competition. Each pathway level competition has its own Controlling Body responsible for managing the provisions of this Regulation for their respective competition within the pathway.
- 1.6 A Pathway Competition is one continuous competition starting at either the club or centre level and finishing at the national level. Across all levels, multiple substitutes may be approved by the respective competition Controlling Body across the duration of the competition. However, the composition of any team must always be in line with the provisions outlined in this Regulation.

- 1.7 Bowls NZ retains the right to identify specific pathway competitions where the provisions of the Original Team requirement will be exempt to accommodate changes in team members before the start of each pathway competition. This exemption will be identified in the Conditions of Play of the competition.

Introducing a Substitute

- 2.1 For domestic play, a substitute is a player who is either temporarily or permanently replacing an absent team member during a game or competition.
- 2.2 The Controlling Body will decide on the eligibility of a substitute. For a Pathway Competition, this is the Controlling Body of the competition where the substitute is required. If no eligible substitute is available or the use of a substitute is not approved by the Controlling Body, Law 32.6 applies.
- 2.3 The following requirements apply for introducing a substitute:
- a) The substitute must play in any position other than Skip. The other members of the team can rearrange their positions as necessary.
 - b) A Substitute may be permitted into a team at any stage during a game or throughout a competition. Substitutes introduced after the game has commenced must play in the same position as the player being substituted, except if that position is Skip. In subsequent games in the same competition, the position of players may be rearranged, however a substitute must not play in the position of Skip.
 - c) A Fours Team may contain up to two substitutes at any time during a competition, alongside two members of the Original Team.
 - d) A Triples Team may contain one substitute at any time during a competition, alongside two members of the Original Team.
 - e) A Pairs Team may contain one substitute at any time during a competition, alongside one member of the Original Team.
 - f) A substitute is not permitted in any Singles game, except in a side game, where a substitute may be permitted. If a substitute in singles is required in a side game, the substitute must be a member of one of the teams in the side. Members of the side can re-arrange their positions as necessary.
 - g) If the player for which the substitute was replacing later becomes available, the player shall with the consent of the Controlling Body, rejoin the team in the same position as the player being replaced at the completion of any end. The team can only rearrange their positions at the completion of that game for subsequent games.
- 2.4 A substitute approved by the Controlling Body shall be:
- a) Of playing ability equal to, or less than, the absent team member, based on current playing ability, playing experience and record
 - b) A player who satisfies the eligibility requirements for team members in the Conditions of Play. Where it is not possible to satisfy the above requirements, the Controlling Body may appoint any suitable player to act as substitute.
- 2.5 The awarding of a trophy, financial reward, or other acknowledgement of winning a competition to a substitute in the winning team shall be the prerogative of the Controlling Body.
- 2.6 The team members of a team (including any substitute within the team) which wins a pathway level competition should be nominated and entered into the next pathway level competition.
- 2.7 Except where 1.7 (above) provides an exemption for a pathway competition, the players that were competing on the green when a stage of any pathway competition is won shall be the players that will make up the team that competes in the subsequent stage of the pathway competition.

Artificial devices for use during the game of bowls

Bowling Arms

- 1. For domestic play, the use of a Bowling Arm is approved for delivering the jack or a bowl.
- 2. A player may use any number of Bowling Arms during trial ends to assess suitability.
- 3. Whenever a player commences using a Bowling Arm in a game, the player must use it for the remainder of that game. This does not apply to the delivery of the jack, which can be delivered either by hand or by a Bowling Arm.

4. A player cannot alter or change the Bowling Arm during a game except in circumstances where the device is rendered unplayable. In this instance, the player may change to another bowling arm on approval by the Umpire or Controlling Body.

Wheelchairs (Manual)

5. The large and usually rear tyres (pneumatic or soft rubber wheels) must have a minimum width of 75mm. Tyres must be smooth or inverted tread.
6. The tyres for the small or front wheels must be at least 200mm x 75mm with a pneumatic or soft rubber tyre. Castors made of nylon or polyurethane can also be used for front wheels. The width of these should be a minimum of 75mm. It is a requirement that the edges, if sharp, be rounded off.
7. If there are any doubts about the tyre tread, tape or other material can be placed over the tyre to provide a smoother surface as a temporary or precautionary measure.
8. To further ensure there is no undue damage to the green, players should ensure a wide circle is taken when turning their chair on the green.
9. It is considered that the use of a motorised wheelchair would damage greens, both natural and artificial. All play on greens should be from a manual wheelchair. Any wheelchair player is permitted to have an assistant to assist with any mobility issues.

Scooters

10. Any large tyres (pneumatic or soft rubber) must have a minimum width of 75mm. Tyres must be smooth or inverted tread.
11. Any smaller wheels must be at least 200mm x 75mm with a pneumatic or soft rubber tyre.
12. If there are any doubts about the tyre tread, tape or other material can be placed over the tyre to provide a smoother surface as a temporary or precautionary measure.
13. To further ensure there is no undue damage to the green, players should ensure a wide circle is taken when turning their chair on the green.

Walking Frames

14. Walking frames can be used provided the frame does not cause damage to the green. To eliminate damage that may be caused to the green, the frame must comply with the following requirements:
 - a. Pneumatic wheels which are at least 75mm or wider wheels that are smooth and without tread.
 - b. If the frame has "feet", each one must have its own base covered with rubber or similar material. The base should measure at least 75mm across.
 - c. Players are not to sit on their frames while on the green unless each "foot" and wheel complies with these specifications.

Crutches or Walking Sticks

15. A player who has a physical disability will be allowed to use a crutch or walking stick. The support must have a base covered with rubber or similar material. This base must measure at least 75 mm across. The crutch or walking stick can be placed on or next to the mat.

String Lines

16. String lines are an accepted practice for centre line rink markings for vision impaired bowlers. The string line should be fixed to the end of the rink on the centre line.
17. The string line should be white and tightly affixed along the surface of the green.

Person Assisting a Vision Impaired Player

18. The sighted person assisting a vision impaired player will be referred to as the Director. The Director may give any assistance required to the player and assist with the strategy of play. The Director may stand in front of the mat while their player is in possession of the rink.

Other

19. Bowls New Zealand may consider approving other artificial devices for use on a case-by-case basis. A sample of the device should be submitted for practical assessment. Any additional approved artificial devices will be notified to all Centres once approval has been granted.

Greens (Natural and Artificial)

1. Bowls New Zealand will approve the type of synthetic surfaces to be used for domestic play. (see also Laws of the Sport)
2. Greens already in use at the time of implementation of this Regulation are approved for domestic play. (see also Laws of the Sport)

3. For domestic play, the minimum width of a rink shall be 3.6 metres and the maximum width shall be 5.8 metres. (see also Laws of the Sport)
4. Boundary Pegs (see also Laws of the Sport)
 - a. Boundary pegs already in use at the time of implementation of this Regulation are approved for domestic play.
 - b. The four corners of the rink must be marked by boundary pegs which shall be a minimum of 13mm and a maximum of 25mm wide.
 - c. The requirement for a thin black vertical line on boundary pegs shall not apply to pegs fixed on top of the bank.
5. Boundary threads will not be used for domestic play. (see also Laws of the Sport)

Re-testing and re-stamping bowls

1. All re-testing and re-stamping of bowls must be carried out by a World Bowls licensed tester.
2. A deposit of \$150 must be paid to the Umpire or Controlling Body by the person making a bowls challenge. The deposit to be paid when a challenge to bowls is lodged.
3. All sets of bowls used for domestic play shall bear a 1982 date or subsequent on the bowls stamp. (see also Laws of the Sport)

Types of measuring equipment for carrying out umpires' duties

1. Bowls New Zealand may approve measuring equipment for carrying out umpire's duties during domestic play in addition to the equipment listed the Laws of the Sport.
2. A sample of the measuring equipment and accompanying information can be submitted for practical assessment. Measuring equipment will only be approved if it is determined that it is effective and accurate for use during umpiring duties.
3. If measuring equipment is approved for carrying out umpire's duties, this will be notified to all Centres and Umpire Groups once approval has been granted.

Colours for footwear and the types of sole

1. Players, Umpires and Markers must wear flat-soled (heel-less) footwear when they play on the green or act as an Umpire or Marker. Soles may be of a non-slip material with a slightly abrasive surface.
2. Bowls New Zealand may grant dispensation to wear a particular type of footwear or no footwear based on medical grounds.
3. Footwear that damages the green will not be permitted. The person concerned will be asked by the Controlling Body to remove their shoes and replace them.
4. Bowls New Zealand will have the ability to approve footwear for use on greens. The player or manufacturer/supplier must submit a sample for approval. Once approved footwear will be notified to all Centres. The approval of footwear will be based on (but not limited to) the following aspects:
 - a. Contour of the sole
 - b. One piece sole
 - c. Channel depth
 - d. No raised heel
 - e. No attached heel
 - f. Rounded edges
 - g. Indented non-slip sole
 - h. No excessively pronounced ripples/obstructions

Colours and types of clothing, including bowling gloves

1. For club tournaments, clothing requirements shall be determined by the Club.
2. For any open tournament, players in Singles and members of a Team or Side must wear clothing of the same colour and design as determined by the Controlling Body. The Controlling Body may impose conditions relating to sponsor's logos.
3. Bowls New Zealand may approve clothing variations upon application from any Club or Centre for any specific event, game, Team or Side.

4. Bowling gloves are permitted and may be worn at any time.
5. All registered Umpires will wear clothing in the official colours as determined by Bowls New Zealand. Umpires are entitled to wear badges, flashes, and other uniform items, as approved by Bowls New Zealand.

Tournaments and Use of Greens

1. A Centre or Club shall not hold a qualifying competition for a National Event at the same time as the following competitions are being played:
 - a. New Zealand National Open Championships
 - b. Regional Playoff or National Final of any New Zealand Interclub or Intercentre competition.
2. A club shall not hold a qualifying competition for a national pathway event at the same time as a Centre competition, except if no players from that club are involved in that event.
3. Every Bowls New Zealand affiliated club shall allow Bowls New Zealand and/or its governing Centre the use of, and full access to, its bowling green(s) and amenities for the conducting of national and Centre tournaments and other fixtures held by or under the auspices of Bowls New Zealand or the relevant Centre on such days in the playing season as Bowls New Zealand or the Centre may require, following consultation with, and upon giving reasonable notice to, the Club concerned.

Use of Technology

1. The use of electronic devices (for example, mobile phones, tablets, and other devices) is permitted on the green under the following conditions:
 - a. If they are used by a player to either record or monitor the outcomes of their game;
 - b. They are not used for communication purposes; and
 - c. The use of the device does not interrupt or interfere with any other players or disrupts the flow of the game.
2. If the use of electronic devices does not meet these conditions, the Controlling Body or Umpire may ask the player to immediately stop using the device.
3. The Controlling Body for any tournament retains the right to make specific arrangements for the use of electronic devices in their Conditions of Play.

CODE OF CONDUCT

Purpose

The purpose of this Code is to ensure that all Participants participating in an Event are aware of the standard of conduct expected of them and the consequences of breaching that standard.

Commencement

This Code supersedes and replaces all previous Bowls New Zealand Codes of Conduct.

Definitions

For the purposes of this Code:

“Anti-Match Fixing Regulation” means the Bowls New Zealand Anti-Match Fixing Regulation, as amended from time to time.

“Bowls New Zealand Integrity Officer” means the Bowls New Zealand Chief Executive, unless the Board decides otherwise.

“Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director” means the director of an Event as appointed by Bowls New Zealand.

“Conditions of Play” means the playing conditions, eligibility, and other rules of the tournament under which an Event is to be played, as determined by the Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director in accordance with the Regulations.

“Event” means a bowls event held by, or under the auspices of, or administered by Bowls New Zealand and held at a Centre or Club venue as determined by Bowls New Zealand. Events may be held on an open, invitation, or limited entry basis. An Event shall be deemed to start at the commencement of the official opening, manager’s meeting or pre-event briefing immediately preceding the event (whichever is the earlier) and shall end at the conclusion of the official closing, prize giving or official Bowls New Zealand function for the event (whichever is the latter).

“Event Officials” means any individuals who are appointed by Bowls New Zealand, a Centre or Club to positions of responsibility at an Event including, but not limited to, volunteers, employees, officers, umpires, and the Tournament Director at which an Event is being held.

“Judicial Committee” has the meaning given to it in the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Regulation.

“Judicial Regulation” means the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Regulation as may be amended from time to time.

“Laws of the Sport” means the laws for playing the Game of Bowls as approved by World Bowls (including all domestic Regulations and the Conditions of Play).

“Match Fixing” means conduct defined as prohibited conduct in the Anti-Match Fixing Regulation including corruption, betting, misusing inside information and other offence.

“Misconduct” has the meaning given to it in the Bowls New Zealand Constitution and Judicial Regulation

“Participant” means any person who participates in an Event, including but not limited to players, coaches, managers who:

- are Members of Bowls New Zealand; or
- have acknowledged in writing that they are bound by this Code.

All other defined terms have the same meaning as defined in the Bowls New Zealand Constitution or the Bowls New Zealand Regulations.

Players Obligations

Sportsmanship

Participants must conduct themselves in a proper manner, including maintaining a high standard of personal conduct, so as not to bring themselves, Bowls New Zealand, a Centre, Club, or the game of Bowls into disrepute. Accordingly, all Participants will apply:

1. Best efforts: always playing to the best of their ability and to perform as part of a team (if relevant).

2. **Respect:** maintaining an attitude of respect and politeness towards their opponents and Event Officials.
3. **Integrity:** refraining from any conduct which might reflect on the integrity of an Event, Bowls New Zealand, a Centre, Club, or the game of Bowls generally.
4. **Discrimination:** refraining from any discriminatory practices (or making any discriminatory statements) based on age, gender, sex, race, religion, ethnic background, or special ability/disability bowlers.
5. **Misconduct:** refraining from engaging in Misconduct.

Laws

Participants must accept any ruling given by an Event Official during an Event (subject to any right of appeal given by these Regulations, Conditions of Play, and the Laws of the Sport) and strictly comply with:

1. the Bowls New Zealand Regulations (including the Bowls New Zealand Anti-Doping Regulation, Bowls New Zealand Anti-Match Fixing Regulation and Bowls New Zealand Judicial Regulation, as may be amended from time to time); and
2. the Laws of the Sport.

Media

Participants are entitled to make public statements or any other communication with the media (including via web-based social media e.g. Facebook, Twitter) in relation to their personal performance at an Event provided that Participants do not make, or endorse, any public statement in the media (including web-based social media) that has (or may have) a negative effect on the interests of any other Participants, Event Official(s), the Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director, Bowls New Zealand, a Centre, or a Club involved in an Event.

Late Withdrawal

Once the draw for an Event has been published players may only withdraw from the Event by providing the relevant Event Officials with evidence of a bona fide injury, illness, bereavement, or other exceptional circumstance.

Best efforts

A Participant must always use his/her best efforts to complete a game and must not default unless he/she is reasonably unable to play or complete a game.

Late Arrival

A Participant must not arrive late for a game, resulting in the default of the game, without providing Event Officials with evidence of an exceptional circumstance that prevented the Participant's attendance.

Default

A Participant must not default or withdraw from an Event in order to allow the Participant to compete in another Event (or other event) that is to occur on the same day.

Playing after withdrawal

A Participant must not compete in another Event after declaring themselves unavailable to compete in Event, unless otherwise agreed with Bowls New Zealand.

Obscenities

Participants must refrain from directing any words, signs or gestures towards any other Participants, Event Official(s) or the Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director that are understood in any language to have an obscene or offensive meaning.

Dress

Participants must present themselves for play in suitable sports clothing and must comply with any Bowls New Zealand Regulations and with all reasonable directions of Event Officials regarding dress standards while competing in an Event.

Match Fixing

Match Fixing by Participants at, or in connection with, National Events is prohibited as specified in the Anti-Match Fixing Regulation.

TRANSGENDER

Bowls New Zealand has developed a policy regarding transgender individuals, including those who are non-binary, in all aspects of the sport, such as players, employees, coaches, officials, volunteers, and spectators."

Bowls New Zealand will adopt and promote a zero-tolerance approach to transphobia. Transphobia includes discriminatory language or behaviour directed towards anyone who comes under the umbrella term of transgender. In addition, it may be towards a transgender person's friend or supporter, or anyone that may be perceived to be a transgender person (whether they are transgender or not).

The behaviour may include a reluctance or refusal to provide access to services to the same extent as that provided for a non-transgender person. Bowls New Zealand and its members will ensure that any unacceptable behaviour and language is tackled effectively, with appropriate sanctions, and / or educational programmes implemented to ensure compliance and the creation of a safe, inclusive and welcoming environment for transgender people.

The following points are considered good practice for all Bowls New Zealand and its members:

- Treat the individual with dignity and respect.
- Explain the Bowls New Zealand policy and procedure to the individual and ask their view on how to proceed. Provide contact details for the Bowls New Zealand contact.
- Respect the private and confidential nature of the individual's situation.
- Agree with the individual what information is to be shared with others and, if this is necessary, how this should be shared. In general, no information should be shared by the local official unless they have express permission from the transgender individual.
- Ask the individual what communal changing facilities they would prefer to use, as not every changing facility will have private cubicles. While many clubs may have older facilities, there are changes that can make them more inclusive. Consider updating signage to be gender-neutral, adding curtains or dividers for privacy in changing or providing single, self-contained bathrooms.
- Encourage the individual to feedback any inappropriate language or behaviour from other individuals so that it can be dealt with.
- Ensure a Code of Conduct is publicised indicating their zero-tolerance policy towards all bullying / harassment of people with protected characteristics.

Transgender people competing under the Bowls New Zealand banner

Bowls New Zealand and its members must not restrict the participation of a transgender person in competitive sport unless this is strictly necessary to uphold fair competition; any other restriction would amount to direct discrimination.

Bowls New Zealand and its members should treat a transgender person as belonging to the sex in which they present (as opposed to the biological sex they were born with)

Bowls New Zealand recognises that the World Bowls' position is appropriate for international competition.

For the time being, the designated point of contact at Bowls New Zealand for all enquiries relating to the participation of transgender people in Bowls is the High Performance Manager, who will liaise with the CEO.

Transgender people as Bowls New Zealand employees, volunteers, participants.

Any discrimination, unfair or unreasonable behaviour, or treatment will be taken seriously, and action taken in accordance with Bowls New Zealand Constitution and Regulations.

Glossary of Terms

Sex: A person's biological and physical makeup, defined usually as either 'male' or 'female'

Gender: The social and cultural construction of expectations, and behaviour that society associates with being a man or woman.

Gender Identity: A person's internal, deeply felt sense of being male or female (or wherever they find themselves on the gender continuum). A person's gender identity may or may not correspond with their sex.

Gender Expression: How someone expresses their sense of masculinity and / or femininity externally.

Transgender: A person whose gender identity differs from the sex they were assigned at birth. This term can also include but not limited to those who identify as male, female, both, non-binary, regardless of their biological or physical characteristics.

Transitioning: Steps taken by transgender people to live in their gender. These may include social, legal or medical aspects or simply be a personal and private decision.

WELFARE OF CHILDREN & VULNERABLE ADULTS

Safeguarding in bowls is based upon the concept of providing an enjoyable bowls environment tailored to the needs and requirements of Children and Vulnerable Adults.

Adults interacting with Children and Vulnerable Adults in sport are in a position of trust and influence. They should ensure that everyone is treated with integrity and respect and that the self-esteem of the person is enhanced. Everyone involved in delivering bowls, especially to Children and Vulnerable Adults, has a role to play in creating the best possible environment for them.

A policy decision has been taken at Bowls New Zealand to work to the highest standard of guidance and, as such, Bowls New Zealand has adopted this Welfare of Children and Vulnerable Adults Policy (Policy).

The Policy sets out Bowls New Zealand's commitment to providing a safe, positive and fun environment for children who play bowls and, at times where appropriate, offering them an opportunity to voice concerns and feedback which should feed directly into strategic plans or policy documentation. The Policy outlines Bowls New Zealand's principles on the protection and inclusion of children and vulnerable adults.

This Policy applies to all Staff and Board Members of Bowls New Zealand, Centres and Clubs.

Bowls New Zealand is obliged to Police Vet its Staff Members in accordance with this Policy. Bowls New Zealand also takes an active role in ensuring Centres are compliant with this Policy. Bowls New Zealand's role as an NSO is to offer guidance and support to Centres as required.

Centres are encouraged to Police Vet their staff members and volunteers in accordance with this Policy and ensure their district / sub-districts / associations / clubs comply with this Policy and the Guidelines.

Clubs are encouraged to ensure that their staff and volunteers are Police Vetted in accordance with this Policy.

Schools have their own safety checking policies and responsibilities under the Vulnerable Children Act 2014 (VCA). Schools may require people from clubs or centres to be 'safety checked' in accordance with the VCA when delivering bowls sessions for a school.

Police Vetting Process

Who needs to be police vetted?

Any staff member and / or volunteer who has regular or overnight contact with a vulnerable person must be Police Vetted. It is important to Police Vet coaches and assistant coaches, as a minimum, as they can build up a relationship of trust with children and / or vulnerable adults. Ideally, staff members and volunteers should be Police Vetted before they commence their roles for Bowls New Zealand, centres or clubs. Existing staff members and volunteers who fall within the above criteria also ought to be progressively Police Vetted. Staff members and volunteers can perform their roles whilst the Police Vetting process is in progress.

Who does not need to be police vetted?

Police vetting is not necessary for people who assist on an occasional basis (i.e. people who do not have regular or overnight contact with a child / children or a vulnerable adult).

Procedures for reporting and / or receiving a complaint

Bowls organisations which include young people among their members may be vulnerable to occurrences of child abuse. People involved with bowls are often in a position of trust and may notice or be made aware of instances of child abuse. The below process outlines Bowls New Zealand's procedures for dealing with this situation, should it arise. Associations and clubs are encouraged to also adopt these procedures.

The welfare of children and vulnerable adults is always the concern of all adults, irrespective of their role within Bowls New Zealand. Details of personnel appointed by Bowls New Zealand to oversee child protection and player welfare is available on Bowls New Zealand's website. The centres and clubs are also encouraged to make such details available on their websites.

It is not for anyone working in bowls in a paid or voluntary capacity, or those working in affiliated organisations, to take responsibility or decide if child abuse is taking place. However, there is a responsibility to protect children and vulnerable adults by assisting the appropriate agencies so that they can make enquiries and take any necessary action to protect the child or vulnerable adult.

Reporting Suspected Child Abuse

Bowls New Zealand appreciates that the appropriate method for reporting suspected child abuse may depend on the specific circumstances. However, as a rule, the following steps ought to be taken when reporting suspected child abuse to the Statutory Authorities:

- Observe and note dates, times, locations and contexts in which the incident occurred, or suspicion was aroused, together with any other relevant information.
- Where there are reasonable grounds for concern, report the matter as soon as possible to the Designated Person with responsibility for reporting abuse. If the Designated Person has reasonable grounds for believing that the child has been abused or is at risk of abuse, they will make a report to the Ministry for Children, Oranga Tamariki, to investigate and assess suspected or actual child abuse.
- In cases of emergency, for example, where a child appears to be at immediate and serious risk and / or the Designated Person is unable to contact a duty social worker, the Police should be contacted. Under no circumstances should a child be left in a dangerous situation pending intervention by the Statutory Authorities.

If the Designated Person is unsure whether reasonable grounds for concern exist, they can informally consult with the relevant Statutory Authority. They will be advised if the matter requires a formal report.

A Designated Person reporting suspected or actual child abuse to the Statutory Authorities should consider whether to first inform the family of their intention to make such a report. Bowls New Zealand does not recommend informing the family in circumstances where the parent or caregiver is the alleged perpetrator and / or where doing so may endanger the child, the Designated Person or others, or undermine an investigation.

In instances where the Designated Person finds that they do not have reasonable grounds for reporting a concern to the Statutory Authorities, the person who raised the concern should be given a clear statement by the Designated Person of the reasons why they are not acting. The person should be advised that if they remain concerned about the situation, they are free to consult with, or report to, the Statutory Authorities themselves.

The Designated Person should update the CEO or Chair of their organisation in relation to each report made to him or her and his or her decision in relation to each report (i.e. irrespective if it has or has not been reported to a Statutory Authority). The Designated Person may also consult with the CEO or Chair of their organisation if they are unsure about the appropriate action to take in any situation.

It is best to report child abuse concerns by making personal contact with relevant personnel in the Statutory Authorities and to then follow up in writing.

Section 15 of Children Young Persons and Their Families Act, 1989, states “Any person who believes that any child or young person has been, or is likely to be, harmed (whether physically, emotionally, or sexually), ill-treated, abused, neglected, or deprived may report the matter to a social worker or a constable.”

Section 16 of the Children Young Persons and Their Families Act, 1989, states that any person making a notification in good faith is protected from any civil, criminal or disciplinary proceedings in relation to that notification.

Reporting Suspected Abuse Against a Vulnerable Adult

Where the suspected abuse is against a vulnerable adult, the above process should still be referred to as a general guide. However, the relevant Statutory Authority to contact would be the Police.

Responding To a Child Disclosing Abuse

It is important that adults remain calm and confident when a child tells them what has been happening to him or her. Every child is different in how, when and where they will tell an adult about abusive experiences so it will most likely happen when the person is least expecting it. Facial expressions and tone of voice are as important as what is said to the child. When dealing with a child's disclosure, adults should take the following approach:

- Deal with allegation of abuse in a sensitive manner by listening to and facilitating the child to talk about the problem
- Stay calm
- Do not make any judgmental statement about the person against whom the allegation is being made
- Use non-specific questions such as "Can you explain what you mean by that?" / "How come?". Let the child tell the story in their own words
- Give the child a general indication of what will happen next, such as informing parents / guardians and the Ministry for Children, Oranga Tamariki
- If the child asks you to keep the information secret, inform him / her that you will keep the information as secret as possible, however, you may need to inform certain people to make sure that the child is kept safe.

Under no circumstances should a person attempt to investigate or deal with concerns regarding child abuse alone. The statutory responsibility to investigate allegations of child abuse rests with the Ministry for Children, Oranga Tamariki, and the Police. If a child makes a verbal disclosure to a Staff Member, it is important that the Staff Member takes what the child says seriously. This applies irrespective of the setting, or the Staff Member's own opinion on what the Child is saying. Where a disclosure is made by a Vulnerable Adult, the above process will still apply as a general guideline.

Allegations Against Others Within Bowls

It must be remembered that making a disclosure or a complaint against someone in a position of power and authority is always difficult. The person making the disclosure may reconsider and express a wish to retract their allegation. At the outset, it must be clearly communicated with the Child or adult that their concern is being taken seriously and will be responded to in accordance with this Policy.

Allegations, suspicions or complaints of abuse against Staff Members, Volunteers or representatives of other organisations must be taken seriously and reported to the Designated Person, who will deal with them immediately, sensitively and expediently within the procedures outlined in this policy. Concerns may be raised in several ways. For example: Directly, by staff hearing or observing issues of concern or behavior of concern, Direct disclosure by the child or vulnerable adult, Indirect disclosure e.g. through written or artwork or through friends, Complaint from a parent or caregiver or whanau member, Reports by other colleagues or agencies, As an anonymous report.

Allegations of abuse may be made some time after the event. For example, the allegation may come from an adult who was abused as a child by someone who is still currently working with children. In the event of historic concerns of abuse, this Policy should still be followed.

In all child protection cases, Bowls New Zealand will co-operate fully with both the Ministry for Children, Oranga Tamariki, and / or the Police in their investigations and assessments.

Use of Settlement Agreements

Bowls New Zealand does not support the use of 'settlement agreements' if they are contrary to the culture of child protection. Some 'settlement agreements' allow a Staff Member to agree to resign provided that no disciplinary action is taken, and a future reference is agreed. Where the conduct at issue concerns the safety or wellbeing of a child, the use of such agreements is contrary to a culture of child protection.

Where a person tenders his or her resignation, or ceases to provide their services, this shall not prevent an allegation of abuse against a Child being followed up in accordance with these procedures.

Steps To Be Taken Following a Complaint

Upon receiving a complaint, the safety of the Child / person making the allegations should be considered, alongside the safety of any other Children who may be at risk. All necessary steps must be taken to protect children and vulnerable adults within the care of bowls.

The issue of confidentiality is important. Information ought to only be disclosed on a 'need to know' basis and the person about whom the allegation is made should be treated with respect.

Once a complaint is received, the following procedure should generally be followed. However, Bowls New Zealand recognises that this process may be amended or departed from depending on the situation.

- Advice to be sought from local agencies such as the Ministry for Children, Oranga Tamariki, or the Police about any action necessary to protect the child who may be at risk. The Ministry for Children, Oranga Tamariki, may be contacted on 0508 326 459.
- If appropriate, the matter should be formally reported to the Ministry for Children, Oranga Tamariki, or the Police by the Designated Person.
- If the Police or Ministry for Children, Oranga Tamariki, decide to investigate the complaint:
 - i. If the alleged perpetrator is a Volunteer, Bowls New Zealand may require that person to cease their volunteer duties pending the outcome of the investigation. It should be made clear to the person that this is a precautionary measure pending the outcome of the investigation.
 - ii. If the alleged perpetrator is a contractor, Bowls New Zealand may require that person to cease their contractor duties (subject to the terms of their contract) pending the outcome of the investigation. It should be made clear to the person that this is a precautionary measure pending the outcome of the investigation.
 - iii. If the alleged perpetrator is an employee, Bowls New Zealand may consider suspending the employee as a precautionary measure (subject to the terms of that person's employment agreement and Bowls New Zealand's Disciplinary Policy).
 - iv. Bowls New Zealand may also consider the possibility of disciplinary action in relation to the employee's conduct.
- All persons involved in a child protection process (the child, their parents / guardians, the alleged offender, their family, management teams) should be afforded appropriate respect, fairness, support and confidentiality at all stages of the procedure.
- The fact that the alleged perpetrator has not been prosecuted or been found guilty does not necessarily mean that they are appropriate to work with young people in the future. Therefore, a risk assessment ought to be carried out before allowing the person to return to their duties as a Volunteer or Staff Member.

n.b. Where the complaint relates to a Vulnerable Adult, the agency who ought to be contacted in accordance with the above general procedure is the Police.

Confidentiality

To the extent possible in the circumstances, confidentiality should be maintained in respect of all issues and people involved in cases of suspected abuse, welfare issues or bad practice. It is important that the rights of both the Child or Vulnerable Adult, and the person about whom the complaint has been made, are protected.

- A guarantee of confidentiality or undertakings regarding secrecy cannot be given, as the welfare of the child will supersede all other considerations.
- All information should be treated in a careful and sensitive manner and should be discussed only with those who need to know (such as the relevant Statutory Authorities).
- Information should be conveyed in a sensitive manner to the parents / guardians of the Child or Vulnerable Adult about whom there are concerns. Where the complaint relates to the conduct of the

parents / guardians, the relevant Statutory Authorities may need to be consulted with before deciding who is the appropriate person to inform the parents / guardians of the complaint.

Anonymous Complaints

Anonymous complaints can be difficult to deal with but should not be ignored. In all cases, the safety and welfare of the Child / Children is paramount. Any such complaints relating to inappropriate behavior should be brought to the attention of the Designated Person. The information should be assessed and handled in a confidential manner.

Rumours

Rumours should not be allowed to hang in the air. Any rumours relating to inappropriate behavior should be raised with the Designated Person and further assessed without delay.

Glossary

People	
Child / Children	Means a person who – • is under the age of 18 years; and • is not married or in a civil union.
Designated Person	An identified person with responsibility for ensuring a culture of Child Protection, and that this Policy and the Guidelines are followed.
Staff Member	People paid to work for Bowls New Zealand, Centre's and clubs including employees and contractors, whether working on a full time, part time, casual, or temporary basis.
Volunteer	Means a person who performs work and: • does not expect to be rewarded for the work performed; and • receives no reward for the work performed.
Vulnerable Adult	An individual aged 18 years and above who is, or may be, unable to take care of themselves, or is unable to protect themselves against harm or exploitation by reason of age, illness, trauma or disability, or any other reason.
Terms	
Child Protection	This refers to the specific activity undertaken to protect children who are experiencing, or at risk of experiencing child abuse or neglect.
Contact	Contact is defined by physical contact, oral communication, whether in person or telephone, communication through any electronic medium including by way of writing or visual images.
Ministry for Children, Oranga Tamariki	The Statutory agency responsible for supporting any child in New Zealand whose wellbeing is at significant risk of harm, now, or in the future.
Police Vetting	The Police Vetting Service provides criminal history checks and other relevant information (such as active charges, charges that did not result in a conviction and interaction that the person has had with the Police).

	People who are eligible under the Criminal Records (Clean Slate) Act 2004 will not have their conviction history released unless an exception applies.
Regular or Overnight Contact	Regular or Overnight Contact means the person has contact (other than merely incidental contact) with a child or children: • overnight, or • at least once each week; or • on at least 4 days each month. It does not matter whether the regular contact is with the same or different child or children each time.
Statutory Authorities	The Ministry for Children, Oranga Tamariki, and the Police.
Forms of Inappropriate Behaviour / Abuse	
Bullying	Is unreasonable behaviour, repeated over time, which is deliberate and intended to humiliate, undermine or otherwise have a detrimental effect on the recipient(s) even though it may not be unlawful.
Emotional abuse	Is the persistent emotional ill treatment of a child such as to cause severe and persistent adverse effect on the child's emotional development. This may include a pattern of rejecting, degrading, ignoring, isolating, corrupting, exploiting or terrorising a child. It may also include age, or developmentally inappropriate or unrealistic expectations being imposed on children. It may also include the seeing, or hearing of, the ill treatment of others. Emotional abuse in bowls may include a child being subjected to constant criticism, name calling, sarcasm, bullying or unrealistic pressure to consistently perform to high expectations.
Intimate Partner / Family Violence	Is physical, emotional, sexual and other abuse by someone (usually, but not always, a man) of a person (usually, but not always, a woman) with whom they have, or have had, some form of intimate relationship, such as marriage or cohabitation, to maintain power and control over a person. It is important to be vigilant to any signs, particularly if children are being affected, and bring these to the attention of the Designated Person.
Neglect	Is the persistent failure to meet a child's basic physical and / or psychological needs, causing long-term serious harm to the child's health or development. It may also include neglect of a child's basic or emotional needs. Examples of neglect within bowls could be the failure to ensure a child is safe, exposure to undue cold, heat or risk of injury.
Physical abuse	Is an intentional act that results in physical harm. This includes, but is not limited to, beating, hitting, shaking, poisoning or otherwise causing physical harm to a child. Physical abuse also involves the fabrication or inducing of illness. Examples of physical abuse in bowls may include when the nature and intensity of training and competition exceeds the capacity of the

	child's immature and growing body, or where drugs are used to enhance performance
Sexual abuse	Sexual abuse involves forcing or enticing a child to take part in sexual activities (penetrative and non-penetrative) as well as non-contact acts such as involving children in the looking at or production of sexual images, sexual activities and sexual behaviours. Staff should be aware of their 'duty of care' which precludes developing a sexual relationship with, or grooming of, a child. A sexual relationship between an adult and a child will always be wrong, unequal and unacceptable (whether it is consensual or not). There are situations within all sports, including bowls, in which there is potential for sexual abuse to occur.

n.b. It is not for Bowls New Zealand (or its affiliated clubs / centres) to make findings about whether any of the above behaviour / abuse is occurring. However, the above definitions provide examples of the forms of behaviour to look out for, that could place children and / or vulnerable adults at risk. Hence, if any of the above behaviour is suspected, it ought to be reported in accordance with this Policy.

Breach of Code

Breach of Obligations

1. If an Event Official, player, coach, or other person entitled to do so under the Laws of the Sport, considers that a Participant may have breached any obligation under this Code, the Event Official shall refer the matter to the Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director who shall:
 - (a) where it is alleged to be Match Fixing, refer it to the Bowls New Zealand Integrity Officer for investigating in accordance with the Anti-Match Fixing Regulation;
 - (b) Where it is for any other matter:
 - i. dismiss the matter without a hearing if the Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director considers that the matter is frivolous or is brought for vexatious reasons; or
 - ii. refer the matter to the Judicial process in accordance with the Judicial Regulations and subject the right to natural justice (below), suspend the alleged offending player from the Event with immediate effect pending the determination of the Judicial process.

Right to Natural Justice

Prior to imposing a suspension, the Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director must inform the alleged offending Participant of the alleged breach of the Code and give the Participant the opportunity to provide their version of the events giving rise to the alleged breach.

ANTI-MATCH FIXING

Purpose (1&2)

1. Bowls New Zealand is committed to maintaining the fundamental character of sporting competition as an honest test of skill and ability and to prevent Match-Fixing from undermining the integrity of Bowls.
2. In this Regulation, Match-Fixing involves improperly taking any action to influence the overall result, or any part of, a Bowls Competition (as defined in this Regulation) for financial or other benefit; rather than solely for genuine medical or Sporting Tactical Reasons. It is usually associated with corrupt gambling practices such as placing Bets on arranged outcomes for financial return. However, Match-Fixing can also involve a range of associated activities. Match-Fixing activities prohibited under this Regulation are set out in the later clause (Prohibited Conduct).
3. The purpose of this Regulation is:
 - a. to protect and maintain the integrity of Bowls;
 - b. to protect Bowls against any efforts to improperly influence the result, or any aspect, of any Bowls Competition;
 - c. to establish uniform rules and a consistent scheme of enforcement and penalties
 - d. to generally align with the New Zealand Regulation on Sports Match-Fixing and Related Corruption developed by Sport New Zealand (Sport NZ) and in doing so, comply with the NZOC's Integrity Regulation and Sport NZ's investment requirements;
 - e. to capture Match-Fixing as an offence; and,
 - f. not intended to capture as an offence, a situation where a player or team deliberately loses, under performs or competes in a manner in which the player or team intends will help obtain a more favourable sports outcome, for example, a more favourable draw in a competition. This type of activity may be regarded as Misconduct, for example, where a Member deliberately loses or attempts to lose a Game of Bowls or plays unfairly (as defined in the Bowls New Zealand Constitution) or may be prohibited by other rules or regulations of Bowls New Zealand.
4. This Regulation establishes anti-Match-Fixing rules applicable to a Bowls Competition. A Bowls Competition means:
 - a. any National Event (as defined in the Bowls New Zealand Constitution) namely: "a bowls event held by, or under the auspices of, or administered by Bowls New Zealand (and held at a Centre or Club venue as determined by Bowls New Zealand)"; and,
 - b. any event, competition or tournament held at International Level (as defined in the Bowls New Zealand Constitution) namely: "means during, or in connection with, a Game of Bowls held between New Zealand and another country or region situated outside of New Zealand, or which involves individuals who are Appointed Personnel appointed by the Board, Officers appointed or elected in accordance with this Constitution, and/or National Representatives whether or not connected to a Game of Bowls."
5. At the end of this schedule is a flow-diagram of the key process steps of this Regulation. In brief, the enforcement process (not including processes of the New Zealand Police or other agencies) is as follows:
 - a. information is investigated by an Integrity Officer (a person designated by the NSO – which is Bowls New Zealand)
 - b. the Integrity Officer forwards their report and recommendation to an Integrity **Review** Officer (a person designated by the NSO – which is Bowls New Zealand) who considers the material, together with material received from the person investigated and then:
 - i. decides whether or not low-level offences have been committed and, if so, imposes a warning and reprimand only; or
 - ii. decides that no offences have been committed in which case the matter is at an end; or
 - iii. decides whether the Integrity Officer is required to refer serious matters to an Integrity Tribunal.

- c. the Integrity Tribunal (a panel appointed by the NSO – which is Bowls New Zealand) conducts hearings, makes decisions on matters referred to it and on any appeals against Integrity Review Officer decisions and imposes sanctions where appropriate.
- d. there are some rights to appeal decisions of the Integrity Review Officer and the Integrity Tribunal.

Commencement Date (3)

This Regulation supersedes and replaces all previous Bowls New Zealand Delegates Regulations. It shall continue in force until such time as it is revoked by the Bowls New Zealand Board.

Status of Regulation (4)

1. This Regulation is made by the Board and may be amended by the Board, provided that, as a minimum, this Regulation is aligned, to an extent satisfactory to Sport NZ, with the following requirements in Sport NZ's model NSO Anti-Match-Fixing and Sports Betting Policy:
 - a. the offences established in this Regulation;
 - b. the educational requirements established in this Regulation;
 - c. the sanctions associated with Prohibited Conduct listed in this Regulation;
 - d. including within the Relevant Persons identified in the attached Schedule 1, the minimum classes of persons as required Sport NZ's model NSO Anti-Match-Fixing and Sports Betting Regulation.
2. The Board may, in its sole discretion, delegate any or all of its powers under this Regulation, including, but not limited to, the power to adopt, apply, monitor and enforce this Regulation.
3. Conduct prohibited by this Regulation may also be a criminal offence and/or a breach of other applicable Bowls laws, rules or regulations. This Regulation is intended to supplement other laws, Bowls rules and regulations and does not replace, prejudice or undermine in any way the application of Bowls rules and regulations. People to whom this Regulation applies must comply with all applicable laws and regulations at all time.
4. Subject to clauses 5 and 6 (below), nothing in this Regulation, waives or limits the application of the Bowls New Zealand Constitution, or any other Regulations to any conduct which is not Prohibited Conduct but may be related to, arise out of, or be connected with conduct that is Prohibited Conduct, for example to play Bowls unfairly.
5. In the event that an allegation of Prohibited Conduct includes conduct which is also alleged to be Misconduct (under the Bowls New Zealand Constitution) and is referred to the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee:
 - a. the Integrity Tribunal shall decide whether or not it has jurisdiction to hear and decide the allegation of Prohibited Conduct; and if it decides that it does;
 - b. the Integrity Tribunal may, with the agreement of the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee, hear both allegations by way of a joint hearing with the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee, but the Integrity Tribunal and Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee shall each decide whether or not an offence has been committed and any sanction to be imposed in accordance with the respective applicable Constitution and/or regulations; or
 - c. the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee may adjourn the proceedings before it, until the conclusion of the proceedings before the Integrity Tribunal (including any appeals).
6. Nothing in this Regulation waives or limits the application of the World Bowls regulations in dealing with any conduct within its jurisdiction, including match fixing and betting. To the extent of any inconsistency between this Regulation and those of World Bowls, the latter shall apply.
7. In the event that an allegation of Prohibited Conduct is under the jurisdiction of World Bowls and the allegation is referred to the Disciplinary Committee of World Bowls, no proceedings (other than proceedings for a Provisional Suspension) shall be commenced before the Integrity Tribunal under this Regulation or the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee, until the conclusion of the proceedings before the World Bowls Disciplinary Committee (including any appeals).

Application of Regulation (5)

1. This Regulation applies to, and is binding on, all “Relevant Persons”, listed in this Regulation.
 2. By virtue of obligations arising in or through membership, employment or other agreement with Bowls New Zealand, Relevant Persons are bound by and are required to comply with this Regulation.
- To avoid any doubt, this Regulation does not apply to:
- a. persons who are not Relevant Persons;
 - b. persons who are Relevant Persons but do not have a membership, employment or agreement with Bowls New Zealand or a Club; or
 - c. persons who are Relevant Persons and who have a membership, employment or agreement with Bowls New Zealand or a Club, but such relationship does not include an obligation to comply with this Regulation.

Definitions (6)

The words and phrases used in this Regulation shall have the same meaning as defined in the Bowls New Zealand Constitution, unless specified otherwise in this Regulation.

The following words and phrases used in this Regulation shall mean as follows:

Attempt: Purposely engaging in an act(s) and/or omission(s) which are more than mere preparation, and which constitute a real and substantial step(s) towards the commission of an offence under this Regulation, whether or not an offence was actually committed or whether or not in the circumstances it was possible to commit an offence.

Benefit or Reward: Any direct and/or indirect monetary and/or non-monetary bribe(s), gain(s), benefit(s), gift(s) and/or advantage(s), including, without limitation, winnings and/or potential winnings as a result of a Bet(s). This does not include official prize money and/or legitimate contractual payments authorised by Bowls New Zealand for participating in Bowls Competitions, any services, sponsorship, endorsements and/or similar payments.

Bet: A bet, wager, or other form of financial speculation.

Betting: Making, accepting, or laying a Bet, including (without limitation) activities commonly referred to as sports betting, such as fixed and running odds, totalisator/toto games, live betting, betting exchanges, spread betting, and other games offered by sports betting operators.

Bowls: means the Game of Bowls.

Bowls Competition: has the meaning given to it in clause 2.4 of this Regulation.

Competition Under the Jurisdiction of, or Connected to, Bowls New Zealand: A Bowls Competition arranged, hosted or controlled by Bowls New Zealand, or in which any Relevant Person of Bowls New Zealand is participating, including any part of a Bowls Competition in which any Relevant Person is participating, whether any Relevant Person is participating in a particular part of the Bowls Competition or not. To avoid doubt, where a Bowls Competition is, for example, an international competition forming part of an international series of international events, all other games and events in that international competition are also covered by this Regulation (subject to the jurisdiction of World Bowls Regulations).

Court of Arbitration for Sport (CAS): The Court of Arbitration for Sport (CAS), which is the court established by the International Olympic Committee to resolve sports related disputes and which operates under the Code of Sports Related Arbitration.

Inside Information: Any information considered to be not available to or not known by the public relating to any Bowls Competition, team, player or any aspect connected with any of these, that a person has because of their position within Bowls New Zealand or connection to Bowls New Zealand. This could include, without limitation, such information as a Bowls team’s actual or likely membership composition, the fitness of individual players, or planned tactics.

Integrity Officer: A person or persons designated to act as an Integrity Officer of Bowls New Zealand.

Integrity Review Officer: A person designated to perform the role of Integrity Review Officer by Bowls New Zealand.

Integrity Tribunal: The Tribunal comprising persons who are appointed by the Board, (pursuant to the Bowls New Zealand Constitution) to sit on the Integrity Tribunal of Bowls New Zealand.

Match-Fixing: Improperly influencing or otherwise taking action which could cause the occurrence of a particular incident, outcome, result or anything else in a Bowls Competition, and for which any money, Benefit or Reward (including associated with a betting arrangement) is expected or received;

other than solely for genuine medical or Sporting Tactical Reasons. While often associated with corrupt gambling practices, such as placing bets on arranged outcomes for financial return, it can also involve a range of associated activities.

Notice of Charge: Document initiating offence proceedings to be heard by the Integrity Tribunal.

Parties: The Parties to offence proceedings which may include, as appropriate, the Relevant Person, the Integrity Officer and/or Bowls New Zealand officers and representatives of the Parties, if any.

This Regulation: This Anti-Match-Fixing Regulation of Bowls New Zealand.

Prohibited Conduct: Conduct which constitutes an offence under this Regulation as listed in this Regulation.

Provisional Suspension: An order made by the Integrity Tribunal, Sports Tribunal or CAS, which temporarily prohibits a Relevant Person from competing or participating in any Bowls Competition or other activities associated with Bowls New Zealand, as set out in this Regulation, until the Integrity Tribunal, Sports Tribunal or CAS, makes a final decision regarding whether the Relevant Person has committed the offence(s) alleged under this Regulation.

Relevant Persons: Those persons and/or categories of persons as defined from time to time by the Board and who are listed in this Regulation.

Respondent: A Relevant Person investigated under this Regulation.

Sporting Tactical Reasons: Reasons for action taken in a Bowls competition in situations which, are not intended to be captured as offences in this Regulation. Such situations include, for example, where a player or team deliberately loses, underperforms or plays in a manner which the player or team intends will help obtain a more favourable sports outcome, for example, a more favourable draw in a competition.

Sport New Zealand or Sport NZ: Sport and Recreation New Zealand, the crown entity established under the Sport and Recreation Act 2002.

Sports Tribunal: The Sports Tribunal of New Zealand, which is an independent statutory entity, as continued under the Sports Anti-Doping Act 2006.

Substantial Help: In the context of this Regulation, a Relevant Person provides Substantial Help if they:

fully disclose in a signed witness statement all information that they possess regarding offences under this Regulation, offences under other anti-Match-Fixing / anti-corruption regulations, offences relating to other professional rules and the commission of relevant criminal offences and cooperate with the investigation and adjudication of any case related to that information, including, for example, presenting testimony at a hearing if requested to do so by Bowls New Zealand or other relevant body. Further, the information provided must be credible and must comprise an important part of any case that is initiated or, if no case is initiated, must have provided a sufficient basis on which a case could have been brought.

Suspension: A sanction set out in this Regulation that may be imposed on a Relevant Person, who has committed an offence under this Regulation.

Table of Sanctions: The table set out in this Regulation.

Prohibited Conduct (7)

1. This Regulation prohibits a Relevant Person engaging in the conduct and activities listed in this Regulation. Any Relevant Person who engages directly or indirectly, alone or in conjunction with another or others in the listed conduct and activities commits an offence in breach of this Regulation and will be subject to sanctions.
2. **Corruption:** No Relevant Person shall:
 - a. fix, contrive, improperly influence or otherwise take action which could cause the occurrence of a particular incident, outcome, result or anything else in a Bowls Competition, and for which any money, Benefit or Reward (including associated with a Betting arrangement) is expected or received; other than solely for genuine medical or Sporting Tactical Reasons;
 - b. pay or accept, or seek or offer or agree to pay or accept, any bribe or other reward to fix, contrive, or otherwise improperly influence the occurrence of a particular incident, outcome, result or any other aspect in a Bowls Competition;

- c. fail, for any money, Benefit or Reward (including associated with a Betting arrangement), to perform as reasonably expected to their abilities in, or withdraw completely from, any Bowls Competition, other than solely for genuine medical or Sporting Tactical Reasons.
- 3. **Betting:** No Relevant Person shall Bet, gamble or enter into any other form of financial speculation on any Bowls Competition under the Jurisdiction of, or Connected to, Bowls New Zealand.
- 4. **Misusing Inside Information:** No Relevant Person shall:
 - a. use, or provide to any person, Inside Information where it might reasonably be expected the information could be used for Betting purposes;
 - b. pay or accept, or seek or offer or agree to pay or accept, any bribe or other Benefit or Reward for Inside Information;
 - c. to avoid doubt, this does not prevent the appropriate use or disclosure of Inside Information for genuine business or organisational purposes related to Bowls New Zealand such as: communications between Bowls New Zealand personnel for those purposes; necessary communications with other relevant sports sector personnel for those purposes; media interviews and other public commitments;
 - d. to avoid doubt, nothing in clause 4a. is intended to prohibit any such disclosure made within a personal relationship (such as to a member of the Relevant Person's family) where it is reasonable for the Relevant Person to expect that such information can be disclosed in confidence and without being subsequently used for Betting, and where the person who is told the information is also told it cannot be shared with another person.
- 5. **General Offences:** No Relevant Person shall:
 - a. receive, take an action with the expectation of receiving, or provide or offer to provide any Benefit or Reward (for example a gift) in circumstances that might reasonably give the impression that the Relevant Person is involved in, influenced by, or connected with any Prohibited Conduct;
 - b. tamper with, obstruct, delay and/or destroy any evidence, potential evidence, documentation and/or information which may be relevant to a breach (actual or potential), and/or an investigation, under this Regulation;
 - c. engage in any other form of corrupt conduct, regarding any Bowls Competition under the Jurisdiction of, or Connected to, Bowls New Zealand.
- 6. **Further offences relating to Prohibited Conduct:** No Relevant Person shall:
 - a. knowingly help with, cover up or otherwise be complicit in any Prohibited Conduct listed in this clause;
 - b. induce, instruct, encourage or facilitate anyone to engage in any Prohibited Conduct listed in this clause;
 - c. attempt to engage, or agree with any other person (whether a Relevant Person or not) to engage, in any Prohibited Conduct listed in this clause, whether or not such Attempt or agreement in fact resulted in the commission of an offence or breach under this Regulation or whether or not, in the circumstances, it was possible to commit such an offence or breach;
 - d. engage in any conduct relating directly or indirectly to any Prohibited Conduct listed in this clause, which is prejudicial to the interests of Bowls New Zealand or which brings the person engaging in the conduct, or Bowls New Zealand, into disrepute.
- 7. **Failure to disclose information or cooperate with investigations:** No Relevant Person shall:
 - a. fail to promptly disclose to Bowls New Zealand full details of facts and circumstances of which they are aware, including any acts, incidents, approaches, invitations or threats relating to themselves or any other person regarding any Prohibited Conduct;
 - b. fail to cooperate fully with any reasonable investigation carried out by Bowls New Zealand regarding any alleged breach of this Regulation, including providing any requested information.
- 8. **Circumstances not amounting to Prohibited Conduct:** To avoid doubt, none of the measures in this clause or otherwise specified in this Regulation prevent:
 - a. taking action solely for genuine medical or Sporting Tactical Reasons;
 - b. investment in, or financial support for, a team or player in accordance with legitimate commercial practices.

9. **Factors not relevant in determining whether an offence has been committed:** The following factors are not relevant in determining whether an offence has been committed or not under this Regulation (although they may be relevant to the appropriate sanction to be imposed):
- a. the Relevant Person was not participating in the Bowls Competition to which the offence is alleged to relate;
 - b. the nature or outcome of any Bets in issue;
 - c. the outcome of the Bowls Competition in question or of any aspect of it on which Bets were made;
 - d. whether or not any Benefit or Reward was actually given or received;
 - e. whether or not the Benefit or Reward was intended for, given to, expected by, or received by, the Relevant Person or another associated person, for example a family member, friend or someone the Relevant Person wishes to benefit;
 - f. whether or not any of the results in, or any aspect of, the Bowls Competition in question were (or could have expected to have been) affected by any act or omission in question.
10. **Other enforcement:** This clause does not prevent enforcement of any other rules or the referral of Prohibited Conduct to the New Zealand Police or other law enforcement agencies.

11. Criminal offences

Any information or reports on alleged Prohibited Conduct by a Relevant Person, or activity by anyone outside the sport, which the Integrity Officer or Integrity Review Officer considers may be a criminal offence, must be immediately referred, by the Integrity Officer, to the New Zealand Police (the Crime Regulation & Project Officer, National Criminal Investigations Group, Police National Headquarters, 180 Molesworth Street, P O Box 3017, Wellington, phone (04) 474 9499). The Integrity Officer must also inform the Chief Executive and Board and the Chief Executive Officer of Sport NZ of this report to the New Zealand Police.

Education (8)

1. Bowls New Zealand will use all reasonable efforts to ensure that education about this Regulation and its application to Bowls, is provided to all Relevant Persons to enable them to clearly understand Bowls New Zealand's requirements regarding Match-Fixing rules and to be aware of risk management strategies. Education about this Regulation will:
 - a. be made available and provided to all Relevant Persons, the Board and Bowls New Zealand management via the Bowls New Zealand website;
 - b. be made available via the Bowls New Zealand website to as wide a range of persons as feasible including players, coaches, support staff, administrative staff, umpires, other officials and player agents;
 - c. include the content of this Regulation and any other relevant information concerning Match-Fixing that Bowls New Zealand considers appropriate; and
 - d. be updated regularly.

Integrity Officer (9)

1. Bowls New Zealand must designate at least one Integrity Officer who will be responsible for matters relating to overseeing Bowls New Zealand's anti-Match-Fixing measures, including performing functions and duties set out in this Regulation.
2. The Integrity Officer will be the Chief Executive unless the Board decides otherwise.

Integrity Review Officer (10)

1. An Integrity Review Officer designated by Bowls New Zealand will be responsible for functions set out in this Regulation, including reviewing and making decisions regarding material, reports, decisions, recommendations and submissions received from an Integrity Officer and/or a Relevant Person.
2. The Integrity Review Officer role and process is set out in the Appendices.

Integrity Tribunal (11)

1. In accordance with its powers under the Constitution, the Board shall from time to time appoint persons with appropriate skills and experience to sit on the Bowls New Zealand Integrity Tribunal

- to consider allegations referred to it pursuant to this Regulation. Integrity Tribunal members will be appointed for such time and such purposes as the Board thinks fit.
2. The Board will appoint one of the Integrity Tribunal members as Chairperson.
 3. Matters referred to the Integrity Tribunal shall be heard and decided in accordance with the Disciplinary Procedure and Process set out in the Appendices.

Burden and Standard of Proof (12)

1. The Integrity Officer has the burden of establishing that an offence under this Regulation has been committed and/or that a Provisional Suspension is appropriate.
2. In offences determined by the Integrity Review Officer and in matters being heard by the Integrity Tribunal, the standard of proof required is that the Integrity Review Officer or Integrity Tribunal is *comfortably satisfied*. This standard of proof is greater than a balance of probability but less than proof beyond a reasonable doubt.
3. A Relevant Person found to have committed an offence is, in regard to some offences, eligible for the “Lower range of sanctions” as recorded in the Table of Sanctions but only if the Relevant Person establishes, on the balance of probability, the mitigating factor set out in this Regulation.

Reporting Process (13)

1. It is fundamental to the operation of this Regulation that Relevant Persons or any other person associated with Bowls New Zealand, report a suspected Match-Fixing breach to Bowls New Zealand as soon as practicable.
2. Except as required below, a Relevant Person must promptly report to the Integrity Officer or ensure a report is made to the Integrity Officer of, any acts, incidents, approaches, invitations or threats relating to them or any other person regarding any Prohibited Conduct. This includes reporting that:
 - a. the Relevant Person is interviewed as a suspect, charged, or arrested by the New Zealand Police regarding conduct that would amount to an allegation of Prohibited Conduct under this Regulation;
 - b. the Relevant Person is approached by another person to engage in conduct that is Prohibited Conduct;
 - c. the Relevant Person knows or reasonably suspects that another person has engaged in conduct, or been approached to engage in conduct, that is Prohibited Conduct;
 - d. the Relevant Person has received, or is aware or reasonably suspects that another person has received, actual or implied threats of any nature regarding past or proposed conduct that is Prohibited Conduct;
 - e. the Relevant Person is aware or reasonably suspects that there is deliberate avoidance in Bowls New Zealand of acknowledging and acting on any Prohibited Conduct, in which case the report must be made to the Chief Executive Officer of Sport New Zealand.
3. If a Relevant Person wishes to report the Integrity Officer for involvement in conduct that is Prohibited Conduct under this Regulation, then the Relevant Person must report the conduct to the Chair of the Board.
4. If the Relevant Person wishes to report the Chief Executive (who is also the Integrity Officer) and the Chair of the Board, then the Relevant Person must report the conduct to the Chief Executive Officer of Sport NZ.
5. Where a Relevant Person makes a report to the Chief Executive, Chair of the Board, or Chief Executive Officer of Sport NZ as above, those persons to whom the report was made may refer the report to another Integrity Officer designated by Bowls New Zealand. Where there is not another Integrity Officer, then the Chief Executive, Chair of the Board, or Chief Executive Officer of Sport NZ may designate another person to fill that role. If the report relates to 2e, the Chief Executive Officer of Sport NZ will determine how to deal with the report and may, but is not required to, refer the report to an Integrity Officer.
6. A report by a Relevant Person may be made verbally or in writing. However, the Integrity Officer (or Chief Executive or the Chair of the Board) must record the report in writing in a Match-Fixing incidents register within 48 hours of receiving it, and promptly forward a copy of that written record to:
 - a. the Chief Executive where the notification was made to the Integrity Officer;

- b. the Chair of the Board, where the notification was made to the Chief Executive;
 - c. the Chief Executive of Sport NZ, where the notification was made to the Chair of the Board.
- 7. Any report by a Relevant Person and any record of it under this clause will be dealt with confidentially by Bowls New Zealand unless disclosure is otherwise required or permitted under this Regulation, by law, or if the allegation of the Prohibited Conduct has already been made public by the Relevant Person who made the report and Bowls New Zealand considers that, in the circumstances, the reasons for disclosure outweigh the reasons for non-disclosure.
- 8. In particular, the Integrity Officer must use their best endeavours not to disclose information that might identify the Relevant Person who has made the report unless:
 - a. the Relevant Person consents in writing to the disclosure of that identifying information; or
 - b. the Integrity Officer reasonably believes that disclosure of identifying information:
 - i. is essential to enable an effective investigation; or
 - ii. is essential to prevent serious risk of harm to any person; or
 - iii. is essential having regard to the principles of natural justice.
- 9. A Relevant Person must not, by reason of having made a report about another person under this Regulation, be subject to retaliatory action by Bowls New Zealand, and if a Bowls New Zealand employee, must not be disadvantaged in their employment.
- 10. Subject to law, the protections in clause 9 will not apply where an investigation establishes that the person has intentionally made a false report, or made their report in bad faith.
- 11. A Relevant Person has a continuing obligation to report any new knowledge or suspicion regarding any conduct that may amount to Prohibited Conduct, even if the Relevant Person's prior knowledge or suspicion has already been reported.

Investigation (14)

1. Responsibilities of Integrity Officer:

- a. The Integrity Officer is responsible for investigating any alleged breach of this Regulation. Subject to the Reporting Process clauses, any allegation or suspicion of a breach of this Regulation, whatever the source, shall be referred to the Integrity Officer.
- b. Following receipt of a report or other information, the Integrity Officer must do one of the following:
 - i. refer to the New Zealand Police (the Crime Regulation & Project Officer, National Criminal Investigations Group, Police National Headquarters, 180 Molesworth Street, P O Box 3017, Wellington, phone (04) 474 9499), any report or information involving conduct which may be a criminal offence, inform the Chief Executive and Board and the Chief Executive Officer of Sport NZ of this referral and if considered appropriate, after taking into account any advice as to the next steps from the New Zealand Police, decide to investigate; or
 - ii. decide not to investigate (for example, but not limited to, where the report or information is frivolous or where the conduct complained of would not amount to a breach of this Regulation or any relevant law); or
 - iii. decide to investigate.
- c. If the Integrity Officer decides not to investigate, the Integrity Officer must provide a written report of the conduct complained of, the decision and reasons for the decision to the Integrity Review Officer and, apart from reporting under the Reporting Process clause, no further action need be taken by the Integrity Officer unless the Integrity Review Officer decides otherwise.

2. Investigation by Integrity Officer

- a. The Integrity Officer must investigate the activities of any Relevant Person who the Integrity Officer believes may have committed a breach of this Regulation or where the Integrity Review Officer decides that the Integrity Officer must investigate.
- b. Investigations may be conducted in conjunction with, and information obtained in investigations may be shared with World Bowls and/or other national Bowls organisations internationally, Sport New Zealand and/or other relevant authorities (including criminal

justice, administrative, professional and/or judicial authorities) but subject to any applicable laws in New Zealand.

- c. The Integrity Officer may collect information relevant to the investigation. The collection of information will be subject to the privacy policies (if any) of Bowls New Zealand and to applicable New Zealand law (such as the Privacy Act 1993). The Integrity Officer may:
 - i. only access personal information to which consent has been provided under this Regulation (and any applicable privacy Regulation) or is otherwise able to be lawfully collected under applicable legislation;
 - ii. make a request of the Relevant Person to provide any other information;
 - iii. request the Relevant Person to make a written statement setting out in detail all of the facts and circumstances of which the Relevant Person is aware regarding the alleged breach.
 - d. Nothing in this Regulation shall require a Relevant Person to surrender any rights under New Zealand law or in any applicable agreement between Bowls New Zealand and the Relevant Person that they have not otherwise agreed to surrender pursuant to this Regulation.
 - e. Any Integrity Officer investigation must be undertaken in accordance with any relevant provisions in any applicable agreement between Bowls New Zealand and the Relevant Person. In particular, the Integrity Officer will:
 - i. provide the Relevant Person with information in their possession relevant to the investigation, subject to any applicable legal obligations;
 - ii. allow the Relevant Person an appropriate opportunity to consider and respond to that information.
 - f. Subject to the Reporting Process clauses, Relevant Persons shall cooperate fully with, and shall provide all reasonable help to, the Integrity Officer in any investigation. A failure to cooperate may, depending on the circumstances, constitute an offence under this Regulation.
 - g. As overriding principles:
 - i. if at any time during an investigation the Integrity Officer becomes aware of any matter which may constitute criminal wrongdoing, the Integrity Officer must immediately refer any relevant information to the New Zealand Police (the Crime Regulation & Project Officer, National Criminal Investigations Group, Police National Headquarters, 180 Molesworth Street, P O Box 3017, Wellington, phone (04) 474 9499) and take direction from that agency about the way in which the Integrity Officer should continue to proceed;
 - ii. provided always that the Integrity Officer must comply with all relevant obligations under this Regulation, any investigation must be concluded promptly and efficiently.
- 3. Completion of Investigation/Submissions to Integrity Review Officer**
- a. Following completion of the investigation, the Integrity Officer must provide all relevant material obtained in the investigation, the Integrity Officer's written report of the investigation and recommendations as to how the complaint shall be dealt with, to the Integrity Review Officer and to the Relevant Person who is being investigated (the Respondent).
 - b. Not later than 14 days after receipt of the material, report and recommendations from the Integrity Officer, the Respondent may provide to both the Integrity Officer and to the Integrity Review Officer any additional material that they believe is relevant and their written submission regarding the complaint.

Integrity Review Officer (IRO) Role and Process / Appeal Against Decision of IRO (15)

1. Integrity Review Officer Decision

The Integrity Review Officer must, as set out in the Appendices, review and make decisions regarding material submitted to the Integrity Review Officer.

2. Appeal against Integrity Review Officer Decision

- a. The Respondent (Relevant Person investigated) has a right of appeal against a decision of the Integrity Review Officer that an offence under this Regulation has been established for which a sanction of a warning and reprimand only is imposed.

- b. Any appeals shall be heard by the Integrity Tribunal as a full hearing, where the Integrity Tribunal will hear all the evidence and make its own decision.
- c. Further provisions in relation to the appeal and the appeal process are set out in the Appendices.
- d. To avoid doubt, the Integrity Officer/ Bowls New Zealand does not have a right of appeal against a decision of the Integrity Review Officer.

When Integrity Officer Must Refer Matter to Integrity Tribunal (16)

1. Integrity Officer must refer the matter to the Integrity Tribunal:

Where the Integrity Review Officer has notified the Integrity Officer that:

- a. there is sufficient evidence supporting that a Relevant Person has committed a corruption offence as listed in the Corruption clause or an offence under the Further Offences clause relating to Prohibited Conduct; or
- b. there is sufficient evidence supporting that a Relevant Person has committed a non-corruption offence under the above clauses and the offending is serious enough to warrant a sanction other than a warning and reprimand only;

the Integrity Officer must refer the matter to the Integrity Tribunal as set out below.

- c. The Integrity Officer shall send to the Integrity Tribunal and Relevant Person alleged to have committed an offence, written notice ("the Notice of Charge") of the following:
 - that the Relevant Person is alleged to have committed an offence, and has a case to answer;
 - the specific offence(s) that the Relevant Person is alleged to have committed;
 - details of the alleged acts and/or omissions relied upon in supporting the allegation that the Relevant Person has committed an offence(s);
 - the range of sanctions applicable under this Regulation if it is established that the Relevant Person has committed the alleged offence(s);
 - in the case of an alleged offence other than a corruption offence clause or a further offence clause relating to Prohibited Conduct, that the Integrity Review Officer considers that the level of offending is serious enough to justify a sanction other than a warning and reprimand only
 - information concerning the Relevant Person's rights and the procedure for the Relevant Person to respond to the Notice of Charge (as set out in the Appendices).

2. Application for Provisional Suspension

- a. Where the Integrity Officer files a Notice of Charge against a Relevant Person with the Integrity Tribunal, the Integrity Officer may at the same time, or at a later date, and must, if required to do so by the Integrity Review Officer, also apply to the Integrity Tribunal for the Provisional Suspension of the Relevant Person until the Integrity Tribunal is able to determine the matter.
- b. Where the Integrity Officer applies for Provisional Suspension, they must copy the Provisional Suspension application to the Relevant Person and those persons referred to in the Appendices (as applicable).

Disciplinary Procedure and Process – Integrity Tribunal (17)

1. Matters referred to the Integrity Tribunal by the Integrity Officer or on appeal of a decision of the Integrity Review Officer shall be heard and decided in accordance with the Disciplinary Procedure and Process set out in Appendix C.

Sanctions (18)

1. Sanction of a warning and reprimand imposed by the Integrity Review Officer

- a. Where the Integrity Review Officer imposes a sanction under the Appendices, it must be a sanction of a warning and reprimand only.

2. Sanction imposed by Integrity Tribunal

- a. Where in relation to matters referred to the Integrity Tribunal:
 - the Relevant Person admits they have committed the offence(s); or

- the Integrity Tribunal determines a Relevant Person has committed the offence(s);
 - the Integrity Tribunal must impose an appropriate sanction on the Relevant Person for the particular offence(s) from the column headed “Range of Sanctions for Each Offence” in the Table of Sanctions; and
 - the Integrity Tribunal may, in its discretion, but is not required to, impose additional sanctions from the column headed “Additional Sanctions the Integrity Tribunal may Impose” in the Table of Sanctions;
- b. To determine the appropriate sanction applicable in each case, the Integrity Tribunal must first determine the relative seriousness of the offending;
 - c. In determining the relative seriousness of the offending, the Integrity Tribunal shall take into account aggravating and mitigating factors and shall identify which (if any) of those factors apply in this case;
 - d. The Integrity Tribunal shall detail the effect of the relevant aggravating and mitigating factors on the final sanction in its written decision;
 - e. The “Lower range of sanctions” in the Table of Sanctions apply only if the requirements of the Burden and Standard of Proof clauses are satisfied. To avoid doubt, the mitigating factors referred to in the Burden and Standard of Proof clauses may be raised as mitigating factors but cannot be used to access the “Lower range of sanctions” unless the Burden and Standard of Proof clauses are satisfied.

3. Aggravating Factors

- a. In determining the relative seriousness of the offending in each case, the Integrity Review Officer or the Integrity Tribunal shall identify and take into account which, if any, of the following aggravating factors apply:
 - the Relevant Person has a high degree of fault in relation to the offence(s);
 - a lack or low level of genuine remorse on the part of the Relevant Person;
 - the Relevant Person has previously been found guilty of an offence under this Regulation or any predecessor of this Regulation;
 - the Relevant Person has previously been found guilty of any Match-Fixing or similar offences and/or breaches under any laws, policies or regulations of any other body;
 - the amount of any Benefit, or Reward, directly or indirectly received by the Relevant Person as a result of the offence(s), is substantial and/or where the sums of money otherwise involved in the offence(s) are substantial;
 - the offence substantially damaged (or had the potential to damage substantially) the reputation of, the commercial value of and/or public interest in the relevant Bowls Competition(s);
 - the offence affected (or had the potential to affect) the result of the relevant Bowls Competition(s);
 - the welfare of any other person has been endangered as a result of the offence;
 - the offence involved the Relevant Person recruiting, involving or using, or acting with more than one Relevant Person or other persons;
 - the Relevant Person has not fully co-operated with any investigation and/or the process (regardless of whether this may amount to a separate offence under this Regulation);
 - any other aggravating factor(s) that the Integrity Review Officer or Integrity Tribunal considers relevant and appropriate.

4. Mitigating Factors

- a. In determining the relative seriousness of the offending in each case, the Integrity Review Officer or Integrity Tribunal shall identify, and take into account, which, if any, of the following mitigating factors apply:
 - i. the Relevant Person has a low degree of fault regarding the offence(s);
 - ii. the Relevant Person has fully co-operated with any investigation and/or the associated process;
 - iii. an admission of guilt and/or genuine remorse by the Relevant Person (the mitigating value of which may depend on its timing);
 - iv. the youth and/or lack of experience of the Relevant Person;

- v. the offence did not substantially damage (or did not have the potential to substantially damage) the reputation of, commercial value of and/or public interest in the relevant Bowls Competition(s);
- vi. the offence did not affect (or did not have the potential to affect) the result of the relevant Bowls Competition(s);
- vii. the Relevant Person provides Substantial Help to any of the following:
 - the Integrity Officer;
 - Bowls New Zealand;
 - another Bowls national federation;
 - World Bowls;
 - a law enforcement agency;
 - a professional disciplinary body;
 that results in any of the following:
 - the discovery or establishment of an offence under this Regulation committed by another Relevant Person;
 - the discovery or establishment of an anti-Match-Fixing or other anti-corruption offence under the laws, rules, regulations or policies of another Bowls organisation or World Bowls committed by another Relevant Person or other third party;
 - the discovery or establishment of a potential or actual criminal offence or the potential or actual breach of professional rules committed by another Relevant Person or a third party;
- viii. the Relevant Person has already suffered penalties under other laws and/or regulations for the same offence;
- ix. the Relevant Person has received no benefit;
- x. the diminished mental capacity of the Relevant Person;
- xi. the Relevant Person has been publicly identified prior to an offence being determined, whether by lack of due care by Bowls New Zealand or another reason;
- xii. regarding an Attempt or an agreement which is a further offence, the Relevant Person ceases and/or rejects the Attempt or agreement prior to it being discovered by a third party not involved in the Attempt or agreement;
- xiii. the alleged offence was committed (and/or that it was not reported to Bowls New Zealand) due to the Relevant Person's honest and reasonable belief that there was a serious and imminent threat to their life or safety or to the life or safety of any other person;
- xiv. any other mitigating factor(s) that the Integrity Review Officer or Integrity Tribunal considers relevant and appropriate.

TABLE OF SANCTIONS

Offence	Range of Sanctions for Each Offence	Additional Sanctions the Integrity Tribunal may impose
Corruption:	Minimum: Two (2) years suspension Maximum: Lifetime suspension Lower range of sanctions: from a warning and reprimand up to a maximum of two (2) years suspension.	AND IN ALL CASES: The Integrity Tribunal shall have the discretion to additionally impose: (a) a fine on the Relevant Person up to a maximum of the value of any Benefit or Reward received by the Relevant Person directly or indirectly, out of, or in relation to, the offence committed under this Regulation – paid to Bowls New Zealand or other recipient as determined by the Integrity Tribunal; and/or (b) appropriate further options including without limitation the cancellation of sports results / competitions, demotion, points reduction, return of Benefits or Rewards, replay of fixtures (for example in cases of match official corruption) where risk of fraud has been established or identified, withdrawal of accreditation, exclusion from Match venues and/or official player environs, as appropriate; and/or (c) an order that the Relevant Person pay an amount of costs to Bowls New Zealand
Betting:	Minimum: Warning and reprimand Maximum: Two (2) years suspension	
Misusing Inside Information:	Minimum: Warning and reprimand Maximum: Five (5) years suspension	
General Offences:	Minimum: Warning and reprimand Maximum: Five (5) years suspension	
Further Offences Relating to Prohibited Conduct	The sanctions range will be the same as set out in this table for the particular relevant primary offence. Lower range of sanctions: from a warning and reprimand up to a maximum of two (2) years suspension	
Failure to Disclose or Cooperate:	Minimum: Warning and reprimand Maximum: Two (2) years suspension	

5. Further Provisions regarding Sanctions

To avoid doubt:

- The Integrity Tribunal may suspend any sanction for a period of time. The Integrity Tribunal may also stipulate any conditions to relate to the suspended sanction.
- Where a Relevant Person is found guilty of committing two breaches under this Regulation relating to the same incident or set of facts and sanctioned separately, then any sanctions imposed should run concurrently (and not cumulatively).
- Where a fine and/or costs award is imposed against a Relevant Person, then such fine or costs award must be paid within a reasonable time period specified by the Integrity Tribunal. Bowls New Zealand will consider any request from the Relevant Person, on the grounds of hardship, to make the payment of any fine and/or costs award imposed over a period of time, which may involve instalment payments.
- If a fine or costs award (or agreed part payment or instalment of) is not paid by the date set down by the Integrity Tribunal, or within such deadline or by the time of the next agreed payment date then, unless Bowls New Zealand agrees otherwise, the Relevant Person will be suspended until such payment or part payment is made. Bowls New Zealand may also seek to recover the fine by recovery/enforcement action.
- Any Suspension imposed on a Relevant Person starts on the date that the decision imposing the Suspension is issued:

- provided any period of Provisional Suspension served by the Relevant Person shall be credited against the total period of Suspension to be served; or
 - unless otherwise indicated in the written decision.
- f. A Relevant Person who is suspended is prohibited, during the period of Suspension, from playing, training as part of a team or a squad, officiating, coaching, selecting, administering and/or otherwise participating or being involved in any capacity in any Bowls Competition, function or other activity (other than authorised anti-corruption education or rehabilitation programmes) that is authorised, organised, sanctioned, recognised or supported in any way by Bowls New Zealand or any Club.
 - g. World Bowls, other international sporting federations, national Bowls organisations in other jurisdictions, other New Zealand-based national sport organisations, or national sport organisations of other sports in other international jurisdictions, will be entitled to give effect to and enforce the above Suspension in their respective jurisdictions regarding other sports, as if the Suspension related to that sport.
 - h. A Relevant Person who is subject to a Suspension shall remain subject to this Regulation during the Suspension period. If the Relevant Person is alleged to have committed an offence under this Regulation during that period, this shall be treated as a separate matter, and separate proceedings will be brought, under this Regulation.
 - i. Once any period of Suspension has expired, the Relevant Person will automatically become re-eligible to participate fully again in games, competitions, tournaments, functions or activities authorised, organised, sanctioned, recognised or supported in any way by Bowls New Zealand or member organisations of Bowls New Zealand provided that the Relevant Person has:
 - completed a Bowls New Zealand approved anti-Match-Fixing or other anti-corruption programme to the reasonable satisfaction of the Integrity Officer;
 - satisfied in full, any fine and/or costs award made against the Relevant Person regarding an offence under this Regulation, by the Integrity Tribunal, or the Sports Tribunal or the Court of Arbitration for Sport, or has complied and continues to comply with any payment instalment plan agreed or imposed;
 - agreed to be subject to such additional reasonable and proportionate monitoring procedures and requirements as the Integrity Officer may reasonably consider necessary given the scope of the offence committed.
 - j. Where a sanction is determined under this Regulation, with the exception of any right to appeal or right to take any other legal avenues, no further action can be taken regarding the matters investigated and sanctioned.

Appeal Against Decision of Integrity Tribunal (19)

In certain circumstances, a decision of the Integrity Tribunal may be appealed to the Sports Tribunal. This process is set out in the Appendices.

Public Disclosure and Confidentiality (20)

1. Except as otherwise required by this Regulation, or applicable laws and /or regulations of Bowls New Zealand, the Integrity Officer, Integrity Review Officer, Integrity Tribunal, Relevant Persons and any other Parties to proceedings under this Regulation:
 - a. shall keep all proceedings under this Regulation confidential
 - b. shall make all efforts within their power to ensure that their family members/associates shall keep all proceedings under this Regulation confidential.
2. Bowls New Zealand shall not publicly identify any Relevant Person who is alleged to have committed an offence under this Regulation unless and until it has been determined by the Integrity Review Officer or Integrity Tribunal that an offence has been committed, or as allowed under clause b below.

- a. If the decision is that an offence has been committed:
 - for which a sanction of a warning and reprimand only has been imposed, Bowls New Zealand has a discretion to publicly report the decision;
 - for which a sanction other than a warning and reprimand only has been imposed Bowls New Zealand must publicly report the decision;
 - posting the decision on the Bowls New Zealand website is sufficient to publicly report the decision, provided that in each case Bowls New Zealand must, prior to posting, notify the Chief Executive of Sport New Zealand of the date upon which the posting on the website will be made, if the decision is not appealed;
 - public reporting must not occur until any appeal period has lapsed without the decision being appealed and must then occur promptly.
- b. If the Integrity Review Officer or Integrity Tribunal determines that no offence has been committed by the Relevant Person, then the decision may be publicly reported only with the consent of the Relevant Person who is the subject of the decision, unless clause e below applies. Bowls New Zealand shall use reasonable efforts to obtain such consent, and if consent is obtained, shall publicly disclose the decision in its entirety or in such redacted form as the Relevant Person may approve.
- c. Bowls New Zealand shall use its best endeavours to ensure that persons under its control do not publicly identify any Relevant Persons who are alleged to have committed an offence under this Regulation, unless and until the Integrity Review Officer or Integrity Tribunal has determined that an offence has been committed, or as allowed under clause b above.
- d. However, Bowls New Zealand in its discretion may at any time disclose to other organisations such information as Bowls New Zealand may consider necessary or appropriate to facilitate the administration or enforcement of this Regulation, provided that each organisation provides assurance satisfactory to Bowls New Zealand the organisation will maintain all such information in confidence.
- e. Bowls New Zealand will not comment publicly on the specific facts of a pending case even if public comments are made by (or on behalf of) the Relevant Person involved in the case or their representatives unless Bowls New Zealand considers that, in the circumstances, the reasons for public comment outweigh the reasons for not making public comment.

Recognition of Decision (21)

1. Decisions and sanctions of:
 - World Bowls;
 - international federations of other sports;
 - other national Bowls organisations in other international jurisdictions;
 - other national sport organisations of other sports in New Zealand;
 - national sport organisations of other sports in other international jurisdictions;
 that are based on the same or similar anti Match-Fixing rules or anti-corruption rules shall be recognised, respected and enforced by Bowls New Zealand automatically upon receipt of notice of the same, without the need for further formality.

Protection and Support Mechanisms (22)

1. Bowls New Zealand will have protection and support mechanisms in place for Relevant Persons who may come in contact with, or be involved in, Match-Fixing activity or to limit risky situations where this might occur. Protection and support mechanisms established may include those listed below and Bowls New Zealand will ensure Relevant Persons are advised of these where in place.
2. **Protection mechanisms** that Bowls New Zealand may establish at its discretion include, but are not limited to:
 - a. monitoring Betting accounts of Relevant Persons;
 - b. monitoring Betting activity on any Bowls Competition Under the Jurisdiction of, or connected to, Bowls New Zealand;

- c. security measures restricting access to participants from non-essential personnel at Bowls Competitions;
 - d. limiting or prohibiting participants' use of electronic communication devices (phones, computers, tablets etc.) in/at restricted areas/times during Bowls Competition(s);
 - e. assigning sports officials (especially referees and judges) within as short a period before a Bowls Competition begins as possible;
 - f. regular scrutiny of referees' and judges' field decisions;
 - g. paying particular attention to measures to safeguard players who are minors or at Bowls Competitions predominantly involving minors.
3. **Support mechanisms** that Bowls New Zealand may enact at its discretion include, but are not limited to:
- b. having confidential and accessible reporting processes and a 'whistle blower' policy in place to support people coming forward with any relevant information;
 - c. publicising the contact details (e.g. name, phone number and email address) of the Bowls New Zealand Integrity Officer whom anyone connected with Bowls New Zealand can contact regarding any Match-Fixing related matters, who can assess the situation and offer sound advice, protecting confidentiality where appropriate;
 - d. pre-determining procedures to keep Relevant Persons safe, who have been approached to engage in Match-Fixing;
 - e. encouraging players to seek support from their player associations.

Sports Betting Agreements (23)

1. Under the Racing Act 2003, the New Zealand Racing Board (NZRB) must establish a sports Betting agreement with Bowls New Zealand before the NZRB can offer Betting on 'Authorised Events' agreed to by Bowls New Zealand. Under the Act, the NZRB must also provide a percentage of sports Betting revenue to Bowls New Zealand.
2. To comply with the requirements of the NZRB's model agreement, Bowls New Zealand will at a minimum have rules relating to Betting in place, which, in particular, must prevent a 'Relevant Person' as defined in the Betting clauses pursuant to the Racing Act, who participates in an Authorised Event, from Betting on that Authorised Event.
3. Bowls New Zealand will use its Betting agreement to further manage Match-Fixing risks by working with the NZRB to identify Bet types which will be jointly reviewed by Bowls New Zealand and NZRB regularly, over the term of the Betting agreement.
4. In particular, Bowls New Zealand should consider using its Betting agreement to:
 - a. restrict or prohibit 'spot' Bets (i.e. Bets on particular actions within Bowls Competitions which are more easily manipulated than, for example, overall Bowls Competition results);
 - b. agree with the NZRB that maximum wager amounts are capped at modest levels for the types of Bets or formulae for which associated actions are most easily manipulated, such as 'spot' Bets, if permitted;
 - c. restrict other types of Bets which may have higher risks regarding Match-Fixing, such as Bets on minors or in competitions predominantly involving minors, depending on the circumstances.
5. Subject to any legal requirements preventing this, Bowls New Zealand's Betting agreements will also include agreed protocols for timely information and intelligence sharing between Bowls New Zealand and the NZRB to support preventative and investigative measures. Alternatively, separate information sharing agreements may be established.

Information Sharing and Collaboration (24)

1. Subject to any legal restrictions, or those relating to confidentiality or privacy, Bowls New Zealand will provide and exchange information, and collaborate regarding any Match-Fixing related matters, via protocols to be agreed, with Sport New Zealand and law enforcement or other relevant agencies including the Serious Fraud Office, New Zealand Police, the Organised and Financial Crime Agency New Zealand, the NZRB and the Department of Internal Affairs or relevant overseas agencies.

Relevant Persons (25)

This schedule lists below the “Relevant Persons” to whom this Regulation applies:

- players (including players in teams) who are registered to compete in any Bowls Competition (including reserves);
- coaches (including head and assistant coaches) of any players/teams described in (a);
- event officials (including umpires and technical officials) who are or have been engaged by Bowls New Zealand or other person on Bowls New Zealand behalf for a Bowls Competition;
- player support personnel who participate, or are involved, or have participated or been involved in, a Bowls Competition including but not limited to managers, medical and paramedical personnel or other personnel working with, treating or assisting any player participating in or preparing for a Bowls Competition;
- Bowls New Zealand Board members, members of other committees of Bowls New Zealand, members of Club committees;
- other office holders of Bowls New Zealand, Centres and Clubs, including President, selectors; and
- employees and/or independent contractors of Bowls New Zealand, Centres and Clubs.

APPENDIX A: Integrity Review Officer Role and Process

A1. The Integrity Review Officer must review and decide the action to be taken (if any) regarding:

- a. a report, decision and reasons received from the Integrity Officer under clause 14; or
- b. the material, report, recommendations, and submissions (if any) received from the Integrity Officer and the Respondent under clause 14.

A2. If Integrity Review Officer suspects criminal offending

- a. If, following their review under A1 of this Appendix A, the Integrity Review Officer considers there may be a criminal offence, they must require the Integrity Officer to refer the report or information to the designated officer in the New Zealand Police (see clause 7), for the Integrity Officer to take advice from the Police on next steps and investigate if appropriate. The Integrity Officer must also inform the Chief Executive and Board and the Chief Executive Officer of Sport NZ of this referral to the New Zealand Police.

A3. A decision of the Integrity Review Officer under A1a. of this Appendix A, must be either that:

- a. the report or information must be referred by the Integrity Officer to the New Zealand Police under the process outlined in A2a. of this Appendix A, to take advice on next steps from the Police and investigate if appropriate, and the Integrity Officer must also inform the Chief Executive and Board and the Chief Executive Officer of Sport NZ of this referral to the New Zealand Police; or
- b. the report or information is not to be investigated; or
- c. the report or information is to be investigated by the Integrity Officer
- d. and the Integrity Review Officer must report their decision to the Integrity Officer and to such of the persons in A6a.iii. or iv. or v. (as applicable) of this Appendix A.

A4. Where no breach of Regulation or insufficient evidence, matter is at an end

- a. Where the Integrity Review Officer concludes that no breach of this Regulation has occurred, or there is insufficient evidence to support an allegation of a breach of this Regulation, the matter is at an end, except that a written report must be provided as outlined below. No further action will be taken regarding the matter, subject to any new relevant information coming to the notice of the Integrity Officer or the Integrity Review Officer.

A5. Integrity Review Officer must impose a warning and reprimand

- a. Where an offence has been established, the Integrity Review Officer must impose a sanction of a warning and reprimand only, provided that:
 - i. the offence is not a corruption offence as listed in clause 7 or a further offence under clause 7 relating to Prohibited Conduct 7; and
 - ii. the offending is considered to be of such a low level of seriousness that a sanction of a warning and reprimand only is justified; and
 - iii. in determining the relative seriousness of the offending, and whether a sanction of a warning and reprimand only is appropriate, the Integrity Review Officer must take into account the aggravating and mitigating factors listed in clause 18.

A6. Integrity Review Officer must report findings

- a. Where the Integrity Review Officer decides that no breach of this Regulation has occurred, or, there is insufficient evidence to support an allegation of a breach of this Regulation or an offence has been established where a sanction of a warning and reprimand only is imposed, the Integrity Review Officer shall provide a written report of their findings and recommendations (if any) to:
 - i. the Respondent; and
 - ii. the Integrity Officer; and
 - iii. the Chief Executive (providing the Chief Executive is not also the Integrity Officer or the subject of the decision); or
 - iv. the Chair of the Board (where the Chief Executive is also the Integrity Officer or the subject of the decision); or

- v. the Chief Executive Officer of Sport NZ (where both the Chief Executive and Chair of the Board are the subjects of the decision).
- b. Where the Integrity Review Officer decides an offence has been committed and imposes a sanction of a warning and reprimand and the appeal notice period in Appendix B has expired without an appeal being notified, their report of their findings and recommendations (if any) must be sent to the Chief Executive Officer of Sport New Zealand.

A7 Where there is evidence of a corruption offence in clause 7, or other serious offending, the Integrity Review Officer will require the Integrity Officer to refer the matter to the Integrity Tribunal

- a. The Integrity Review Officer must, by notification in writing to the Integrity Officer require the Integrity Officer to refer the matter to the Integrity Tribunal if, following review of the material, report, recommendations and submissions received (if any) under clause 14, the Integrity Review Officer decides that there is sufficient evidence supporting that a Relevant Person has committed:
 - i. a corruption offence as listed in clause 7 or a further offence under clause 7 relating to Prohibited Conduct; or
 - ii. a non-corruption offence under clause 7 and the Integrity Review Officer considers the offending is serious enough to warrant a sanction other than a warning and reprimand only.
- b. The Integrity Review Officer must forward a copy of the notification in A7a of this Appendix A to the Chief Executive Officer of Sport NZ.

A8. Provisional Suspension

- a. In addition to the requirement under A7, the Integrity Review Officer may also require the Integrity Officer to apply for Provisional Suspension of the Relevant Person until the Integrity Tribunal is able to determine the matter.

APPENDIX B: Appeal Against Decision of Integrity Review Officer

B1. Appeal Notice

- a. Respondent's appeal under clause 15 is initiated by the Respondent providing to the Integrity Review Officer and to the Integrity Officer, within 14 days from the date the Respondent received the Integrity Review Officer decision containing reasons, a written notice that the decision is appealed.

B2. Integrity Review Officer refers appeal to Integrity Tribunal

- a. Upon receipt of the appeal notice, the Integrity Review Officer refers the appeal notice to the Integrity Tribunal, together with:
 - i. all of the material, written report, recommendations and submissions (if any) received under clause 14; and
 - ii. the report of the findings and recommendations (if any) referred to in A6a of Appendix A.

B3. Further provisions relating to appeal

- a. C1 - C10 (inclusive) of Appendix C shall apply with all appropriate modification as if the appeal was convened in relation to a Notice of Charge under clause 13, and as may otherwise be required by the Integrity Tribunal.

B4. Decision being appealed remains in effect unless Integrity Tribunal decides otherwise

- a. Decisions of the Integrity Review Officer appealed to the Integrity Tribunal shall remain in effect and binding pending the Integrity Tribunal's determination of the appeal, unless the Integrity Tribunal decides otherwise.
- b. Nothing in B4a of Appendix B above prevents a Party to the appeal applying to the Integrity Tribunal to suspend the decision, or any part of the decision, of the Integrity Review Officer until the Integrity Tribunal determines the appeal.

APPENDIX C: Disciplinary Procedure and Process- Integrity Tribunal

C1. Start of Proceedings by Filing Notice of Charge

- a. Proceedings are started by the Integrity Officer referring an alleged breach of this Regulation to the Integrity Tribunal by filing a Notice of Charge and serving a copy on the Relevant Person alleged to have committed the breach.
- b. The Notice of Charge may be served by post, courier, email or facsimile or delivered in person.
- c. The Integrity Officer will provide written confirmation of both the service of the Notice of Charge on the Relevant Person (i.e. that the Relevant Person has received the Notice of Charge) and the date of service.
- d. If the Integrity Officer is unable to serve the Notice of Charge on the Relevant Person, the Integrity Officer may apply to the Integrity Tribunal for an order for substituted service, indicating the proposed manner of substituted service which the Integrity Officer believes will bring the Notice of Charge to the attention of the Relevant Person.

C2. Response to Notice of Charge

- a. The Relevant Person has the right to:
 - i. defend the charge(s) or any of the charges in a hearing; or
 - ii. admit the charge(s) or any of the charges but request the right to participate in a hearing to make submissions as to the appropriate sanction; or
 - iii. admit the charge(s) and advise they do not wish to participate in a hearing to make submissions as to sanction and acknowledge that the Integrity Tribunal may impose a sanction without holding a hearing.
- b. Within 14 days of the date of service of the Notice of Charge, the Relevant Person shall file in writing with the Integrity Tribunal, and copy to the Integrity Officer and to Bowls New Zealand, their response to the Notice of Charge as set out above.
- c. If the Relevant Person does not file a response to the Notice of Charge within the 14 day period, or such extended period as may be ordered by the Integrity Tribunal, the Relevant Person will be deemed to have waived their right to participate in a hearing, although the Integrity Tribunal may, in its discretion, subsequently give the Relevant Person leave to participate.

C3. Appointment of Integrity Tribunal Hearing Panel

- a. Upon the Integrity Tribunal receiving a Notice of Charge, or at a later date, the Chairperson of the Integrity Tribunal shall appoint three members of the Integrity Tribunal to form the Integrity Tribunal panel to hear and decide the allegation.
- b. The panel of three will usually include the Chairperson. However, if the Panel does not include the Chairperson, the Chairperson will appoint one of the panel members as Chairperson of the panel.
- c. The appointed members shall be independent of the Parties to the proceedings and shall have had no prior involvement with the case.

C4. Provisional Suspension

- a. Where the Integrity Officer has filed an application for Provisional Suspension of the Relevant Person pursuant to clause 16, the Integrity Tribunal will consider the application urgently and will normally hold a hearing as soon as practicable to decide whether to impose a Provisional Suspension.
- b. The Integrity Tribunal will notify the Parties of the time and date of the Provisional Suspension hearing and the form it will take (e.g. in person or by audio or audio-visual means). The Integrity Tribunal may consult with the Parties prior to the Provisional Suspension hearing about any matters necessary to progress the application to a hearing.
- c. The Integrity Tribunal may decide to not hold a Provisional Suspension hearing if the Relevant Person agrees to accept a Provisional Suspension and if so, will promptly make an order provisionally suspending the Relevant Person.
- d. In exceptional circumstances (such as that the Relevant Person is due to participate in competition the day after the Provisional Suspension application is filed and hearing the Provisional Suspension is not possible) the Integrity Tribunal may in its discretion decide to impose a Provisional Suspension based on the material before it without holding a hearing, receiving submissions or other communication from the Relevant Person. However, in such cases the Integrity Tribunal will either hold an expedited hearing on whether the Provisional Suspension should be maintained or hold an expedited hearing in relation to the alleged offence under this Regulation, as soon as possible after the imposition of the Provisional Suspension.

- e. The Integrity Tribunal will, wherever possible, seek to hold an urgent provisional hearing (unless the Relevant Person agrees to accept a Provisional Suspension) before imposing a Provisional Suspension, but the choice of procedure to be followed will be a matter for the Integrity Tribunal in the particular circumstances.
- f. The Integrity Tribunal will adopt such procedures for any hearing regarding a Provisional Suspension (whether held before or after the imposition of a Provisional Suspension) as the Tribunal considers will provide the Parties with a fair hearing in the matter.
- g. The Integrity Tribunal may impose a Provisional Suspension where it considers that there is a prima facie case that an offence under this Regulation has been committed and that it is appropriate to impose a Provisional Suspension on the Relevant Person.
- h. A Relevant Person who is provisionally suspended is barred temporarily from participating in any Bowls Competitions or other activities associated with Bowls New Zealand as detailed in C4i. of this Appendix C, until the Integrity Tribunal makes a final decision whether the Relevant Person has committed any offence they have been charged with under this Regulation.
- i. During the period of Provisional Suspension, a person who is provisionally suspended is prevented from playing, training as part of a team or a squad, officiating, coaching, selecting, administering and/or otherwise participating or being involved in any capacity in any Bowls Competition, function, or other activity (other than authorised anti-corruption education or rehabilitation programmes) that are authorised, organised, sanctioned, recognised or supported in any way by Bowls New Zealand or any Clubs.
- j. World Bowls, other international sport federations, national Bowls organisations in other jurisdictions, other New Zealand-based national sport organisations or national sport organisations of other sports in other international jurisdictions will be entitled to give effect to and enforce the above Provisional Suspension in their respective jurisdictions regarding other sports, as if the suspension related to that sport.
- k. Where a Provisional Suspension is imposed and fulfilled by the Relevant Person, they shall receive a credit for such period of Provisional Suspension against any period of Suspension that may ultimately be imposed if the Integrity Tribunal determines an offence has been committed.
- l. If a Relevant Person voluntarily agrees in writing with the Integrity Officer to accept a Provisional Suspension during the course of an investigation and thereafter refrains from competing or participating in Bowls Competitions or other activities listed in C4i of this Appendix C, then the Relevant Person shall receive a credit for such period of voluntary Provisional Suspension against any period of suspension which may ultimately be imposed.
- m. The Integrity Tribunal has discretion whether to allow credit against a period of suspension for any time period before the effective date of the Provisional Suspension or voluntary Provisional Suspension where the Relevant Person elected not to compete or was suspended by Bowls New Zealand.

C5. Preliminary Matters and Pre-Hearing Conferences

- a. The Chairperson and/or the Integrity Tribunal Panel may hear and determine any preliminary matters that arise.
- b. The Integrity Tribunal will normally convene a pre-hearing conference with the Parties which will usually be held within seven days of the Relevant Person filing their response to the Notice of Charge.
- c. The pre-hearing conference may be conducted in person or by audio or audio-visual means.
- d. There may be more than one pre-hearing conference held as necessary.
- e. The purpose of the pre-hearing conference will be to discuss and decide procedural matters to progress the case towards a hearing.
- f. During the pre-hearing conference the Integrity Tribunal may fix the date of the hearing, decide the type of hearing (which may be in person or by audio or audio-visual means), the venue for the hearing, give any procedural or evidential direction that may be appropriate (including timetables for filing any evidence, witness statements or submissions) and make such other orders as necessary to facilitate the prompt and just expedition of the matter.
- g. At the discretion of the Integrity Tribunal and with the consent of the parties, a pre-hearing conference may become the hearing.

C6. Hearings

- a. The purpose of the hearing shall be:
 - i. to determine whether the Integrity Tribunal considers that the Relevant Person has engaged in the Prohibited Conduct alleged in the Notice of Charge and therefore committed an offence under this Regulation;
 - ii. to impose sanctions in accordance with this Regulation if the Integrity Tribunal determines, or the Relevant Person admits, that an offence under this Regulation has been committed.
- b. The Integrity Tribunal Panel may conduct the hearing as it sees fit and shall not be bound by rules of evidence or unnecessary formality.
- c. However, the Integrity Tribunal Panel must conduct the hearing and determine matters in accordance with the principles of natural justice and procedural fairness. This includes, but is not limited to, the Integrity Tribunal:
 - i. conducting the hearing in a manner that is fair and appropriate to the circumstances;
 - ii. providing the Parties adequate notification of the date, time, and place of the hearing;
 - iii. ensuring adequate notification of the allegations against the Relevant Person has been provided to the Relevant Person;
 - iv. ensuring the Relevant Person and their representatives, the Integrity Officer and/or Bowls New Zealand is given an adequate opportunity to be heard and to prepare and present their case;
 - v. ensuring the Relevant Person is provided with and given proper opportunity to consider, challenge or contradict any evidence that is relied upon to support allegations against them and that the Relevant Person is also fully aware of the nature of these allegations;
 - vi. having a lack of bias;
 - vii. not acting outside its powers or jurisdiction;
 - viii. inquiring into the matters in dispute;
 - ix. making a decision supported by the evidence;
 - x. not imposing a penalty that is either excessive or inappropriate.
- d. The Relevant Person who is alleged to have committed the offence, the Integrity Officer and/or Bowls New Zealand:
 - i. may call and question witnesses;
 - ii. has the right to address the Integrity Tribunal Panel to make their case;
 - iii. is permitted to provide written submissions for consideration by the Integrity Tribunal Panel (instead of or as well as appearing in person) and if the Relevant Person and the Integrity Officer and/or Bowls New Zealand provide any written submissions, the Integrity Tribunal Panel must consider those submissions in its deliberations.
- e. The hearing shall be inquisitorial in nature, with cross examination allowed, and the Integrity Tribunal Panel may call such evidence as it thinks fit in its discretion and all Relevant Persons subject to this Regulation must, if requested to do so by the Integrity Tribunal Panel, provide such evidence as they are able.
- f. The Integrity Tribunal may make such inferences and draw such conclusions as it considers appropriate from the failure of, or refusal by, a Relevant Person or the Integrity Officer and/or Bowls New Zealand to comply with a request to provide evidence to it.
- g. Where two or more Relevant Persons are alleged to have committed offences under this Regulation, they may be dealt with at the same hearing where the proceedings arise out of the same incident or where there is a clear link between separate incidents.

C7. Representation and support persons

- a. The Parties may be represented or assisted in the proceedings by a person of their choice and at their own cost.
- b. Parties are not required to have representation.
- c. Each party is also entitled to have a support person if they wish.

C8. Privacy and confidentiality

- a. Except as otherwise stated in this Regulation, proceedings brought under this Regulation are to be treated as private and confidential until a final decision is issued.

- b. The hearing will be closed to the public unless the Integrity Tribunal considers that there are exceptional circumstances to make a public hearing appropriate or the parties so agree. In the usual circumstances only persons with a legitimate interest in the hearing will be permitted to attend and this will be at the sole discretion of the Integrity Tribunal Hearing panel.

C9. Privilege

- a. Regardless of anything else in this Regulation, a Relevant Person who is interviewed under suspicion, charged or arrested by a law enforcement agency regarding a criminal offence that is, or may be considered to be conduct that is Prohibited Conduct, under this Regulation, shall not be required to produce any information, give any evidence or make any statement to the Integrity Tribunal if they establish that to do so would breach any privilege against self-incrimination or legal professional privilege.
- b. C9a. of this Appendix C does not limit the Integrity Tribunal from enforcing any other applicable rules and regulations.

C10. Decisions of the Integrity Tribunal

- a. A decision of the Integrity Tribunal shall be made by a majority decision of the Integrity Tribunal Panel hearing the proceeding.
- b. The Integrity Tribunal may in its discretion give an oral decision but, regardless of whether it gives an oral decision or not, in every proceeding the Integrity Tribunal will as soon as practicable issue a written decision containing reasons for its decision.
- c. The written decision will set out and explain:
 - i. with reasons, the Integrity Tribunal's findings as to whether the Relevant Person committed any offence(s) under this Regulation;
 - ii. with reasons, the Integrity Tribunal's findings as to what sanctions, if any, are to be imposed on the Relevant Person if an offence has been committed;
 - iii. with reasons, the date upon which any period of suspension that is imposed shall start;
 - iv. any rights of appeal available to the Parties.
- d. The written decision containing reasons shall be provided to the Parties and/or to representatives of the Parties (if any) and to the Chief Executive Officer of Sport New Zealand.
- e. Subject only to any rights of appeal the decision of the Integrity Tribunal shall be the full, final and complete determination of the matter and shall be binding on the Parties.

APPENDIX D: Appeal Against Decision of Integrity Tribunal

D1. Appeal to the Sports Tribunal of New Zealand

- a. Parties to a proceeding may appeal the decision of the Integrity Tribunal to the Sports Tribunal as set out in this Appendix D and in accordance with the rules of the Sports Tribunal.

D2. Decisions that may be appealed

- a. Decisions of the Integrity Tribunal that may be appealed to the Sports Tribunal are:
 - i. a decision to impose or to remove a Provisional Suspension;
 - ii. a decision that a charge of an offence under this Regulation should be dismissed for procedural or jurisdictional reasons;
 - iii. a decision that an offence under this Regulation has, or has not, been committed;
 - iv. a decision to impose, or not impose sanctions, including the appropriateness of any sanction imposed for an offence under this Regulation.

D3. Grounds of Appeal

- a. The grounds for appealing a decision of the Integrity Tribunal to the Sports Tribunal shall only be one or more of the following grounds:
 - i. the decision of the Integrity Tribunal is wrong having regard to the application of this Regulation;
 - ii. natural justice has been denied;
 - iii. the Integrity Tribunal, or other relevant decision-maker or decision making body of Bowls New Zealand, acted outside its powers and/or jurisdiction (i.e. acted ultra vires);

- iv. substantial new evidence became available, which could not be located prior to the original hearing, after the decision which is being appealed was made;
- v. the sanction imposed was either excessive or inappropriate.

D4. Decisions being appealed remain in effect unless the Sports Tribunal decides otherwise

- a. Decisions of the Integrity Tribunal being appealed to the Sports Tribunal shall remain in effect and binding pending the Sports Tribunal's determination of the appeal, unless the Sports Tribunal decides otherwise.
- b. Nothing in D4a. of Appendix D above prevents a Party to the proceeding applying to the Sports Tribunal to suspend the decision, or any part of the decision, of the Integrity Tribunal until the Sports Tribunal determines the appeal.

D5. Time period for filing appeals to the Sports Tribunal

- a. Appeals against a decision of the Integrity Tribunal must be filed within 28 days from the date the appealing Party received the written decision containing reasons for the decision of the Integrity Tribunal.

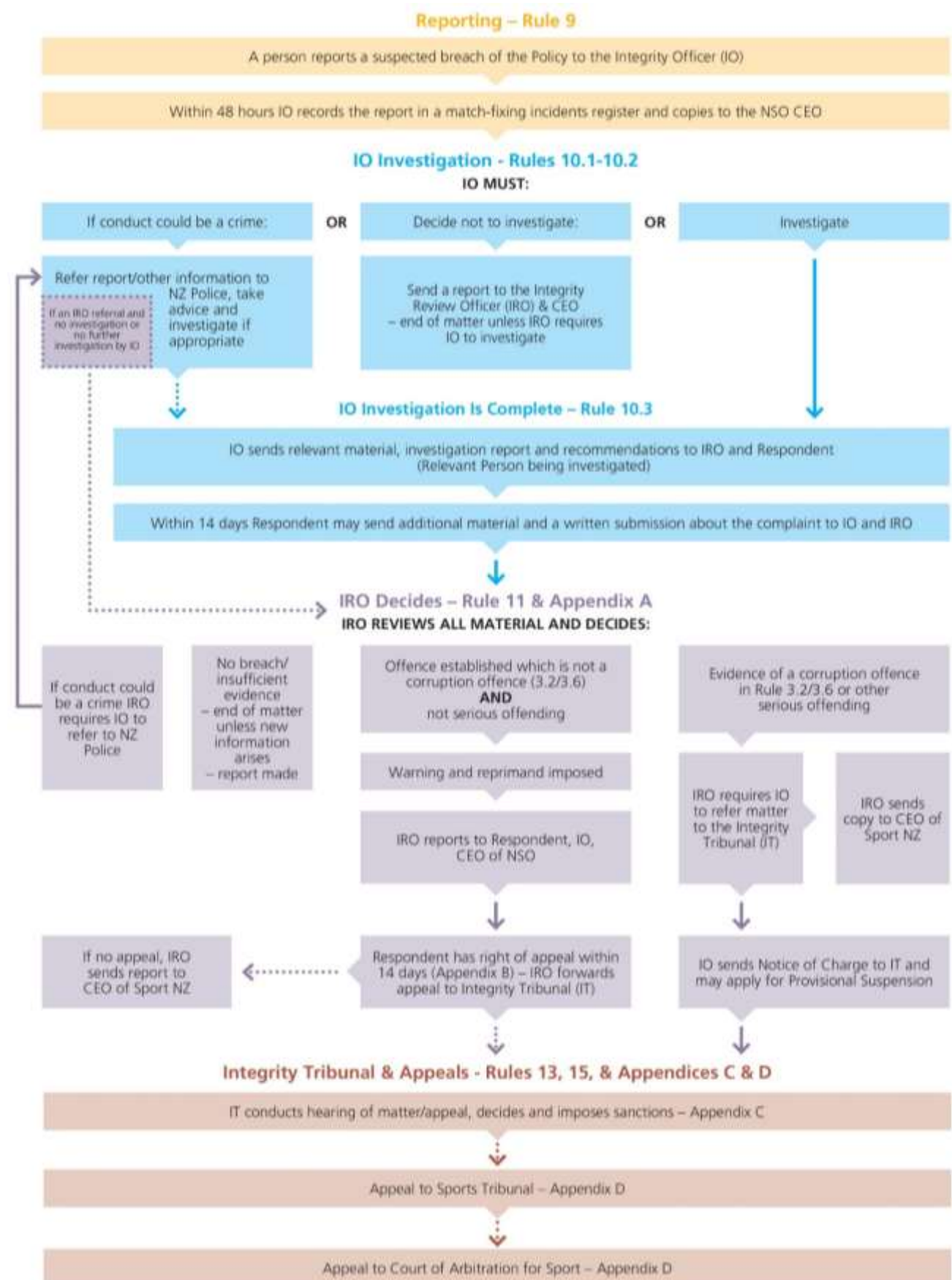
D6. Applicable rules and governing law regarding appeals

- a. The clauses of the Sports Tribunal in force at the time shall apply, except to the extent they are inconsistent with any provision in this Appendix D dealing with appeals.
- b. The governing law shall be New Zealand law.

D7. Appeal of a Sports Tribunal decision

- a. The decision of the Sports Tribunal shall be final and binding and shall not be questioned in any court of law otherwise than in accordance with D7b. of this Appendix D below.
- b. A Party may appeal a decision of the Sports Tribunal to the Court of Arbitration for Sport (CAS) within 15 working days of the written decision of the Sports Tribunal.
- c. An appeal will not operate as a stay of proceedings of the Sports Tribunal decision unless the Sports Tribunal or CAS so orders.

APPENDIX E: Flow Diagram of Key Processes



ANTI-DOPING

Commencement Date

This Regulation supersedes and replaces all previous Bowls New Zealand Anti-Doping Regulations. It shall continue in force until such time as it is revoked by the Bowls New Zealand Board.

Application

This Regulation applies to the following:

- individual Members of Bowls New Zealand;
- individual members of Centres;
- individual members of Clubs;
- all Athlete Support Personnel who participate as a coach, trainer, manager, team staff, official, medical or para-medical personnel in any competitions or activities authorised or organised by World Bowls, Bowls New Zealand or any Centre or Club;
- any other person who agrees to be bound by this Regulation and/or the Sports Anti-Doping Rules including participants in any capacity in any activity organized, held, convened or authorised by World Bowls, Bowls New Zealand or one of its Centres, Clubs, or Members.

Sports Anti-Doping Rules

The Sports Anti-Doping Rules made by Sport Integrity Commission New Zealand (SICNZ) under the provisions of the Sports Anti-Doping Act 2006, which took effect from 1 January 2016, and as amended from time to time by SICNZ, apply and are expressly incorporated, and form part of, this Regulation. As such, the Sports Anti-Doping Rules are the anti-doping rules of Bowls New Zealand, and they are applicable to all persons to whom this Regulation applies. Any amendments made to the Sports Anti-Doping Rules shall automatically apply and form part of this Regulation.

Additional Obligations

In addition to the obligations under the Sports Anti-Doping Rules, all persons to whom this Regulation applies must:

- recognise and accept the authority of SICNZ as the sole National Anti-Doping Organisation in New Zealand;
- fully cooperate with Bowls New Zealand, World Bowls, SICNZ and any other anti-doping authority or any other person or body acting on their behalf, undertaking any enquiries or any investigation under any applicable anti-doping rules, into a possible or alleged Anti-Doping Rule Violation by them or any other person with whom they are associated. This may include attending interviews to answer questions, giving information and producing documents;
- immediately report any information suggesting or relating to an Anti-Doping Rule Violation by any person, to the Chief Executive of Bowls New Zealand, who in turn will report this to SICNZ and/or World Bowls (as applicable);
- submit to the exclusive jurisdiction of:
 - the Sports Tribunal and the Court of Arbitration for Sport to hear and determine any alleged Anti-Doping Rule Violations under the Sports Anti-Doping Rules (in accordance with the rules of the Sports Tribunal and the Court of Arbitration for Sport);
 - the World Bowls Doping Review Panel and the Court of Arbitration for Sport, if an International Level Athlete, to hear and determine any alleged Anti-Doping Rule Violations under the World Bowls Anti-Doping Regulations (in accordance with the World Bowls Regulations and the rules of the Court of Arbitration for Sport).

Any Athlete Support Person who commits an Anti-Doping Rule Violation for Using Prohibited Substances or Prohibited Methods without valid justification, must not associate with or support any Athlete to whom this Regulation applies. A breach of this rule constitutes Misconduct under the Bowls New Zealand Constitution and shall be dealt with in accordance with the Bowls New Zealand Constitution and Judicial Regulations.

World Bowls Anti-Doping Regulations

1. The World Bowls Anti-Doping Regulations (to the extent they are applicable), and as amended from time to time, are expressly incorporated into and form part of, this Regulation.
2. All Persons to whom this Regulation applies shall, to the extent applicable, be bound by the World Bowls Anti-Doping Regulations as amended from time to time.
3. In particular, if a person is an International Level Athlete or in a Registered Testing Pool they must:
 - a. complete the Athlete Consent Form, and return to Bowls New Zealand by the specified date;
 - b. comply with all requirements for whereabouts information;
 - c. if required, complete and comply with all requirements for any TUEs, and,
 - d. comply with all other obligations applicable to International Level Athletes in accordance with this Regulation, SADR, and the World Bowls

Anti-Doping Regulations.

Members to Recognise Decisions: All Members of Bowls New Zealand including Centres and Clubs shall recognize, respect, and enforce any decision of SICNZ, the Sports Tribunal, and Bowls New Zealand, provided such decision is made in accordance with the Sports Anti-Doping Rules, these Regulations and other applicable rules.

Interpretation

1. The words and phrases used in this Regulation shall have the same meaning as defined in the Bowls New Zealand Constitution, the Sports Anti-Doping Rules or the World Bowls Anti-Doping Regulations, unless specified otherwise.
2. For the purposes of this Regulation, the SADR and the World Bowls Anti-Doping Regulations, an International Level Athlete means an athlete who is part of any National Squad who is eligible to be selected to compete in an International Events, representing Bowls New Zealand
3. For the purposes of this Regulation, a National Squad means:
 - a. a group of players, including a squad or a team, which has been selected by Bowls New Zealand to train and compete as representatives of New Zealand, or
 - b. players who have been identified by Bowls New Zealand as eligible to compete in any one or more of the International Events, including the following players:
 - players selected to the Black Jacks Squad
 - players selected to the Black Jacks Development Squad
 - players seeking selection to a New Zealand team for the World Junior Championships
 - players in a Bowls New Zealand National Singles final.
4. Registered Testing Pool has the meaning given to it in the Sports Anti-Doping Rules and includes the SICNZ Registered Testing Pool and the World Bowls Registered Testing Pool:
 - a. Registered Testing Pool: The pool of highest priority Athletes established separately at the international level by International Federations and at the national level by SICNZ who are subject to focused In-Competition and Out-of-Competition Testing as part of that International Federation's or SICNZ' test

distribution plan and therefore are required to provide whereabouts information as provided in the Sports Anti-Doping Rules and the International Standard for Testing and Investigations.

5. To the extent of any inconsistency between this Regulation, the Sports Anti-Doping Rules and the World Bowls Anti-Doping Regulations, the World Bowls Anti-Doping Regulations will apply.

To view the full World Bowls Anti-Doping regulations:

<http://www.worldbowls.com>

To view New Zealand Anti-Doping rules:

<https://sportintegrity.nz/>

JUDICIAL PROCESS

Purpose

The purposes of this Regulation are to:

- establish a consistent system for handling Disputes & Complaints and Misconduct involving persons, Members or Officials of a Club, Centres or Bowls New Zealand, that is fair and just, and delivered in a practical way; and
- give Members or Officials of Bowls New Zealand or members or Officials of a Club or Centre the ability to appeal decisions made by a Member, Club or Centre to a judicial body regulated by Bowls New Zealand.

Commencement Date

This Regulation supersedes and replaces all previous Bowls New Zealand Judicial Regulations. It shall continue in force until such time as it is revoked by the Bowls New Zealand Board.

Structure of these Rules

These Rules are divided into three parts:

- Part A contains provisions which apply to matters brought before **Bowls New Zealand**, according to the Bowls NZ Constitution;
- Part B contains provisions which apply to **Appeals** brought before the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee, according to the Bowls NZ Constitution; and
- Part C contains **general provisions** which apply to all judicial matters.

Interpretation

The words and phrases used in this Regulation shall have the same meaning as defined in the Constitution, unless otherwise specified.

In addition, the following words and phrases used in this Regulation shall mean as follows:

“CEO” means the Chief Executive Officer of Bowls New Zealand Incorporated.

“CEO Decision” means a decision of the Bowls New Zealand CEO (or appointee) about a member or Official of a Club or Centre regarding Misconduct, a Dispute or Complaint.

“Club or Centre Decision” means a decision of the board, management committee or other equivalent governing body or any sub-committee of a Club or Centre about a member or Official of a Club or Centre regarding Misconduct, a Dispute or Complaint conducted by that Club or Centre.

“Constitution” means the Constitution of Bowls New Zealand Incorporated.

“Interested Party” means a person added to a Proceeding.

“Judicial Committee” means the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee(s).

“Judicial Commissioner” means a person appointed by the Bowls New Zealand CEO to make a decision on matters of Misconduct, Disputes and Complaints.

“Judicial Commissioner Decision” means a decision of the Judicial Commissioner about a member or Official of a Club or Centre regarding Misconduct, a Dispute or Complaint.

“Judicial Member” means a person who is a member of a Judicial Committee.

“Match Fixing” means conduct defined as prohibited conduct in the Bowls New Zealand Anti-Match Fixing Regulation including corruption, betting, misusing inside information and other offences.

“Proceeding” means any proceeding brought under Parts A of this Regulation.

“Registrar or Secretary” shall be a Registrar (or Secretary) who is available to assist all Judicial matters described in this Regulation. The Registrar shall be the CEO or other employee of Bowls New Zealand as determined by the CEO.

“Working Day” means any day of the week other than Saturday, Sunday, Good Friday, Easter Monday, ANZAC Day, Labour Day, the Sovereign’s birthday, Waitangi Day, Christmas Day, Boxing Day, New Years’ Day and 2 January, provided that if Christmas Day, Boxing Day, New Years’ Day and/or 2 January:

- falls on a Saturday the day must be treated as falling on the following Monday; and,
- falls on a Sunday the day must be treated as falling on the following Tuesday.

Part A – Bowls New Zealand

Jurisdiction of Bowls New Zealand

The Bowls New Zealand Judicial Commissioner shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine:

- Matters of Misconduct, as established in the Constitution; and/or
- Complaints, Disputes and Misconduct at Bowls New Zealand Events.

For the avoidance of doubt, the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Commissioner does not have jurisdiction to hear and determine:

- Matters relating to Anti-Doping and Anti-Match Fixing;
- Appeals against a club or centre decision; and/or
- Any breach of a decision of the Bowls New Zealand Board.

Bowls NZ Judicial Commissioner(s)

The Bowls New Zealand CEO shall appoint a pool of at least five people annually to be Judicial Commissioners of Bowls New Zealand, when required by Bowls New Zealand. Ideally these Commissioners will also be members of the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee. These people should, if possible, have one or more of the following competencies:

- a practising or retired barrister or solicitor of the High Court of New Zealand;
- a retired judicial officer who has held office in a New Zealand court or statutory tribunal;
- experience as a member of a sports disciplinary tribunal, preferably in relation to sport and bowls; and/or
- extensive knowledge of the Game of Bowls.

Process for Judicial Commissioner

The following protocol will be used as a broad guideline in relation to any investigation by the Bowls NZ Judicial Commissioner into a matter that they have jurisdiction to hear and determine. Each investigation process will be tailored in some respects to meet the circumstances of the matter being heard.

Mediation

Having received and considered the matter, the Bowls NZ CEO may initiate mediation proceedings to attempt to reach an agreement between parties without the need for a Judicial investigation. The process for mediation will be determined by the CEO and managed by a Bowls NZ manager; but must adhere to the principles of natural justice. If mediation has not been successful within 10 days, then the matter will be referred to a Bowls NZ Judicial Commissioner.

Scope of Investigations

1. The CEO may appoint a Judicial Commissioner to manage the investigation.
2. A Terms of Reference will be established to outline the scope of the investigation.
 - a. The Terms of Reference will outline the nature of the matter, the allegations to be investigated and the process of the investigation in accordance with the guidance provided in this protocol.
3. The Judicial Commissioner will be impartial and will be required to follow a natural justice process in the investigation. Investigations will generally remain confidential to the parties involved, so far as the law allows.
4. The Judicial Commissioner will determine on the balance of probabilities whether any of the allegations made in the complaint are substantiated on the facts.

5. The Judicial Commissioner may also address any related matters that arise in the course of the investigation (provided that the complainant and respondent are made aware of any additional allegations sufficiently in advance of any interview with the Judicial Commissioner).
6. At the conclusion of the investigation, the Judicial Commissioner will make the final report available in accordance with the Terms of Reference and these Protocols. Generally, this will involve the report being provided to the complainant, Bowls NZ, and any other relevant party. All parties who receive the final report will not disclose the report to any other person except in accordance with the Terms of Reference or as agreed otherwise between all relevant parties.
7. The Judicial Commissioner may use the services of a Bowls New Zealand Manager in any investigation, provided this does not impact on the independence of the investigation.

Investigation Process

The investigation process will usually involve the following steps:

Interviews

1. At the commencement of any interview the Judicial Commissioner will describe the investigation process. This includes the rights and obligations established in the Terms of Reference. The interviewee must accept that they are happy to proceed on the terms stated before the interview begins.
2. The Judicial Commissioner may audio record interviews if this is considered appropriate by the Judicial Commissioner. Audio recordings of an interview can be made available in the event they are requested by an interviewee.

Complainant interview

3. The Judicial Commissioner will interview the complainant/s. Any complainant will be entitled to have present at the interview any support person or representative the complainant wishes to be present.
4. The complainant will be asked to produce any documents either they or the Judicial Commissioner consider relevant to the complaint, or the investigation and any documents produced will be annexed to each complainant's witness statement.

Witness interviews

5. The complainant and respondent will be invited to propose any relevant witnesses to be interviewed. The Judicial Commissioner will, in most circumstances, interview witnesses proposed by either the complainant or respondent, except where the Judicial Commissioner does not consider a witness's statement is necessary. The Judicial Commissioner may also elect to interview any person that may provide relevant evidence to the investigation.
6. Any relevant and necessary witnesses will be interviewed separately by the Judicial Commissioner and in the presence of any support person or representative the witness wishes to be present.

Respondent interview

7. Complainant and witness statements and any documents produced will be provided to the respondent, prior to being interviewed. Redactions may be made where necessary in the Judicial Commissioner's opinion to protect the personal information of individuals.
8. The Judicial Commissioner will then interview the respondent separately and in the presence of any support person or representative the respondent wishes to be present.
9. The respondent will be asked to produce any documents either they or the Judicial Commissioner consider relevant, and any documents produced will be annexed to the respondent's witness statement.

Opportunity to respond

10. Following the respondent's interview, the complainants may be asked to respond to any new information contained in the respondent and/or witness interviews.

Investigation Report

1. The Judicial Commissioner will produce a draft report which will be provided to relevant parties in accordance with the Terms of Reference, usually to include complainant and relevant respondent.
2. The final report will be provided to the parties in accordance with the Terms of Reference established at the commencement of the investigation. The final report will be stored by Bowls NZ however no action will or may

be taken with that report including provision of the report to any other parties (other than by consent or by compulsion of law).

Investigation Principles

1. Investigations will be completed in accordance with the principles of natural justice. The Judicial Commissioner will determine what information needs to be provided to any parties involved having regard to the need for the investigation to be thorough and fair to all parties.
2. Any information provided to the Judicial Commissioner will be provided on the basis that it may be disclosed, by the Judicial Commissioner, to any other person involved in the investigation. This will be to ensure that the Judicial Commissioner is able to conduct the investigation in accordance with the principles of natural justice.
3. The investigation will be confidential to the Judicial Commissioner, complainant(s), respondent(s), Bowls NZ and any relevant bodies as determined by the Terms of Reference. Information will only be disclosed to other witnesses where that is necessary for the purposes of the investigation, or it is agreed prior between all relevant parties.
4. The Judicial Commissioner will ensure that those participating in the investigation understand and agree to applicable confidentiality requirements.

Independent Advice and Support

1. All parties to an investigation process will be entitled to seek their own independent advice or support at any stage during the process.
2. A condition for all interviews managed by the Judicial Commissioner, is that a party may not have legal representation – they may seek legal advice but not be represented at hearings or interviews by legal counsel.

Appeals Against a Decision of the Bowls NZ Judicial Commissioner

A decision of the Bowls NZ Judicial Commissioner may be appealed according to these Regulations (Part B).

PART B – Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee

Judicial Committee Members

Bowls New Zealand shall appoint a pool of at least five people annually to be members of the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee when required by Bowls New Zealand. At least one of these people must have legal experience and the others should, if possible, have one or more of the following competencies:

- a practising or retired barrister or solicitor of the High Court of New Zealand;
- a retired judicial officer who has held office in a New Zealand court or statutory tribunal;
- experience as a member of a disciplinary tribunal, preferably in relation to sport or bowls; and/or
- extensive knowledge of the Game of Bowls.

Members of the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee may also be appointed as Bowls New Zealand Judicial Commissioners, or to any other hearing body appointed by Bowls New Zealand.

Jurisdiction of the Bowls NZ Judicial Committee

The Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine:

- Appeals against a Club or Centre Decision, provided that the constitution, rules, or regulations of the Club or Centre provide for an appeal to the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee;
- Appeals against a Bowls NZ Judicial Commissioner decision, as established in Part A above;
- Matters that are not within the jurisdiction of a Club, Centre and/or the Bowls New Zealand Board;
- Matters relating to Anti-Doping and Anti-Match Fixing; and/or

- Any breach of a decision of the Bowls New Zealand Board or CEO.

For the avoidance of doubt, the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Commissioner does not have jurisdiction to hear and determine:

- Complaints, Disputes and Misconduct at Club or Centre level; and/or
- Complaints, Disputes and Misconduct at Bowls New Zealand Events.

For the avoidance of doubt, the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee has jurisdiction to hear and determine allegations of Match Fixing and Doping, unless these matters have been referred by the Bowls NZ CEO to a Government or Sport New Zealand Integrity body.

Administration of the Bowls NZ Judicial Committee

1. **Chair:** The Bowls New Zealand CEO must appoint one of the Judicial Members as the regular Chair of the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee.
2. **Deputy Chair:** The Bowls New Zealand CEO may appoint one or more of the Judicial Members as a Deputy Chair of the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee.
3. **Panels:** The Chair, or in his/her absence, a Deputy Chair, shall appoint a panel to hear and determine each matter to be dealt with by the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee. A panel will normally comprise three members (of which one should be the Chair, or in his/her absence the Deputy Chair, and one must have legal experience) but, at the discretion of the Chair, or a Deputy Chair, may comprise more or fewer than three members.

Procedure of the Bowls NZ Judicial Committee (when not an Appeal)

The following protocol will be used as a broad guideline in relation to any investigation by the Bowls NZ Judicial Committee into a matter that they have jurisdiction to hear and determine. Each investigation process will be tailored in some respects to meet the circumstances of the matter being heard.

Mediation

Having received and considered the matter, the Chair of the Judicial Committee may initiate mediation proceedings to attempt to reach an agreement between parties without the need for a Judicial investigation. The process for mediation will be determined by the Chair and managed by a Bowls NZ manager; but must adhere to the principles of natural justice. If mediation has not been successful within 10 days, then the matter will be referred to a Bowls NZ Judicial Committee.

Scope of Investigations

1. A Terms of Reference will be established to outline the scope of the investigation.
 - a. The Terms of Reference will outline the nature of the matter, the allegations to be investigated and the process of the investigation in accordance with the guidance provided in this protocol.
2. The Judicial Committee will be impartial and will be required to follow a natural justice process in the investigation. Investigations will generally remain confidential to the parties involved, so far as the law allows.
3. The Judicial Committee will determine on the balance of probabilities whether any of the allegations made in the complaint are substantiated on the facts.
4. The Judicial Committee may also address any related matters that arise in the course of the investigation (provided that the complainant and respondent are made aware of any additional allegations sufficiently in advance of any interview with the Judicial Committee).
5. At the conclusion of the investigation, the Judicial Committee will make the final report available in accordance with the Terms of Reference and these Protocols. Generally, this will involve the report being provided to the complainant, Bowls NZ, and any other relevant party. All parties who receive the final report will not disclose the report to any other person except in accordance with the Terms of Reference or as agreed otherwise between all relevant parties.
6. The Judicial Committee may use the services of a Bowls New Zealand Manager in any investigation, provided this does not impact on the independence of the investigation.

Investigation Process

The investigation process will usually involve the following steps:

Interviews

1. At the commencement of any interview the Judicial Committee will describe the investigation process. This includes the rights and obligations established in the Terms of Reference. The interviewee must accept that they are happy to proceed on the terms stated before the interview begins.
2. The Judicial Committee may audio record interviews if this is considered appropriate by the Judicial Committee. Audio recordings of an interview can be made available in the event they are requested by an interviewee.

Complainant interview

3. The Judicial Committee will interview the complainant/s. Any complainant will be entitled to have present at the interview any support person or representative the complainant wishes to be present.
4. The complainant will be asked to produce any documents either they or the Judicial Committee consider relevant to the complaint, or the investigation and any documents produced will be annexed to each complainant's witness statement.

Witness interviews

5. The complainant and respondent will be invited to propose any relevant witnesses to be interviewed. The Judicial Committee will, in most circumstances, interview witnesses proposed by either the complainant or respondent, except where the Judicial Committee does not consider a witness's statement is necessary. The Judicial Committee may also elect to interview any person that may provide relevant evidence to the investigation.
6. Any relevant and necessary witnesses will be interviewed separately by the Judicial Committee and in the presence of any support person or representative the witness wishes to be present.

Respondent interview

7. Complainant and witness statements and any documents produced will be provided to the respondent, prior to being interviewed. Redactions may be made where necessary in the Judicial Committee's opinion to protect the personal information of individuals.
8. The Judicial Committee will then interview the respondent separately and in the presence of any support person or representative the respondent wishes to be present.
9. The respondent will be asked to produce any documents either they or the Judicial Committee consider relevant, and any documents produced will be annexed to the respondent's witness statement.

Opportunity to respond

10. Following the respondent's interview, the complainants may be asked to respond to any new information contained in the respondent and/or witness interviews.

Investigation Report

1. The Judicial Committee will produce a draft report which will be provided to relevant parties in accordance with the Terms of Reference, usually to include complainant and relevant respondent.
2. The final report will be provided to the parties in accordance with the Terms of Reference established at the commencement of the investigation. The final report will be stored by Bowls NZ however no action will or may be taken with that report including provision of the report to any other parties (other than by consent or by compulsion of law).

Investigation Principles

1. Investigations will be completed in accordance with the principles of natural justice. The Judicial Committee will determine what information needs to be provided to any parties involved having regard to the need for the investigation to be thorough and fair to all parties.
2. Any information provided to the Judicial Committee will be provided on the basis that it may be disclosed, by the Judicial Committee, to any other person involved in the investigation. This will be to ensure that Judicial Committee is able to conduct the investigation in accordance with the principles of natural justice.
3. The investigation will be confidential to the Judicial Committee, complainant(s), respondent(s), Bowls NZ and any relevant bodies as determined by the Terms of Reference. Information will only be disclosed to other witnesses where that is necessary for the purposes of the investigation, or it is agreed prior between all relevant parties.

4. The Judicial Committee will ensure that those participating in the investigation understand and agree to applicable confidentiality requirements.

Independent Advice and Support

1. All parties to an investigation process will be entitled to seek their own independent advice or support at any stage during the process.
2. At interviews managed by the Judicial Committee, a party may have legal representation, including being represented at hearings or interviews by legal counsel.

Appeals against a decision of the Bowls NZ Judicial Committee

A party to a decision of the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee may appeal such decision to the Sports Tribunal in accordance with the Rules of the Sports Tribunal for:

- Matters relating to Anti-Doping and Anti-Match Fixing; and/or
- A decision of the Judicial Committee, that was not itself an Appeal of a Club, Centre, or Bowls NZ judicial decision.

There is no further right of appeal from a decision of the Bowls NZ Judicial Committee for:

- Appeals against a Club or Centre Decision; and/or
- Appeals against a Bowls NZ CEO or Judicial Commissioner decision.

Appeals to the Bowls NZ Judicial Committee

The grounds for an appeal to a Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee shall be those set out in the constitution, rules, or regulations of the applicable Club, Centre or Bowls NZ. In the absence of any such grounds, the grounds shall only be one or more of the following grounds:

- natural justice was denied;
- the decision-maker or decision-making body acted outside of its powers and/or jurisdiction (i.e., acted ultra vires);
- substantial new evidence became available after the decision, which is being appealed, was made; and/or
- in the case of a decision relating to Misconduct, the penalty was either excessive or inappropriate.

Process for Bowls NZ Judicial Committee Appeals

Notice of Appeal: A person wishing to appeal a Club, Centre, or Bowls NZ Decision (“the Appellant”) shall complete and file with Bowls New Zealand, a notice of appeal (see Appeals Form) and pay an appeal fee of \$100.00 as determined by the Bowls New Zealand Board. Such notice of appeal shall be filed with the Bowls NZ CEO (or appointed manager) within the time limit set out in the applicable constitution, rules or regulations of the Club, Centre, or Bowls NZ. In the absence of such time limits, within 28 Working Days of the Appellant being notified of the decision against which the appeal is made. A copy of the notice of appeal must also be served on the Club, Centre or Bowls NZ official that made the decision appealed against (as the case may be) (“Respondent”) and the Appellant must provide the Bowls NZ CEO (or appointed manager) with confirmation of service.

Appeal Brief: Within 10 Working Days of filing the notice of appeal, the Appellant must file and serve on the Respondent, an appeal brief in the prescribed Bowls NZ form.

Statement of Defence: Within 14 Working Days of receiving the appeal brief, the Respondent shall file with the Registrar and serve on the Appellant, a statement of defence in the prescribed Bowls NZ form. If the Respondent fails to file such statement of defence within the prescribed time, or such extended time as given by the applicable Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee, the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee may proceed with the appeal and issue its decision.

Stay of Execution: Pending the determination of an appeal before it, the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee, may grant a stay of execution of the decision which is being appealed. This decision should be made as soon as possible, and the parties notified of such.

Appeal Hearing: The Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee shall determine the procedure of the hearing. In appropriate cases and by agreement of the parties and the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee, the appeal may be determined by the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee by reference only to the documents filed, without hearing from the parties or others in person.

Evidence: The Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee has discretion to admit new evidence, including any evidence produced during the mediation process and may re hear the matter de novo on which the appeal is based. Unless directed otherwise, the parties will be required to place before the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee, the transcript (if available) of the hearing at which the decision appealed from was made, copies of any witness statements produced to that hearing, and all other relevant documents which were before the body which made the decision appealed from.

Onus: The onus of proof shall be upon the Appellant.

Decision: The decision of a Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee shall be consistent with the applicable constitution, rules or regulations of the Club, Centre, or Bowls NZ. Unless such constitution, rules or regulations expressly or implicitly provide otherwise, the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee may make any decision that the Club, Centre or Bowls NZ appealed from was capable of making on the original application or may, if it considers it necessary, refer the matter back to that Club, Centre or Bowls NZ for further consideration, with such directions (if any) which the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee determines to give. If the appeal is allowed, the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee, in addition to making any decision, may make such orders it considers appropriate to give effect to its decision, including imposing any of the orders set out in these Regulations (Orders).

Recommendation to Bowls New Zealand: The Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee, whether or not it allows or dismisses an appeal, may recommend to Bowls New Zealand that changes be made to any applicable rule, policy or procedure of the relevant Club, Centre or Bowls NZ.

Appeals against a Decision of the Bowls NZ Judicial Committee

A party to a decision of the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee may appeal such decision to the Sports Tribunal in accordance with the Rules of the Sports Tribunal for:

- Matters relating to Anti-Doping and Anti-Match Fixing; and/or
- A decision of the Judicial Committee, that was not itself an Appeal of a Club, Centre, or Bowls NZ judicial decision.

There is no further right of appeal from a decision of the Bowls NZ Judicial Committee for:

- Appeals against a Club or Centre Decision; and/or
- Appeals against a Bowls NZ CEO or Judicial Commissioner decision.

PART C – General Provisions

Other Rights

Nothing in this Regulation:

- Waives or limits the right of the Bowls New Zealand Board under Rule 12 (Resignation, Suspension and Termination of Membership) of the Constitution.

- Waives or limits any rights that Bowls New Zealand has under any agreements it has with Members, players, Officials, and other personnel appointed by Bowls New Zealand (such as the agreements it enters into with members of Bowls New Zealand teams).
- Waives or varies any entitlements at law or under any employment agreement or contract for Bowls New Zealand to investigate, suspend and/or terminate an employee's employment or contractor's role where an issue involves a Bowls New Zealand employee or contractor.
- Waives or limits the rights of Clubs and Centres to determine their own judicial processes provided such processes comply with and are not inconsistent with the Constitution and/or this Regulation.

Registries and Registrar

Registry: The registry (office) of the Judicial Committees described in this Regulation shall be at the location specified below, or at such other place(s) as determined by the CEO.

- Bowls New Zealand PO Box 62 502, Greenlane, Auckland 1546

Registrar/Secretary: There shall be a Registrar/Secretary who is available to assist all Judicial Committees described in this Regulation. The Registrar shall be the CEO or other employee of Bowls New Zealand as determined by the CEO. The functions of the Registrar include:

- Providing information regarding procedure to any person seeking to bring Proceedings under this Regulation.
- Coordinating the management of all Proceedings before the Judicial Committees.
- Initiate mediation proceedings to attempt to reach an agreement between parties without the need for a Judicial investigation, with the prior approval of the Bowls NZ CEO and/or Judicial Committee Chair
- Undertaking such other functions as may be determined by the Bowls New Zealand Board.

Judicial Members

Ineligibility: No person who holds any of the following positions may be a member of a Judicial Committee governed by this Regulation, unless otherwise agreed by the Bowls New Zealand Board:

- Bowls New Zealand Board Member;
- employee of Bowls New Zealand, a Centre or a Club; and/or
- person who has an interest in a matter being heard by a Judicial Committee.

Term of Office: Except as provided in these Regulations (Termination of Position), a Judicial Member shall hold office for the term specified by the Bowls New Zealand CEO, which may not exceed two years. A Judicial Member may hold that office concurrently with any other bowls office and may be reappointed for successive terms of office by the Bowls New Zealand CEO.

Termination of Position:

- A Judicial Member may, at any time, resign his or her office by giving notice in writing to the CEO.
- A Judicial Member is taken to have vacated his or her office if he or she dies, is adjudged bankrupt under the Insolvency Act 2006, or is convicted of any offence punishable by a term of imprisonment of two or more years (whether or not a term of imprisonment is imposed) unless he or she has obtained a pardon.
- A Judicial Member may, at any time, be removed from office by the Bowls New Zealand Board for inability to perform the duties of office, neglect of duty, or misconduct proved to the satisfaction of the Bowls New Zealand Board.
- The powers of the applicable Judicial Committee are not affected by any vacancy in its membership.

Expenses and Remuneration: Bowls New Zealand may:

- pay for, or reimburse Judicial Members for, reasonable travelling and other expenses incurred in the course of performance of duties as a Judicial Member, provided that where remuneration occurs, the expenses have been approved in advance by the Bowls New Zealand CEO; and in its discretion remunerate a Judicial Member for services provided.

No Personal Liability: No Judicial Member will be personally liable for any act done or omitted to be done by a Judicial Committee or any Judicial Member in good faith in pursuance or intended pursuance of the functions, duties, powers, or authorities as specified in this Regulation.

Service

1. Every document which is filed with a Judicial Committee shall also be served on all other parties in the Proceeding (including Interested Parties) at the address for service notified by that party in its documents in the Proceedings. If an Interested Party has not notified such an address, service shall be at the last known address of that party.
2. Documents to be filed with the Judicial Committee, or served on another party, shall be sent by post, courier, email, or delivered in person.
3. Where a document is served on a party or person under this Regulation, the document shall be deemed to have been served as follows:
4. If delivered in person between the hours of 9.00am and 5.00pm, then on that day, and if such delivery is outside of these hours, then on the next Working Day.
5. If posted, then on the earlier of:
 - a. the fifth Working Day after the day on which it was posted; or
 - b. the day on which it was received.
6. If transmitted by email, then on the day on which it was transmitted, unless such transmission commenced after 5.00pm, in which case it shall be the next Working Day.

Procedure

Procedure: Except as provided for in the Constitution or this Regulation, the Judicial Committees may determine their own practices and procedures for performing the functions specified in this Regulation and may prescribe or approve forms for the purposes of any Proceeding.

Preliminary Matters: Preliminary matters may be heard and determined by a Judicial Committee as it thinks fit.

Interested Party: A Judicial Committee may, either on its own motion or on the application of a person whom the Judicial Committee determines has sufficient interest in the matter, add a further person or persons as parties to a Proceeding, or allow a person or persons to make submissions or provide evidence in any Proceeding. If this occurs, that person(s) will be bound by these Regulations as if that person(s) was a party to the Proceeding.

Power to Inquire and Direct: Judicial Committees shall have the power to inquire into the subject-matter of any Proceeding in accordance with this Regulation. For the purposes of any inquiry, the Judicial Committee, or any person authorised in writing by it may:

- inspect and examine any papers, documents, records, or items;
- require any party or person bound by this Regulation, and request any other person, to produce for examination any papers, documents, records, or things in that person's possession or under that person's control and to allow copies of or extracts from any such papers, documents or records to be made;
- require any party or person bound by this Regulation, and request any other person, to furnish, in a form approved by or acceptable to it, any information or particulars that may be required by it, and any copies of or extracts from any such papers, documents or records;
- in respect of any Proceeding, hear evidence either of its own motion or upon application by any party, whether or not such evidence is new to the dispute; and
- make such inferences and draw such conclusions as it considers appropriate from the failure by any person or party to comply with any requirement made by a Judicial Committee.

Proof of Facts: Facts related to any Proceeding may be established by any reliable means, including admissions.

Natural Justice: A Judicial Committee shall, in all matters, observe the principles of natural justice.

Time Rules:

1. Where this Regulation fixes a day within a time period for doing any act or taking any step in a Proceeding, then such act or step shall be taken by 5.00pm (New Zealand time) on that day, unless determined otherwise by the Judicial Committee before or after the time stipulated.

2. The Chair or a Deputy Chair, in the discretion of that person, may extend or, in urgent situations, abridge, the time period for doing any act or taking any Proceeding or any step in the Proceeding, on such terms (if any) as that person thinks just. This discretion may be exercised even if the application for an extension is made after the expiration of the time appointed or fixed.
3. The power to extend or abridge time limits shall not allow the Chair or Deputy Chair to alter a time period specified in the constitution or rules of a Club, Centre or Bowls NZ, unless there is a provision in the constitution or rules permitting the Judicial Committee to grant such amendment or unless the parties agree to such an extension or abridgment.

Filing Fees: The Bowls New Zealand Board have set a filing fee of \$100.00 for Appeals, and a Judicial Committee may, in its discretion, waive all or part of any fee if it considers it appropriate to do so.

Evidence in Proceedings: Judicial Committee(s) may:

- Receive as evidence any statement, document, information, or matter that may, in its opinion, assist it to deal effectively with the matters before it, whether or not the same would be admissible in a court of law.
- Permit a person appearing as a witness before it to give evidence by tendering a written statement.

Representation: The parties, including any Interested Party, may be represented or assisted in the Proceeding by a person of their choice. The name, address, email address, and telephone numbers of the person representing a party shall be communicated to the Registrar in advance of any hearing in which the representative is to act for the party.

Minors: A person who has not attained the age of 18 years, (referred to in this Regulation as a “Minor”) may be a party to and shall be bound by a Proceeding before a Judicial Committee as if the Minor were a person of full age and capacity. Where a Minor is a party to any Proceeding, the Judicial Committee may, if the Minor agrees and it considers it would be in the interests of the Minor to do so, at any time appoint a person to represent the Minor. The Minor shall be responsible for any costs incurred as a result of such representation.

Privacy: A Proceeding brought under this Regulation shall usually be private and confidential, but the applicable Judicial Committee shall have an absolute discretion to hold a hearing in public if it considers there are exceptional circumstances which warrant it doing so, or, if the parties so agree. Unless a Judicial Committee directs otherwise, a decision in such a Proceeding will be published.

Applicable Law: All Proceedings shall be determined according to the laws of New Zealand.

Decisions:

1. A decision of a Judicial Committee in any Proceeding shall be made by majority decision of the Judicial Members hearing the Proceeding. In the event there is no majority decision of the Judicial Members hearing the Proceeding, the Chairperson shall decide the matter.
2. A Judicial Committee may, in its discretion, give an oral decision, but shall also issue a written decision with reasons as soon as expedient.
3. A Judicial Committee may also make non-binding recommendations to Bowls New Zealand, a Centre, a Club, or any other party of any Proceeding.
4. Any decision of a Judicial Committee made under this Regulation shall be enforceable, by any party to the Proceeding in which the order is made, in the courts of New Zealand under the law of contract.

Orders: A Judicial Committee may make such orders, which are consistent with the “Sanction Guidelines” as it considers appropriate to give effect to its decision, including imposing any of the following:

- a reprimand or warning;
- suspension or termination from such activities of the Club, Centre, and/or Bowls New Zealand including events, competitions, tournaments, meetings, and functions, on such terms and for such period as it thinks fit;
- suspension or termination of the person’s membership of a Club, Centre and/or Bowls New Zealand;
- fines, imposed in such manner and in such amount as the Judicial Committee thinks fit;

- such other penalty as the Judicial Committee considers commensurate with the offence; and/or
- such combination of any of the above penalties as the Judicial Committee thinks fit.

Costs: A Judicial Committee may order any party to a Proceeding to pay to any other party and/or to the applicable Judicial Committee such costs and expenses (including filing fees) as the Judicial Committee thinks fit. Unless the Judicial Committee directs otherwise, any costs awarded shall be paid within 21 Working Days of the Judicial Committee's decision as to costs. The party in whose favour the costs have been ordered, or Bowls New Zealand (as the case may be) may enforce payment of the costs as a contractual debt in the District Court.

General: Where any matter is not otherwise provided for in this Regulation, the applicable Judicial Committee shall have jurisdiction to make such orders or give such directions as it considers to be consistent with the just, speedy, and inexpensive determination of the Proceeding.

Mediation: Any Judicial Committee may, if requested by the parties, or on its own volition, order that the substantive issue in a Proceeding, or any sub-issue, be mediated, either before a Judicial Member, or a suitably qualified independent mediator. If a Judicial Member is the mediator, that person may not sit on the panel which hears the substantive matter, unless all parties otherwise agree. A Judicial Committee may order that the parties, or any one of them, meet the cost of an independent mediator if the mediation proceeds with an independent mediator.

Correction of Accidental Slip or Omission: If any decision of a Judicial Committee contains a clerical mistake or an error arising from any accidental slip or omission, the decision may be corrected by the Judicial Committee.

Rehearing: A Judicial Committee may order a rehearing if, in its opinion, there has been a miscarriage of justice that justifies a rehearing.

Media

The Registrar shall not allow media to be present at any hearing unless the applicable Judicial Committee decides, following receipt of an application from a party to that hearing, that representatives of the media should be permitted to attend. Any party requesting that media be permitted to attend a hearing must demonstrate there is sufficient public interest and justification to allow the media to attend. A Judicial Committee may make conditions upon media attendance at a hearing as it considers appropriate.

HIGH PERFORMANCE

Objectives of this Regulation

The objectives of this Regulation are:

- a. To clearly document and make available to all players the process and criteria to be used by Bowls NZ in selecting Players for the National High Performance, National Talent Development Squads and National Teams for international tournaments and competitions; and
- b. To select Players with the potential to achieve medal winning performance/s at such tournaments and competitions.

Application of this Regulation

1. This Regulation is issued by the Board of Bowls NZ according to the Bowls NZ Constitution.
2. This Regulation supersedes and replaces all previous Bowls New Zealand High Performance Regulations. It shall continue in force until such time as it is revoked by the Bowls New Zealand Board.
3. This Regulation applies to all members of Bowls NZ and all players wishing to be considered for the National High Performance, National Talent Development Squads and National Teams
4. This Regulation is to be read with any other information supplied by Bowls NZ regarding the high performance program or selection. If there is any inconsistency between such information and this Regulation, then to the extent of any such inconsistency, this Regulation will apply.

Definitions

The words used in this Regulation shall have the following meanings:

Board means the Board of Bowls NZ as constituted under the Bowls NZ Constitution.

Bowling Club means a women's or men's bowling club or an amalgamated club in New Zealand (as defined in the Bowls NZ Constitution).

Bowls NZ Constitution means the Constitution of Bowls NZ Incorporated.

Bowls NZ High Performance Plan means the High Performance Plan of Bowls New Zealand, as amended by the Chief Executive or the Board from time to time.

Bowls NZ Athlete Agreement means the agreement referred to in clause 5.2(a) of this Regulation.

Chief Executive or CEO has the same meaning as described in the Bowls NZ Constitution.

Exceptional Circumstances includes but is not limited to circumstances caused by illness or any other matters outside of the control of the Player (e.g. family bereavement, equipment failure, travel delays) which, in the opinion of the National Selection Panel, resulted in either their performance being effected, or which resulted in them not competing in, the tournaments, competitions or activities upon which their selection is considered. In the case of illness or injury the National Selection Panel may require the Player to undergo a medical examination by a doctor or doctors as determined by the Chief Executive or his/her nominee.

High Performance and Talent Development Squad means the squad referred to in this Regulation and includes age group and open players.

Laws of the Sport means the laws for playing the game of bowls as approved by World Bowls and for the purposes of this Regulation includes Domestic Regulations (those regulations promulgated by Bowls NZ as defined in the Bowls NZ Constitution).

National Selection Panel means the panel appointed by the CEO of Bowls NZ which determines and selects members of the National High Performance, National Talent Development Squads and National Teams as set out in this Regulation.

National Teams means the national teams selected to compete in specific international tournaments, competitions, tours and other activities in accordance with this Regulation which may include age group and open teams.

Athlete/Player means a person who has notified Bowls NZ in accordance with this Regulation that he/she wishes to be considered for selection under this Regulation.

Selector means a member of the National Selection Panel.

Selected Athlete/Player means the Athlete/Player has been chosen on behalf of Bowls NZ by the National Selection Panel to be a member of the High Performance Squad or a National Team.

Sports Tribunal means the Sports Tribunal of New Zealand governed by the Sports Anti-Doping Act 2006 (or any replacement legislation).

World Bowls means World Bowls Ltd, being the international federation for bowls of which Bowls NZ is the member for New Zealand.

Unless specified otherwise, any other terms used in this Regulation shall have the meanings set out in the Bowls NZ Constitution.

Selection Panel

1. There shall be one National Selection Panel.
2. The National Selection Panel will be appointed to determine Players to be selected in:
 - a. the High Performance and Talent Development Squads; and
 - b. National Teams;for the periods specified by Bowls NZ.
3. The National Selection Panel shall be appointed annually or biennially by the CEO of Bowls NZ.
4. The National Selection Panel shall comply with their responsibilities as specified in these Regulations (as amended from time to time by the Board) and as otherwise specified by Bowls NZ.
5. No person may be appointed as a member of the National Selection Panel if, in the CEO's opinion, they have, or may have a conflict of interest arising out of a Player seeking selection.
 - a. The CEO may also direct any member of the National Selection Panel to vacate the Panel for such period as the CEO considers appropriate where the CEO considers, in its sole discretion, that the Selector has an association with a Player which may give rise to a question of bias or conflict of interest in the selection process.
 - b. Where any Selector advises the CEO that s/he considers s/he is unable to meet his/her responsibilities under this Regulation, or the CEO makes a direction under clause 4, the CEO, will appoint a replacement to assume that Selector's role on the National Selection Panel.

Process for Selection to the HP & TD Squads

1. To be eligible for selection to the High Performance (HP) and Talent Development (TD) Squads, all Players seeking selection must first:
 - a. Be a current and financial member of a Bowling Club;
 - b. Comply with any applicable international requirements applicable to the event(s) for which any National Teams are being selected including those listed below (as updated from time to time); and
 - c. for the World Bowls Championships and any other events held by or under the auspices of World Bowls a Player is qualified to represent a country competing in any World Bowls sanctioned international event (including all international events and all other events as prescribed by World Bowls) if:
 - s/he was born in New Zealand; or
 - s/he is a citizen of New Zealand; or
 - s/he has been a permanent resident of New Zealand for a period of twenty-four (24) months immediately prior to the event.

A Player who is eligible to represent two (2) or more countries competing in any World Bowls sanctioned international event (including all international events and all other events as prescribed by World Bowls), may upon notice being given to the World Bowls Board elect to represent either country.

A Player who is eligible to represent two (2) or more countries competing in any World Bowls sanctioned international event (including all international events and all other events as defined by World Bowls), who has previously represented a country in a World Bowls sanctioned international event (including all international events and all other events as prescribed by World Bowls) may not represent another country;

- for a period of at least twenty-four (24) months; or

- without the approval of the National Authorities of both countries that the Player is eligible to represent; or
 - without the approval of the Board of World Bowls.
- d. The applicable eligibility criteria for Commonwealth Games, players may initially represent either their Commonwealth Country of birth or the Commonwealth Country of birth of his or her father or mother that shares the same citizenship/passport.
- After having represented one Commonwealth Country at a Commonwealth Games, a competitor may not represent another Commonwealth Country unless s/he receives the approval of the Commonwealth Games Federation, World Bowls, and the affiliated Commonwealth Games Associations of the two Commonwealth Countries concerned.
- e. Not be in breach of, or under investigation for breach of, any anti-doping rules or policies including the World Anti-Doping Code, World Bowls Anti-Doping Regulations, Bowls NZ Anti-Doping Regulation or the rules or policies of any other sports related body;
- f. Complete and sign the application form for selection and return it to the CEO by no later than the date notified by the CEO (which date must be prior to selection unless otherwise agreed with the CEO).
2. If a Player is selected to the High Performance or Talent Development Squad, the Player acknowledges and agrees that:
- a. s/he will be required to sign and comply with the Bowls NZ Player Agreement by the date specified by the CEO;
 - b. s/he may be subject to drug testing by Sport Integrity Commission New Zealand (“SICNZ”) and/or any other recognised drug testing authority, and must comply with the World Bowls Anti-Doping Regulations and the Bowls NZ Anti-Doping Regulation (which includes the Sports Anti-Doping Rules made by SICNZ under the Sports Anti-Doping Act 2006); and
 - c. s/he must maintain a designated level of fitness, and standard of competitiveness in accordance with the Bowls NZ Player Agreement.
 - d. s/he must have and follow, to the best of their ability, an Individual Performance Plan with regular reporting against KPIs.
3. Failure to comply with any part of clauses 1 or 2 will result in the Player not being eligible for selection to the High Performance or Talent Development Squad or being withdrawn from such selection.
4. The decision of the National Selection Panel in selecting the players to the High Performance or Talent Development Squad shall be final and there is no right of appeal or review. The Selection Panel may, in its discretion, provide reasons for its decisions, but there is no obligation on it to do so.
5. The National Selection Panel may add or remove a Player from the High Performance or Talent Development Squad at any time, in the discretion of the National Selection Panel.

Criteria for Selection to the HP Squad

1. The overall objective to be considered by the National Selection Panel in determining the selection of Players to the High Performance or Talent Development Squad is to have available a pool of talented and competitive Players who have the potential to represent New Zealand successfully.
2. The National Selection Panel may consider the following factors in determining the selection of Players to the High Performance or Talent Development Squad:
 - a. the performances and results of the Player at provincial, national and international level including:
 - i. performances and results obtained especially those at international level;
 - ii. consistency of performance/results especially those at national and international level;
 - b. versatility of the Player in their ability to play in a number of positions i.e., singles and within pairs, triples, and fours;
 - c. ability and versatility in the range of shots;
 - d. ability to adapt to different playing surfaces;
 - e. technical and tactical ability and mental aptitude; and
 - f. whether the Player demonstrates the values and behaviours set out this Regulation.
3. The values of Bowls NZ as stated in the Bowls NZ Strategic Plan and High Performance Plan must be demonstrated by all Players:

- a. seeking selection and if selected,
 - b. whilst a member of a High Performance or Talent Development Squad or the National Team
4. The attributes which must be demonstrated by all Players seeking selection and if selected, whilst a member of a High Performance or Talent Development Squad or the National Team are:
 - a. adequate fitness;
 - b. acceptance and support of coaching as determined by Bowls NZ;
 - c. regular attendances at domestic and national tournaments and competitions;
 - d. evidence of a positive attitude to training and commitment to the squad as displayed in previous teams and squads;
 - e. demonstrated compatibility with other players;
 - f. neatness in appearance;
 - g. demonstrated compliance with the Laws of the Sport, the Bowls NZ Constitution, Regulations and policies of Bowls NZ; and
 - h. willingness to promote and advocate participation in bowls and to promote Bowls NZ.
5. There is no obligation on the Selectors to select Players to fill any or all of the available places in the High Performance or Talent Development Squad.
6. In addition to the criteria set out in the above clauses, in all selections for the High Performance or Talent Development Squad made under this Regulation, the National Selection Panel may decide in its absolute discretion to take account of any Exceptional Circumstances.
7. The National Selection Panel may give weight to any one or more of the factors or attributes listed in these clauses as it considers appropriate and no particular factor or attribute above shall be weighed more or less significantly by reason only of the order in which that criteria appears in this Regulation.

Process for Selection to National Teams

1. To be eligible for selection to a National Team under this Regulation, all Players seeking selection must:
 - a. meet the eligibility requirements for selection to the High Performance or Talent Development Squad set out in this Regulation; and,
 - b. have and follow, to the best of their ability, an Individual Performance Plan with regular reporting against KPIs.
2. A Player seeking selection to a National Team does not have to be a member of the High Performance Squad or Talent Development in order to be selected to a National Team.
3. If a Player is selected to a National Team under this Regulation, the Player acknowledges and agrees that:
 - a. if s/he has not already signed the Bowls NZ Athlete Agreement s/he will be required to do sign and comply with that agreement by the date specified by the CEO;
 - b. s/he may be subject to drug testing by SICNZ and/or any other recognised drug testing authority, and must comply with the World Bowls Anti-Doping Regulations and the Bowls NZ Anti-Doping Regulation (which includes the Sports Anti-Doping Rules made by SICNZ under the Sports Anti-Doping Act 2006); and
 - c. s/he must maintain a designated level of fitness, and standard of competitiveness as provided in the Bowls NZ Athlete Agreement prior to the tournament, competition, tour, or other activity for which s/he has been selected as set out in the Bowls NZ Athlete Agreement.
4. Failure to comply with any part of clauses 1 or 3 may result in the Player not being eligible for selection, being withdrawn from consideration for selection, or being withdrawn from a National Team.
5. Subject to the right of appeal in this Regulation, the decision of the National Selection Panel in selecting the players to a National Team shall be final. The National Selection Panel may, in its discretion, provide reasons for its decisions, but there is no obligation on it to do so.
6. The National Selection Panel will determine selections for National Teams by such dates as determined by the Board.
7. The period of selection to a National Team will be determined by the CEO, in relation to the specific international tournaments, competitions, tours or other activities for which that Team has been selected. At the end of that period, the Player will return to the High Performance Squad or Talent Development and be subject to this Regulation and the Athlete Agreement.

Criteria for Selection to National Teams

1. Subject to a specific clause for Commonwealth Games Selection (below), the overall objective to be considered by the National Selection Panel in determining the selection of Players to a National Team is to achieve the results at the tournament, competition or tour as specified in the Bowls NZ High Performance Plan.
2. Subject to clauses 3 and 5 (below), the National Selection Panel may consider the following factors in determining the selection of Players to a National Team as follows:
 - a. the performances and results of the Player at national and international level over the two year period preceding the selection including:
 - (i) if a member of the High Performance or Talent Development Squad, the performances (including during training) in that Squad;
 - (ii) performances and results obtained especially those at international level,
 - (iii) consistency of performance/results especially those at national and international level;
 - (iv) versatility of the Player in their ability to play in a number of positions i.e., singles and within pairs, triples and fours;
 - (v) ability and versatility in the range of shots;
 - (vi) ability to adapt to different playing surfaces;
 - (vii) technical and tactical ability and mental aptitude; and
 - b. whether the Player demonstrates any one or more of the values and behaviours expected of Bowls NZ representatives; and,
 - c. whether the Player has and has followed, to the best of their ability, an Individual Performance Plan with regular reporting against KPIs.
3. In addition to the criteria specified above, in all selections for National Teams made under this Regulation the National Selection Panel may decide in its absolute discretion to take account of any Exceptional Circumstances.
4. The National Selection Panel may give weight to any one or more of the factors listed in these clauses as it considers appropriate, and no particular factor above shall be weighed more or less significantly by reason only of the order in which that criteria appears in this Regulation.
5. This clause shall not apply to selection of a National Team for the Commonwealth Games.

Notification of Selection

1. Subject to a specific clause for Commonwealth Games Selection (below), upon determining the Selected Players for the High Performance or Talent Development Squad, and/or any National Team(s) under this Regulation, the convenor of the National Selection Panel shall advise the CEO (or his or her nominee) of the names of the Selected Players.
2. Players seeking selection to the High Performance or Talent Development Squad, and/or any National Team(s) under this Regulation shall then be notified by the CEO (or his or her nominee) whether they have or have not been selected for a National Team (as the case may be) by phone or email as soon as practicable after the National Selection Panel has made its decision. The CEO (or his or her nominee) may also do a follow up communication with Players of their selection by telephone or face-to-face, when appropriate.
3. Any public announcement of any selections will be made by the Bowls NZ CEO.
4. This clause shall not apply to the Commonwealth Games selection.

Appeals

1. Subject to a specific clause for Commonwealth Games Selection (below), a Player who is aggrieved by a decision of the Selection Panel regarding their selection or non-selection to a National Team, may appeal such decision by the following process:
 - a. by notifying the CEO of their wish to appeal the decision. This notification must be made in writing and received by the CEO within 5 days of receipt of the notification of the decision. On receipt of such

notice the CEO shall as soon as practicable convene a “without prejudice” meeting with the CEO (or his/her nominee), as many members of the National Selection Panel as are available, the Player and their authorised representative, if any. The purpose of such meeting is to allow the National Selection Panel to explain the selection decision and to see whether the matter can be resolved by agreement.

- b. If there is no agreement following the above process, then s/he may appeal the decision by submitting it to the Sports Tribunal. Such appeal must be filed in accordance with the rules of the Sports Tribunal. The appeal shall be conducted in accordance with the rules of the Sports Tribunal.
2. This clause shall not apply to the Commonwealth Games selection.

Removal/Withdrawal from Selection

1. A Selected Player may be removed from the High Performance or Talent Development Squad, or any National Team by the National Selection Panel and/or the CEO if s/he:
 - a. breaches or fails to comply with this Regulation;
 - b. breaches or fails to comply with the Bowls NZ Constitution and/or Regulations of Bowls NZ (including committing a doping offence or engaging in misconduct); the Laws of the Sport, or the Bowls NZ Player Agreement including the Bowls NZ Code of Conduct;
 - c. brings him/herself, the High Performance or Talent Development Squad, a National Team, another Selected Player, an official, Bowls NZ or the sport of bowls, into disrepute; or
 - d. has an illness or injury which in the National Selection Panel’s opinion prevents the Player from continuing to meet the criteria for selection.
2. Before removing a Player, the CEO shall notify the Player in writing of the alleged breach or grounds upon which it is proposed that s/he be withdrawn. S/he shall be given a reasonable opportunity (not being less than 7 days) to provide reasons why s/he should not be withdrawn.
3. A Selected Player may withdraw from selection by giving notice in writing to the CEO.
4. If a Selected Player is withdrawn from selection, the National Selection Panel may consider another Player who in the National Selection Panel’s opinion meets the criteria set out in this Regulation.

Commonwealth Games Nomination and Selection

The Selection clauses of this Regulation shall not apply to the nomination and selection of Players for the bowling section of the New Zealand team to compete in the Commonwealth Games. The Nomination Criteria and Selection Criteria issued by the New Zealand Olympic Committee shall apply to such nominations and selections. To the extent of any inconsistency between this Regulation and the criteria of the New Zealand Olympic Committee, the Nomination Criteria and Selection Criteria of the New Zealand Olympic Committee shall apply.

BOWLS NEW ZEALAND EVENTS

Commencement Date

This Regulation supersedes and replaces all previous Bowls New Zealand Events Regulations. It shall continue in force until such time as it is revoked by the Bowls New Zealand Board.

Scope

This Regulation shall apply to all Bowls New Zealand Events including (but not limited to):

- a. National Champion of Champion Singles, Pairs, Mixed Pairs, Triples and Fours Tournament
- b. National Interclub Tournament
- c. National Intercentre Tournament
- d. National Age Group Tournaments
- e. New Zealand National Open Championships
- f. Other National events as approved by Bowls New Zealand from time to time.

Definitions

The words and phrases used in this Regulation shall have the same meaning as defined in the Constitution of Bowls New Zealand, unless otherwise specified in these Regulations. For avoidance of doubt, the conventions used in the Laws of the Sport shall not apply to this Regulation unless expressly stated.

“Bowls NZ Event” means a bowls event held by, or under the auspices of, or administered by Bowls New Zealand (and includes the National Finals and Centre Qualifying Competitions).

“Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director” means the person appointed by Bowls New Zealand to oversee each Event in accordance with this Regulation.

“Centre Qualifying Competition” means that part of the Bowls NZ Event in which players and teams seek to qualify for the National Finals, and which is held by Centres, for and on behalf of Bowls New Zealand.

“Centre Tournament Directors” means the persons appointed by Bowls New Zealand to be the Tournament Directors at Centre Qualifying Competitions.

“Code of Conduct” and **“Code”** means the Bowls New Zealand Code of Conduct, as amended from time to time by the Board.

“Conditions of Play” means the playing conditions, eligibility, and other rules of the event under which each Bowls NZ Event is to be played (where applicable).

“Host” or **“Host Centre”** means the Club or the Centre where the Event is being held as determined by Bowls New Zealand.

“Laws of the Sport” means the World Bowls Laws of the Sport of Bowls.

“National Finals” means that part of the National Event, following any Centre Qualifying Competition and, at which players and teams compete to decide the overall winners of the National Event.

“Participant” means any person who participates in a National Event and includes players, coaches, managers who are Members of Bowls New Zealand or have acknowledged that they are bound by these Regulations.

“Period of the Event” means the period from the official opening, managers meeting or pre-event briefing immediately preceding the Centre Qualifying Competition in the Bowls NZ Event (whichever is the earlier) and shall end at the conclusion of the official closing, prize giving, or official functions for the Finals at the Bowls NZ Event, (whichever is the latter).

“Technical Official” means the person(s) appointed by the Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director to officiate and umpire at a Bowls NZ Event to ensure compliance with the Conditions of Play, this Regulation, and the Laws of the Sport.

“Tournament Director” means the Centre Tournament Director or the Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director, whichever is applicable.

Naming Rights and Sponsorship

1. All Bowls NZ Events are owned by Bowls New Zealand and any sponsorship of them shall be decided by, and be the exclusive authority of, Bowls New Zealand. However, Centres may obtain sponsorship for Centre Qualifying Competitions, provided that:
 - a. The sponsorship is not provided by a person or entity that sells, markets, distributes, or supplies products and services that are the same or similar to the products and services of any sponsor of the Bowls NZ Event; and
 - b. The sponsorship is not in all other respects in conflict with any sponsor of the Bowls NZ Event; and
 - c. Each Centre ensures that any potential sponsor of a Centre Qualifying Competition is aware of the requirements of this Regulation and if there is any doubt as to whether the above requirements may not be met, or if there could be a potential difficulty or conflict of interest, the CEO of Bowls New Zealand must be informed and his agreement to the sponsor obtained.
2. All signage for Bowls NZ Events, shall be determined by Bowls New Zealand.

Conditions of Entry

1. It shall be a condition of entry to each National Event that Participants agree to comply with the Code of Conduct Regulation. Every Participant shall also be bound by these Regulations, the Conditions of Play, the Bowls New Zealand Constitution, and all other Bowls New Zealand Regulations.
2. All Participants must be Playing Members of the Club / Centre they are representing.
3. All National Events shall be conducted under the Laws of the Sport.
4. The Conditions of Play may alter or restrict the requirements set out this Regulation.

Clothing

Player's clothing and footwear at all National Events must comply with the Bowls New Zealand Laws of the Sport Regulation.

Smoking and Alcohol

Subject to any further restrictions in specific Conditions of Play, the following smoking and alcohol policies apply:

- a. There shall be no smoking anywhere in a Club house or on the greens at a Bowls NZ Event. Smoking may only occur in designated smoking areas.
- b. The drinking of alcohol at a Bowls NZ Event is restricted to the Bowling Clubs liquor licence conditions.

Controlling Body

1. Bowls New Zealand is the controlling body for all its Events and Centre Qualifying Competitions. It shall determine the regulations, including the Conditions of Play, for all Bowls NZ Events.
2. Bowls New Zealand delegates its authority as Controlling Body for Centre Qualifying Competitions to the Centre Tournament Directors.

Date and Venue

1. The date and venue for all Bowls NZ Events shall be decided by Bowls New Zealand and shall be communicated through the Bowls New Zealand event calendar.
2. Bowls New Zealand may (at its discretion) invite Clubs and Centres to apply to Bowls New Zealand to become a host venue for a Bowls NZ Event. All decisions regarding host Centres or Clubs for National Events rest with Bowls New Zealand.
3. Greens used for Bowls NZ Events may be reviewed by the Tournament Director and Greens expert, for quality.

Centre Qualifying Competitions

No Centre or Club shall hold a Centre Qualifying Competition at the same time as a Bowls NZ National Event or Final are being played. This specifically includes:

- a. New Zealand National Open Championships;
- b. National Finals of the New Zealand Interclub, Bowls3Five Interclub, or Intercentre; and

- c. National Champion of Champion Singles, Pairs, Mixed Pairs, Triples, and Fours.

Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director (including Centre Tournament Director)

1. Bowls New Zealand will appoint a Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director for each Event on such terms and conditions and for such number of Events as it determines.
2. The Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director has delegated authority from Bowls New Zealand to be the Controlling Body for the Event to the extent set out in these Regulations.
3. The Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director will be responsible, during the Period of the Event, for the overall control of the Event, including:
 - a. Fair Play: ensuring that the Event is conducted fairly and in accordance with the Laws of the Sport and the Conditions of Play;
 - b. Variations: varying the programme of the Bowls NZ Event, as s/he considers appropriate or necessary, where the weather or other conditions are unsuitable or result in travel delays, or in the case of indoor play, where is power failure and lighting is affected;
 - c. Suspending Play: suspending play temporarily in any game or abandon a game if necessary or appropriate due to weather or other circumstances;
 - d. Questions on Conditions of Play: deciding any questions received from Participants, Umpires or from a Centre Tournament Director about the interpretation of the Conditions of Play, or referring them to the Jury of Appeal, in accordance with these Regulations;
 - e. Officials' Meeting: at a convenient time prior to the commencement of play, convening an officials' Meeting to ensure understanding of the Conditions of Play for the Bowls NZ Event, these Regulations, and the Code of Conduct;
 - f. Breach of Code of Conduct: receiving and deciding any allegations of breach(es) of the Code of Conduct referred to him/her under the Code or referring such allegations to the Bowls New Zealand Judicial Committee or to the Integrity Officer under the Anti-Match Fixing Regulation, as specified in the Regulation; and
 - g. Receiving and referring to the Tournament Jury of Appeal, any appeal by a Player against a decision of a Technical Official, under the Laws of the Sport, as set out in these Regulations; and
 - h. Referring to the Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director any appeal made against a decision of **deliberate non sporting action** under the Laws of the Sport, as set out in these Regulations.
4. The Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director will also be responsible for appointing the Chief Technical Official/Umpire in consultation with the chairperson of the Bowls New Zealand Technical Official/Umpires Committee.

Jury of Appeal

1. The Bowls New Zealand CEO shall appoint a Jury of Appeal prior to the start of each Bowls NZ Event to serve for that Event. The Jury of Appeal shall comprise of three people who have extensive knowledge of the game and are independent. The Jury of Appeal may act with two of its three members, if necessary.
2. All persons on the Jury of Appeal must be independent of the parties and must disclose immediately any circumstance likely to compromise their independence. A person must exclude himself or herself from the Jury of Appeal if there are legitimate doubts as to his or her independence. In addition, the Bowls New Zealand CEO shall have the power to exclude from the Jury of Appeal any person who, in its opinion, is not independent of the parties and appoint another person in his/her place.
3. All persons on the Jury of the Appeal must be available to attend or participate in (by teleconference or other electronic means if necessary) a hearing at any time during the Bowls NZ Event.
4. The powers of the Jury of Appeal are to:
 - a. Conditions of Play: decide any question about the interpretation of the Conditions of Play at a Bowls NZ Event which is referred to it by the Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director;
 - b. Decide any appeal, referred to it by the Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director, by a Participant against a decision of a Technical Official, under the Laws of the Sport.
5. The Jury of Appeal has no power to consider or decide on any allegations of breaches of the Code of Conduct.

Procedure for Deciding Questions About Interpretation of Conditions of Play

1. **Raising Question:** Any Participant or Umpire in a game at a Bowls NZ Event may verbally raise a question about the interpretation of the Conditions of Play, with the Tournament Director.
2. **Process for Centre Tournament Director:** On receiving a question about the interpretation of the Conditions of Play, the Centre Tournament Director shall immediately:
 - a. consult with all the persons involved in the game to obtain their views on the question and the circumstances surrounding it; and,
 - b. either consider and decide the question, in which case they shall immediately inform the Participants in the game of such decision or, in their discretion, refer the question to the Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director.
3. **Process for Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director:** On receiving a question about the interpretation of the Conditions of Play (whether directly or as referred to him/her by the Centre Tournament Director, the Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director shall immediately:
 - a. consult with all the persons involved in the game and/or the Centre Tournament Director, if relevant, to obtain their views on the question and the circumstances surrounding it; and,
 - b. either consider and decide the question, in which case they shall immediately inform the Participants in the game of such decision or, in their discretion, refer the question to the Jury of Appeal.
4. **Hearing:** If a question under the above clause is referred to the Jury of Appeal, it shall convene and have a hearing as soon as practicable. The Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director shall provide a verbal report on the question including the views from those consulted, if applicable. The Jury of Appeal shall then decide the question as soon as possible and once decided immediately inform the Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director verbally of that decision, who shall in turn inform the Participants in the game and where relevant, the Centre Tournament Director.

Procedure for Breaches of Code of Conduct

Any alleged breach of the Code of Conduct shall be dealt with in accordance with the procedure for breaches set out in the Code of Conduct Regulation.

Procedure for Appeals under Law of Sport (Decision of Technical Official)

1. The Laws of the Sport sets out an Umpire's duties. This includes that:
 - a. "the Umpire's decision is final in all circumstances except those relating to the meaning or interpretation of a law, in which case there will be a right of appeal to the Controlling Body"
2. **Scope of Appeal:** Any Participant who wishes to appeal a decision of a Technical Official in a game at a Bowls NZ Event may do so, only if such appeal relates to the meaning or interpretation of a law in the Laws of the Sport.
3. **Lodging Appeal:** Any such appeal must be made in writing on an Appeal Form, signed by the Participant and lodged with the Tournament Director within 30 minutes of the conclusion of the game.
4. **Appeal not affect Decision:** The lodging of an appeal under this clause does not act as a stay of the Technical Official's decision, and pending determination of the appeal, the Technical Official's decision shall be valid.
5. **Process for Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director:** On receipt of an appeal, the Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director shall as soon as practicable:
 - a. inform the Technical Official concerned of the appeal including providing them with a copy of the Players Appeal Form;
 - b. inform the Technical Official that he or she is required to submit a Technical Official Report on all the circumstances leading up to and including the details in the game, which is the subject matter of the appeal, and to forward it to the Tournament Director within 24 hours of such notification; and
 - c. forward the Appeals Form and the Technical Official Report, to the Jury of Appeal for determination of the appeal.
6. **Process for Jury of Appeal:** On receipt of an appeal, the Jury of Appeal shall, as soon as practicable:

- a. decide if the appeal relates to the meaning or interpretation of a law in the Laws of the Sport and as such has jurisdiction to determine the appeal;
 - b. if it considers it does not have jurisdiction to determine the appeal, it will dismiss the appeal on this basis and inform the Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director, who shall in turn advise the relevant Participant and the Technical Official.
 - c. if it considers it does have jurisdiction, then it shall consider the Appeals Form, the Technical Official Report, and any other additional evidence it considers appropriate as soon as practicable. The Participant and the Technical Official shall be given a reasonable opportunity to review any such additional evidence (which will usually be 24 hours or shorter if less than 24 hours until the end of the Event) and to make submissions on all the evidence and the issues in the appeal. Having heard and considered such evidence and submissions, the Jury of Appeal shall determine if the appeal is to be upheld or dismissed in the manner set out below.
7. **If Decision in Error:** If the Jury of Appeal decides that the decision of the Technical Official was in error (whether partly or whole):
- a. it shall order the appeal to be upheld and immediately inform the Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director who shall in turn, immediately inform the Participant and the Technical Official.
 - b. if the result of the game in which the erroneous decision was made affected a subsequent draw, game(s), tournament result or other decision prior to the Jury of Appeals' decision being delivered, then the result of the game which gave rise to the appeal shall not be altered. However, the Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director must inform the Participant, the Technical Official, the Clubs and Centres of the players who played, of such decision so that they are aware of the meaning or interpretation to the given to the relevant law in the future; or
 - c. if the result of the game in which the erroneous decision was made will not affect, or has not affected, any subsequent draw, game(s), tournament result or other decision prior to the Jury of Appeals' decision being delivered, the Jury of Appeal shall make such adjustments to the score of the game and/or the tournament in which the game was held or any other subsequent tournaments and/or order any other further action it considers appropriate to rectify the result.
8. **If Decision Correct:** If the Jury of Appeal decides that the decision of the Technical Official was correct, it shall immediately inform the Bowls New Zealand Tournament Director who shall in turn, immediately inform the Participant and the Technical Official

Procedure for Appeals under Deliberate Non-Sporting Action

The Laws of the Sport provides that: If an opponent, the manager in a side game, the umpire or the Controlling Body decides that a player has deliberately committed an act designed to give them or their team an unfair advantage, they can appeal to the Controlling Body.

1. If an appeal is made, it should be made to the Controlling Body no later than 24 hours after the final end in the game affected is completed.
2. The person making the appeal should take immediate steps to send details to the Secretary of the Controlling Body who should arrange for it to be dealt with in line with their code of conduct and disciplinary procedures.
3. Lodging appeal: Any appeal under this Law of the Laws of the Sport, shall be dealt with in accordance with the procedure for Misconduct (as an alleged breach of the Laws of the Sport) set out in the Code of Conduct Regulation.

UMPIRE EXAMINATIONS

Status of Regulation

This Regulation is supplementary to and made in accordance with, the World Bowls Laws of the Sport of Bowls, which permits Bowls New Zealand (as a Member National Authority) to make regulations to cover certain aspects of the sport. This Regulation applies to all members of Bowls New Zealand and all other people referred to in this Regulation.

Commencement Date

This Regulation supersedes and replaces all previous Bowls New Zealand Umpire Examinations Regulations. It shall continue in force until such time as it is revoked by the Bowls New Zealand Board.

Definitions

The words used in this Regulation shall have the following meanings unless the context otherwise requires. Where no definition is specified in this Regulation the words shall have the meanings specified in the Bowls New Zealand Constitution.

"Centre" has the meaning set out in the Bowls New Zealand Constitution.

"Centre Examining Panel" means the examining panel set up under this Regulation to operate over or within the area of a Centre.

"International Technical Official" means any person who is entered on the register maintained by the Umpire's Committee as evidence that such person has been accredited by World Bowls as suitably qualified to carry out the duties of an International Technical Official.

"Laws of the Sport" and **"Laws"** means the laws for playing the Game of Bowls as approved by World Bowls.

"Registered Law Umpire" means any person who is entered on the register maintained by the Umpire's Committee as evidence, that such person has passed the Law Umpire examination conducted under these regulations and is qualified to carry out the duties of a Law Umpire as prescribed by the Umpire's Committee.

"Registered Measurer" and **"Measurer"** means any person who is entered on the register maintained by the Umpire's Committee as evidence that such person has passed the Measuring examination conducted under these regulations and is qualified to carry out the duties of a Measurer as prescribed by the Umpires Committee.

"Registered Umpire" and **"Umpire"** means any person who is entered on the register maintained by Bowls New Zealand Umpire's Committee.

"Umpires Badge" means the Badge granted by Bowls New Zealand Umpire's Committee as evidence that the recipient has passed the Umpire Accreditation Examination conducted under these Regulations.

"Umpires' Committee" means the umpires' committee constituted under the Bowls New Zealand Constitution.

Registration

Bowls New Zealand Standard

A standard shall be established by Bowls New Zealand for:

1. Registered Umpire
2. Registered Measurer, functioning solely to determine upon request all physical measurements as required by the Laws of the Sport
3. Registered Law Umpire, functioning solely on the written Laws of the Sport

All three categories shall be required to be re-accredited every four (4) years with any Member of a bowling club affiliated to Bowls New Zealand able to retain Registration.

Registers

The Umpire's Committee shall maintain:

1. An Umpire Register
2. A Measurer Register

3. A Law Umpire Register
4. An International Technical Official Register

Registered Umpires

1. Those on this Register shall have satisfied the requirements and standards of World Bowls as promulgated from time to time. Their duties shall be as prescribed in the Laws of the Sport and the associated Domestic Regulations.
2. To qualify they shall complete Measuring Procedures and a Laws Examination as set out by World Bowls and upon completion of the Examination, the name of each successful candidate shall be entered on the Bowls New Zealand Umpire Register. Candidates wishing to become a Registered Umpire must pass both sections.
3. Initial Registration upon accreditation shall be for a period of four years.
4. Bowls New Zealand shall issue successful candidates with a Bowls New Zealand Registration number, Badge, and Flash. The Centre Committee/Association shall arrange presentation of the Badge and Flash.
5. Each successful candidate shall be recognised as a Registered Umpire throughout the area of jurisdiction of World Bowls.
6. To continue Registration every Umpire shall be required to be re-accredited every four years.

Registered Measurers

1. A Measurer shall be a person who does not wish to take the full Umpire examination but has the skills necessary to carry out all the physical measurements that are required by a Registered Umpire.
2. Measurers:
 - a. shall demonstrate a thorough knowledge of the Laws of the Sport and Regulations associated with measuring and shall demonstrate the same practical skills as shown by an umpire in carrying out the measuring tasks on a green;
 - b. their duties shall be all physical measurements and the checks as required under the Laws of the Sport;
 - c. shall not, under any circumstances, make any ruling relating to the meaning or interpretation of any Law or on a set of circumstances not covered by the Laws of the Sport;
 - d. may officiate at Club, Centre, Regional and National events in the area of jurisdiction of Bowls New Zealand; and
 - e. shall not be permitted to officiate at International events.
2. For a candidate to qualify they shall complete the Measuring Examination as set out by World Bowls and upon completion of Examination the name of each successful candidate shall be entered on the Bowls New Zealand Measurer Register.
3. Each successful candidate shall be issued with a Bowls New Zealand Registration Card and number and shall be recognised as a Registered Measurer throughout the area of jurisdiction of Bowls New Zealand.
4. Initial Registration upon accreditation shall be for a period of four years.
5. To continue Registration every Measurer shall be required to be re-accredited every four years by means of a practical assessment.
6. To further qualify as a Registered Umpire a Measurer need pass only the Laws Examination whilst remaining accredited as a Measurer. Their names shall be removed from the Measurers Register and transferred to the Umpire Register.
7. Re-accreditation shall date from Registration as a Measurer.

Registered Law Umpire

1. A Law Umpire shall be:
 - a. A Person who does not wish to take the full Umpire examination but has the skills necessary to correctly interpret the written Law; or
 - b. A Registered Umpire who satisfies the re-accreditation criteria as to the Laws of the Sport and Regulations but for any reason is no longer able to carry out the physical duties of an Umpire.
2. A Law Umpire:
 - a. shall demonstrate a thorough knowledge of the Laws of the Sport and Regulations;
 - b. shall adjudicate on the written Law as required under the Laws of the Sport;
 - c. shall not, under any circumstances, determine any physical measurements;

- d. may officiate at Club, Centre, Regional and National events in the area of jurisdiction of Bowls New Zealand; and
 - e. shall not be permitted to officiate at International events.
3. For a candidate to qualify they shall complete the Laws Examination as set out by World Bowls and upon completion of the Laws Examination the name of each successful candidate shall be entered on the Bowls New Zealand Law Umpires Register.
 4. Each successful candidate shall be issued with a Bowls New Zealand Registration card and number and shall be recognised as a Registered Law Umpire, throughout the area of jurisdiction of Bowls New Zealand.
 5. Initial Registration upon accreditation shall be for a period of four (4) years.
 6. To continue Registration every Law Umpire shall be required to be re-accredited every four years by means of a Laws assessment.
 7. To further qualify as a Registered Umpire a Law Umpire need pass only the Measurers Examination. Their name shall be removed from the Law Umpires Register and transferred to the Umpires Register.
 8. Re-accreditation shall date from Registration as a Law Umpire.

Accreditation of International Technical Officials

1. World Bowls will accredit suitably qualified umpires as International Technical Officials.
2. The appointment of International Technical Officials will be mandatory at the Commonwealth Games and all top-tier World Bowls directly controlled events (for example, World Bowls, World Champion-of-Champions, World Cup, World Junior Cup).
 - a. A mix of International Technical Officials and umpires aspiring to be International Technical Officials will be appointed at second-tier events sanctioned by World Bowls.
3. Accreditation Procedures for International Technical Officials
 - a. Applications for accreditation as International Technical Officials will only be considered when an international event is allocated to a National Authority or when World Bowls sets the number of International Technical Officials that should be registered in a country.
 - b. The number of International Technical Officials in any country will be limited to the number set by World Bowls and future assessments will only take place either when the number on the register drops below the number for that country set by World Bowls or an event allocated to that country requires a higher number of International Technical Officials than that set previously by World Bowls.
 - c. Applicants must meet the following qualifying criteria:
 - have actively officiated for a minimum period of three years. That is, have officiated annually for at least five events at any level for a combined total of at least twenty hours; and
 - have officiated in at least two International/National/National Division (State/County/Province/Region) events in the two years immediately prior to the date of application.
 - d. Applicants will submit details of their previous experience at International, National and National Division (State/County/Province/Region) levels. They should also prepare for submission (if requested by the National Authority or National Umpiring Body) documentary evidence that they have for a minimum period of three years Officiated annually in at least five events at any level for a combined total of at least 20 hours.
 - e. Applicants will sign the Application Form and representatives of both the National Umpiring Body and the National Authority will countersign it to confirm that they consider the candidate to be suitable to be assessed as an International Technical Official.
 - f. National Umpiring Bodies and/or National Authorities will check that applicants meet the qualifying criteria as set out in paragraph three above.
 - g. Applicants seeking accreditation as International Technical Officials will be invited to attend a four-part assessment which will comprise:
 - marking a Singles Game;
 - undertaking a series of measures on an individual basis and answering a set of oral questions on the Laws of the Sport;
 - undertaking a series of measures in partnership with a colleague and answering a set of oral questions on the Laws of the Sport; and

- making written comments on Pairs and Triples games and answering written questions on the Laws of the Sport.
- h. World Bowls will approve and appoint an assessor to carry out the assessment process on its behalf. The assessor may or may not be a member of the National Umpiring Body.
- i. World Bowls will maintain a register of International Technical Officials.

Qualifications from another World Bowls Member Country

1. Umpires with qualifications may become registered in New Zealand if they produce, to the Bowls New Zealand Umpire's Committee, a clearance from their previous National Body certifying that they were members in good standing and had been an active Umpire during the preceding two years.
2. In addition, the candidate must satisfy Centre Committee Examiners of their knowledge of the Laws of the Sport and New Zealand Regulations and demonstrate their competence in the practical use of all umpiring equipment.
3. When New Zealand Registration is approved the re-accreditation criteria shall apply

Membership Return

The Secretary of each Centre Umpires Association/Committee shall inform the Bowls New Zealand Umpire's Committee by 31st December each year of any changes to the Umpire, Measurer and Law Umpire Register of their Centre due to death, change of status, transfer, or other cause.

Re-Accreditation

Registered Umpire, Measurer and Law Umpire

1. Initial Registration upon accreditation shall be for a period of four years.
2. To continue Registration after four years all Registered Umpires, Measurers and Law Umpires shall satisfy the provisions of Re-accreditation as stated in Clause (b) below.
3. If, before the due date for re-accreditation, a Measurer or a Law Umpire should successfully complete the Umpires Examination their name shall be transferred to the Bowls New Zealand Registered Umpire list. Re-accreditation shall date from Registration as a Measurer or Law Umpire.

Re-accreditation

For Umpires, Measurers and Law Umpires to maintain registration, the Centre Umpires Association/Committee shall certify to Bowls New Zealand, by the 31st December of each fourth year after Registration, that:

1. They have, during the current year satisfied the District Umpires Association/Committee that:-
 - as an Umpire, they have maintained knowledge of the Laws of the Sport of Bowls and are fully competent in the practical use of all umpiring equipment approved for use by the Bowls New Zealand Umpires Committee;
 - as a Law Umpire, they have maintained knowledge of the Laws of the Sport; and
 - as a Measurer, they have maintained knowledge of the Laws of the Sport pertaining to measuring and are fully competent in the practical use of all approved umpiring equipment.
2. Taken an active role as an Umpire or Measurer or Law Umpire within the preceding 12 months.

If members satisfy these requirements their status as a Registered Umpire, Measurer or Law Umpire shall continue for a further four years.

Conduct of Re-accreditation Assessment

1. The emphasis of re-accreditation shall be re-education, if required, to a certain standard.
2. The subjects of the assessment shall be based on:
 - a. The Laws of the Sport.
 - b. Bowls New Zealand Regulations that are relevant to the duties of an Umpire.

3. The Bowls New Zealand Umpires Committee shall prepare the assessment questions and model answers. Questions must be free of ambiguities.
4. Each Centre Umpires Association/Centre Committee Examining Panel shall use the approved questions and model answers.
5. A copy of all forms required in connection with the assessment shall be supplied to Centres by the Bowls New Zealand Umpires Committee free of charge.

Inactive Umpire, Measurer or Law Umpire

1. If a member fails to meet these requirements their Registration shall lapse and the member's name shall be placed on the Inactive Umpire or Measurer or Law Umpire list.
2. Members on an Inactive list shall not be appointed to officiate at Centre or National level until their Registration is resumed.
3. Registration may be resumed if the member satisfies the requirements of Clause (b) above within two calendar years and officiates at one event under supervision.

Retired Umpire, Measurer or Law Umpire

When registration has lapsed for a period in excess of two years the member shall be deemed to have retired, and their name shall be removed from the appropriate Bowls New Zealand register.

Leave of Absence

Members who have genuine reasons for not being able to present themselves for re-accreditation on the due date may apply to their Centre Umpires Association/Centre Committee for 'Leave of Absence'.

1. Leave of absence shall only be granted for genuine reasons or for extended overseas travel.
2. The member's name shall be shown on the re-accreditation return form as 'On Leave of Absence' along with the reason for leave of absence being granted.
3. Members on Leave of Absence shall not be selected by the Centre Umpires Association/Centre Committee to officiate at any Centre, Regional or National event.
4. Members on Leave of Absence shall have their status as an Umpire or Measurer or Law Umpire resumed after satisfying the requirements of re-accreditation.
5. Leave of Absence shall not extend beyond a two year period from the date of re-accreditation.
6. If the term of leave should extend beyond the four year period registration will be deemed to have lapsed. The Centre Umpires Association/Centre Committee shall enter their names on the re-accreditation return form as Retired and their names shall be removed from the Register of Bowls New Zealand Umpires, Measurers or Law Umpires.

International Technical Official

Upon certification as an International Technical Official, Registration under Clause (b) shall be extended for four years.

Membership Return

The Secretary of each Centre and or Centre/District Umpires Association shall inform the Bowls New Zealand Umpires Committee by 31st December each year of any changes to the Umpire, Measurer, Law Umpire Register of their Centre due to death, change of status, transfer, or other cause.

Centre Re-Accreditation Panel

1. Each Centre Association/Centre Umpire Committee shall appoint, for re-accreditation proposes only, its own Centre Re-accreditation Panel. All appointees must be registered umpires.
2. Each Centre Association/Centre Re-accreditation Panel shall regulate its procedure as directed by the Bowls New Zealand Umpires Committee.
3. A Centre which has no Re-accreditation Panel may, with the prior approval of the Bowls New Zealand Umpires Committee, arrange with another Centre for its Re-accreditation Panel or members of the Panel to carry out the re-accreditation.

4. In a Centre in which a Centre Umpire's Committee or Association does not exist, prospective candidates may, with the prior approval of the Bowls New Zealand Umpires Committee, arrange with another Centre Committee for its Re-accreditation Panel or members of the Bowls New Zealand Umpires Committee to carry out the re-accreditation.

National Examination

Scope of Examination

The Examination shall be in two sections:

- Measuring Examination
- Laws Examination

The subjects of the Examinations shall be based on:

- The Laws of the Sport

Candidates

Candidates for examination must be:

- a financial member of a Club affiliated to Bowls New Zealand
- approved by the Centre Umpires Association/Umpires Committee

Date of Examinations

The examinations shall be held on a date or dates as prescribed by the Bowls New Zealand Umpires Committee

Format of Examinations

Measuring Examination:

- The Measuring section shall be as prescribed by World Bowls and shall consist of a specified number of exercises which carry a possible number of marks.
- The Examiners shall use the approved exercises, questions and model answers.
- The Bowls New Zealand Umpires Committee will provide examiners.

Law Examination:

- The Law section shall be as prescribed by World Bowls and shall consist of a specific number of questions which carry a possible number of marks.
- The Examiners shall use approved questions and model answers.
- The Bowls New Zealand Umpires Committee will provide examiners.

Conduct of Examinations

For the conduct of the Examinations the Bowls New Zealand Umpires Committee shall strictly adhere to the Rules and Regulations as prescribed and provided by World Bowls.

Examination Fees

- The examination fee for each section of the examination shall be as fixed by the Bowls New Zealand Umpire's Committee from time to time and shall be payable by the candidate.
- Each Centre shall collect the appropriate fee from each candidate and forward to the Bowls New Zealand Umpires Committee with the candidate's application form.

Notification of Results

- Upon confirmation of the pass marks the Secretary of the Umpires Committee shall forward to the Centre Umpires Association/Umpires Committee each candidate's registration number and appropriate regalia.
- Upon receipt of the results the Centre Umpires Association/Umpires Committee shall:
 - inform each candidate of their result, and
 - if required, arrange the presentation of the Badge and Flash.
- The Umpire's Committee Secretary shall record each name on the appropriate Register.

Registration Number

The Bowls New Zealand Umpires Committee Secretary shall issue each successful candidate with a registration number showing date of registration.

Re-Sits

Umpires Examination:

1. If a candidate who is a Registered Measurer should fail the Law Examination:
 - their name shall remain on the register as a Bowls New Zealand Measurer; and
 - they shall be entitled to re-sit the Law Examination at a later examination date at a fee as set by the Umpire's Committee.
2. If a candidate who is a Registered Law Umpire should fail the Measurers Examination:
 - their name shall remain on the register as a Bowls New Zealand Law Umpire; and
 - they shall be entitled to re-sit the Measurers Examination at a later examination date at a fee as set by the Umpires Committee.
3. If a candidate who sits both sections should pass the Measurers Examination but fail the Law Examination:
 - their name shall be entered on the Bowls New Zealand Register as a Registered Measurer and as such shall be authorised to officiate as a Measurer throughout the area of jurisdiction of Bowls New Zealand; and
 - they shall be entitled to re-sit the Law Examination at a later examination date at a fee as set by the Umpires Committee.
4. If a candidate who sits both sections should pass the Law Examination but fail the Measurers Examination:
 - their name shall be entered on the Bowls New Zealand Register as a Registered Law Umpire and as such shall be authorised to officiate as a Law Umpire throughout the area of jurisdiction of Bowls New Zealand; and
 - they shall be entitled to re-sit the Measurer Examination at a later examination date at a fee as set by the Umpires Committee.

DELEGATES

Purpose and Status of Regulation

This Regulation provides details about the process for electing delegates to represent the Centres at General Meetings of Bowls New Zealand.

Commencement Date

This Regulation supersedes and replaces all previous Bowls New Zealand Delegates Regulations. It shall continue in force until such time as it is revoked by the Bowls New Zealand Board.

Centres

The twenty-seven (27) Centres of Bowls New Zealand are as specified in the Constitution.

Process for Appointing Delegates to General Meetings of Bowls New Zealand

1. In accordance with the Constitution, each Centre shall appoint one (1) delegate to represent them at General Meetings of Bowls New Zealand held during each Year ("Delegate").
2. The Delegate for each Centre shall be elected by the Centre in accordance with this Regulation.
3. The procedure for the Centres to elect their Delegate shall be as follows:
 - The Bowls New Zealand Chief Executive will call for each Centre to elect a Delegate to represent them at General Meetings of Bowls New Zealand held in each Year.
 - Elected delegates must complete the form prescribed by the Bowls New Zealand Board.
 - Centres must notify Bowls New Zealand of their elected delegate for the upcoming Year no later than 15 June in each year.
 - Delegates must meet the criteria as set out in the Constitution.
 - The Bowls New Zealand Chief Executive will keep a register of all elected Delegates each Year.
4. If a Delegate is unable to attend a General Meeting held in the Year due to sickness or other good reasons, then the Centre will notify the Chief Executive and nominate a substitute Delegate for that General Meeting and the Chief Executive will update the register. If there is no such nominee, the Centre may arrange a proxy if permitted in the Constitution, or failing that, no substitute Delegate will be appointed.

SCHEDULES

Bowls Challenge Form

Name of Challenger: _____

(Opponent, Manager, Umpire, Controlling Body)

(Delete those that do not apply)

Description of Bowls Challenged:

(Please include Model, Manufacturer, Serial Number and Description of Monogram)

Grounds for Challenge:

- | | |
|---|----------|
| (i) bias less than that of the Working Reference bowl | YES / NO |
| (ii) have different bias | YES / NO |
| (iii) exceed the weight specified in the Laws of the Sport | YES / NO |
| (iv) are larger or smaller than the diameter stated in Laws | YES / NO |
| (v) do not come from the same set | YES / NO |

Deposit of \$150.00 Paid: _____

(Detail Receipt Number)

Name/Signature of Challenger: _____

Name/Signature of Umpire accepting Challenge: _____

PLEASE ENSURE THAT A COPY OF THE COMPLETED FORM IS HANDED TO THE CHALLENGER AND TO THE PLAYER WHO'S BOWLS HAVE BEEN CHALLENGED

Form 1 – Application for Proceedings to be heard by the Bowls NZ Judicial Committee

1. Details of Applicant

Name	TITLE	FIRST NAME	SURNAME
Postal Address	STREET		SUBURB
	CITY		POSTCODE

Contact Person for this Application

Name	TITLE	FIRST NAME	SURNAME
Position			
Telephone	WORK	MOBILE	
Email			

2. Details of Representative (if applicable)

Please insert the details of your representative or other person, if any, who will be representing you in these Proceedings.

Name of Representative	TITLE	FIRST NAME	SURNAME
Firm/Company			
Postal Address	STREET		SUBURB
	CITY		POSTCODE

3. Details of Respondent (Individual Member, Club, Centre, or Bowls NZ)

Name	TITLE	FIRST NAME	SURNAME
Postal Address	STREET		SUBURB
	CITY		POSTCODE

4. Alleged Dispute, Misconduct or Jurisdictional Issue

- (a) Give details of the alleged Dispute or Misconduct or jurisdictional issue.

- (b) Give details of the National Event, International event or other place at which the alleged Dispute, Misconduct occurred.

- (c) Summarise the evidence which will be produced in support of the alleged Dispute, Misconduct or jurisdictional issue (the summary will not prevent further evidence being brought in accordance with any direction given by the Bowls NZ Judicial Committee).

5. Result Sought

Please supply the outcome sought in accordance with the applicable rules/policies.

6. Authority

Name

TITLE	FIRST NAME	SURNAME

Signed

--

Position

--

Date

--

Filing and Service Instructions

1. This application should be signed and filed with the Registrar at the address given below.
2. The application should be accompanied by the prescribed filing fee of \$100.00 together with a copy of the applicable rules or policies which give the Applicant the basis for bringing the allegations.
3. Where possible, a summary of the evidence to be brought in support of the allegations and a copy of documents evidencing the allegation should be attached.
4. The Applicant is to serve (by email, post, courier, or personally) a copy of this application and attachments on the Respondent as soon as practical after the original has been filed with the Registrar and provide confirmation of this to the Registrar.

The Registrar

Bowls NZ

PO Box 62502, Greenlane, Auckland, 1546

Phone: 09 579 5853

Email: complaints@bowlsnewzealand.co.nz

Form 2 – Notice of Appeal against a club or centre decision

1. Details of the Person/Organisation Appealing (“the Appellant”)

Name			
Postal Address	STREET		SUBURB
	CITY		POSTCODE
Contact Person (if Organisation)			
Name	TITLE	FIRST NAME	SURNAME
Position			
Telephone	WORK		MOBILE
Email			

2. Details of Respondent (Club or Centre)

Name			
Postal Address	STREET		SUBURB
	CITY		POSTCODE
Contact Person			
Name	TITLE	FIRST NAME	SURNAME
Position			
Telephone	WORK		MOBILE
Email			

3. Details of Representative (if applicable)

Please insert the details of the legal representative or other person, if any, who will be representing the Appellant in these Proceedings.

Name of Representative	TITLE	FIRST NAME	SURNAME
Firm/Company			
Postal Address	STREET	SUBURB	
	CITY	POSTCODE	

4. Interested Parties (if applicable)

Are there any other persons or organisations who, or which, may be directly affected by, or who have a sufficiently close interest in, the outcome of these Proceedings? If so, please insert their contact details. Continue on separate page if necessary.

Name	TITLE	FIRST NAME	SURNAME
Firm/Company/Club/Centre			
Postal Address	STREET	SUBURB	
	CITY	POSTCODE	
Telephone	WORK	MOBILE	
Email			

Reason person(s) / organisation(s) may be affected or have a sufficiently close interest in outcome:

5. Jurisdiction

Specify the basis on which the Appellant has a right of appeal (i.e. give details of the constitution, rules, or regulations of the Club or Centre which gives a right of appeal to the Regional Judicial Committee).

6. Steps Taken

Specify the steps taken by the Appellant to date, in terms of any other avenues of appeal already taken under the constitution, rules or regulations of the Club or the Centre, as the case may be.

7. Decision being Appealed

Please provide details of the decision which you are appealing against, including which committee or person with the Respondent made the decision, the date it was made, and the nature of the decision (e.g., selection, misconduct).

Please also attach a copy of the decision being appealed.

8. Grounds of Appeal

Specify the grounds upon which the appeal is brought. These grounds must either be as set out in the relevant constitution, rules or regulations of the Club or Centre appealed from or if there are no such grounds in such documents, then they must be in accordance with the grounds of appeal as set out in the Bowls NZ Regulation. Your submissions on these grounds of appeal are to be included in your appeal brief.

9. Outcome Sought

Please specify the outcome or relief you are seeking from the appeal.

Signed

Date

Filing and Service Instructions

1. This application should be signed and filed with the Registrar at the address given below.
2. The application should be accompanied by the prescribed filing fee of \$100.00 together with a copy of the applicable constitution, rules or policies which give the Appellant the basis for bringing the allegations.
3. The Appellant is to serve (by email, post, courier, or personally) a copy of this application and attachments on the Respondent as soon as practical after the original has been filed with the Registrar and provide confirmation of this to the Registrar.

The Registrar

Bowls NZ

PO Box 62502, Greenlane, Auckland, 1546

Phone: 09 579 5853

Email: complaints@bowlsnewzealand.co.nz

Form 3 – Appeal Brief

1. Parties

Name of Appellant	TITLE	FIRST NAME	SURNAME
Name of Respondent	TITLE	FIRST NAME	SURNAME

2. Appeal

As the Appellant I/we wish to appeal the decision of the Respondent.

Dated	DAY	MONTH	YEAR
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Upon the grounds set out in my/our Notice of Appeal. The facts supporting those grounds of appeal are as follows:

Please set out your version of events leading up to the decision of the Respondent and surrounding the decision itself. You must also attach to this application, copies of any statement of evidence from your witnesses and any exhibits which you intend to rely upon in this appeal. Continue on separate pages if necessary.

3. Grounds of Appeal

By referring to the grounds of appeal specified in your Notice of Appeal, please make submissions on why and how you consider the decision of the Respondent was wrong or incorrect.

4. Outcome

Please specify the outcome or relief you are seeking from the appeal.

5. Signature of Appellant

An Appellant’s representative may sign on behalf of the Appellant and, in so doing, undertakes s/he has the authority to do so.

Signed

Position

Date

Filing and Service Instructions

1. This Appeal Brief should be signed and filed with the Registrar at the address given below within ten working days of the filing of the Notice of Appeal (Form 2).
2. The Appeal Brief should be accompanied by copies of all documents upon which the Appellant relies, and which have not already been filed and served, including (where relevant) the briefs of evidence and other material considered at the hearing where the decision appealed from was made.

3. The Appellant is to serve (by email, post, courier, or personally) a copy of this Appeal Brief and attachments on the Respondent within ten Working Days of the filing of the Notice of Appeal with the Registrar and provide confirmation of this to the Registrar.

The Registrar

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